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(54) Title: MOLECULAR CLONES WITH MUTATED HIV GAG/POL, SIV GAG AND SIV ENV GENES

(57) Abstract: Nucleic acid constructs containing HIV-1 *gag/pol* and SIV *gag* or SIV *env* genes which have been mutated to remove or reduce inhibitory/instability sequences are disclosed. Viral particles and host cells containing these constructs and/or viral particles are also disclosed. The exemplified constructs and viral particles of the invention may be useful in gene therapy for numerous disorders, including HIV infection, or as a vaccine for HIV-1 immunotherapy and immunoprophylaxis.

MOLECULAR CLONES WITH MUTATED
HIV GAG/POL, SIV GAG AND SIV ENV GENES

I.   TECHNICAL FIELD

The invention relates to nucleic acids comprising mutated HIV-1 *gag/pol* and SIV *gag* gene sequences which are capable of being expressed independently of any SIV or HIV regulatory factors. The invention also relates to nucleic acids comprising a mutated SIV *env* gene sequence, which is capable of being expressed independently of any SIV or HIV regulatory factors. The preferred nucleic acids of the invention are capable of producing infectious viral particles.

The invention also relates to vectors, vector systems and host cells comprising the mutated HIV-1 *gag*, HIV-1 *pol*, SIV *gag* and/or SIV *env* gene sequences. The invention also relates host cells comprising these nucleic acids and/or vectors or vector systems. The invention also relates to the use of these nucleic acids, vectors, vector systems and/or host cells for use in gene therapy or as vaccines.

II.   BACKGROUND

Until recently, gene therapy protocols have often relied on vectors derived from retroviruses, such as murine leukemia virus (MLV). These vectors are useful because the genes they transduce are integrated into the genome of the target cells, a desirable feature for long-term expression. However, these retroviral vectors can only transduce dividing cells, which limits their use for *in vivo* gene transfer in nonproliferating cells, such as hepatocytes, myofibers, hematopoietic stem cells, and neurons.

Lentiviruses are a type of retrovirus that can infect both dividing and nondividing cells. They have proven extremely efficient at providing long-term gene expression (for up to 6 months) in a variety of nondividing cells (such as, neurons and macrophages) in animal models. See, e.g., Amado et al., Science 285:674-676 (July 1999). It has been proposed that the optimal gene transfer

system would include a vector based on HIV, or other lentivirus, that can integrate into the genome of nonproliferating cells. Because retroviruses integrate in the genome of the target cells, repeated transduction is unnecessary. Therefore, in contrast to an adenoviral vector capable of in vivo gene delivery, problems linked to the humoral response to injected viral antigens can be avoided. See, e.g., Naldini et al., Science, 272:263-267 (1996), p. 263.

HIV and other lentiviruses have a complex genome that, in addition to the essential structural genes (*env, gag,* and *pol*), contains regulatory (*tat* and *rev*) and accessory genes (*vpr, vif, vpu,* and *nef*). HIV has evolved to efficiently infect and express its genes in human cells, and is able to infect nondividing cells such as macrophages because its preintegration complex can traverse the intact membrane of the nucleus in the target cell. This complex contains, in addition to the viral DNA, the enzyme integrase, the product of the *vpr* gene, and a protein encoded by the *gag* gene called matrix. The matrix protein enables the preintegration complex to pass into the nucleus to access the host DNA. Lentiviruses cannot efficiently transduce truly quiescent cells (cells in the G_0 state). However, unlike murine retroviral vectors, in addition to being able to infect dividing cells, HIV-based vectors can achieve effective and sustained transduction and expression of therapeutic genes in nondividing cells, such as hematopoietic stem cells and in terminally differentiated cells such as neurons, retinal photoreceptors, muscle, and liver cells. See, e.g., Amado et al. (July 1999) and Klimatcheva et al., Frontiers in Bioscience 4:d481-496 (June 1999), and the references cited therein.

Although lentiviral vectors can be efficient gene delivery vehicles, there are safety concerns due to their origin. Therefore, the field has turned its attention to the development of vectors and production systems with built-in safety features to prevent the emergence of replication competent lentivirus (RCL). For example, in most laboratory applications, lentiviral vectors are generally created in a transient system in which a cell line is transfected with three separate constructs: a packaging construct, a transfer construct, and an envelope encoding construct. The packaging construct contains the elements necessary for vector packaging (except for env) and the enzymes required to generate vector particles. The transfer construct contains genetic cis-acting sequences necessary for the vector to infect the

target cell and for transfer of the therapeutic (or reporter) gene. The lentivirus *env*
gene is generally deleted from the packaging construct and instead the envelope
gene of a different virus is supplied in a third vector "the env-coding vector",
although the lentiviruses *env* gene may be used if it is desired that the vector be
intended to infect CD4⁺T cells. A commonly used envelope gene is that encoding
the G glycoprotein of the vesicular stomatitis virus (VSV-G), which can infect a
wide variey of cells and in addition confers stability to the particle and permits the
vector to be concentrated to high titers (see, e.g., Naldini et al., Science 272:263-267
(1996) and Akkina et al. J. Virol. 70:2581 (1996). The use of three separate
constructs and the absence of overlapping sequences between them minimizes the
possibility of recombination during lentivirus (transfer) vector production. In
addition, because no viral proteins are expressed by the lentiviral (transfer) vector
itself, they do not trigger an effective immune response against cells expressing
vector in animal models (a particular problem with vectors based on adenovirus).
See, e.g., Amado et al., Science 285:674-676 (July 1999) and the references cited
therein. See also Naldini et al. Science 272:263-267 (1996).

The initial packaging plasmids contained most HIV genes except for
env. In an effort to improve safety, subsequent HIV vectors have been produced in
which the packaging plasmid is devoid of all accessory genes. This process does
not interfere with efficient vector production and significantly increases the safety
of the system because potential RCLs lack the accessory genes necessary for
efficient replication of HIV in humans. Although these vectors can transduce
growth-arrested cell lines and neurons *in vivo*, they have been reported to not
efficiently transduce macrophages. The accessory gene *vpr* is believed to be
necessary for HIV infection of these cells using these HIV vectors. See, Zufferey et
al., Nature Biotechnol. 15:871-875 (1997). In contrast, as discussed later herein,
the HIV-based lentiviral vectors of the present invention do not need any HIV
accessory genes in order to be able to infect human macrophages and the other cells
tested.

The requirement of *vpr* or *vif* for efficient transduction of liver cells
has also been reported. See, e.g., Kafri et al., Nature Genet. 17:314 (1997). These
results indicate that the requirement of accessory genes for efficient lentivirus-

mediated gene transfer is dependent on the type of cell chosen as target, suggesting that future applications of lentiviral vectors may involve vector constructs with different accessory genes, as needed.

Zufferey et al., (1997) describe an HIV vector system in which the virulence genes, *env, vif, vpr, vpu,* and *nef* have been deleted. This multiply attenuated vector conserved the ability to transduce growth-arrested cells and monocyte-derived macrophages in culture, and could efficiently deliver genes in vivo into adult neurons. The packaging plasmids described Zufferey et al. (1997) and Naldini et al. (1996) encode Rev and Tat, in addition to Gag and Pol.

Lentiviral vectors engineered to become packaged into virions in the absence of the regulatory gene *tat* have also been described. See, e.g., Kim et al., J. Virol. 72:811-816 (1998) and Miyoshi et al. J. Virol. 72:8150-8157 (1998). In these vectors the *tat* gene has been removed from the packaging plasmid. Kim et al. state that *tat* is not necessary as long as the serial 5' LTR promoter is replaced with a strong constitutive promoter. It also has other advantages for HIV therapy. Replacement of the HIV-1 LTR with a constitutive HCMV promoter permits the use of anti-Tat molecules such as Tat transdominant mutants or Tat activation response element decoys as therapeutic agents, since they will not affect vector production. (see p. 814, col. 2). The removal of the *tat* gene eliminates an essential virulence factor that could contribute to a possible RCL. Kim et al. (1998) describe a vector system which does not contain *tat, vif, vpr, vpu* and *nef.* The preferred vector system includes the *rev* gene which, the authors state "with RRE, is required for efficient RNA handling in this system." (p. 811, col. 2). However, Kim et al. also constructed Rev independent constructs using CTE. Kim et al. state that the *rev*/RRE components could be removed by using a sequence such as the Mason-Pfizer monkey virus (MPMV) constitutive transport element (CTE), thereby eliminating all accessory proteins, but this leads to a significant reduction in titer.

Srinivasakumar et al., J. Virol. 71:5841-5848 (1997) describes the generation of stable HIV-1 packaging lines that constitutively express high levels of HIV-1 structural proteins in either a Rev-dependent or a Rev-independent fashion. These cell lines were used to assess gene transfer by using a HIV-1 vector expressing the hygromycin B resistance gene and to study the effects of Rev, Tat,

and Nef on the vector titer. The Rev-independent cell lines were created by using *gag-pol* and *env* expression vectors that contain the MPMV CTE. This article describes the construction of four plasmids, among others: CMV gagpol-RRE and pCMVenv, which require Rev coexpression for HIV-1 structural gene expression, and pCMV gagpol-CTE and pCMVenv-CTE, which do not. To create Rev-containing and Rev-independent packaging, cell lines, CMT3 cells were transfected with vectors expressing Gag, Gag-Pol, and Env, using a calcium phosphate transfection procedure.

By creating an HIV vector which contained the MPMV CTE (pTR167-CTE) and a packaging cell line which expressed the HIV structural proteins in a Rev-independent fashion, the authors were able to obtain a HIV vector system that functions completely without Rev. The titer of the vector obtained from this system was essentially the same as that obtained from a parallel system which contained Rev. The authors state that, in this context, the CTE seemed to substitute completely for Rev-RRE functions, similar to what was previously observed in transient-expression assays with Rev-dependent constructs. This is in contrast to situations where several rounds of HIV replication were measured. In those cases, titers from CTE-containing viruses were always reduced by at least 1 log unit compared to viruses utilizing Rev and the RRE. (See, Srinivasakumar et al., p. 5847).

The authors state that the advantages of having a HIV vector system that works in the absence of Rev opens the possibility of using it as a delivery vehicle for intracellular immunization against Rev function. Genes encoding Rev antagonists that have dramatic inhibitory effects on HIV replication, such as Rev M10 or RRE decoys, could be introduced into an HIV vector and put into cells normally infectable by HIV. Expression of the "anti-Rev" gene would be expected to dampen HIV infection. Any residual HIV replication should lead to activation of the vector LTR (by Tat) and create a vector-derived RNA that would be packaged by proteins derived from the infectious virus. In this scenario, the wild-type virus would act as a helper that may allow the spread of vector particles to previously nonimmunized cells. Because of the additional vector spread, it is likely that this type of scheme will be more effective in modulating HIV infection *in vivo* than one

based on traditional retrovirus vectors. The authors state that they are currently testing this approach in model systems. (See, Srinivasakumar et al., p. 5847).

Another development in the quest for a safe system is the so-called self-inactivating (SIN) vector. See, e.g., Yu et al., Proc Natl Acad Sci USA 83:3194-8 (1986) and Miyoshi et al., J. Virol. 72:8150 (1998). In Yu et al., a retrovirus-derived vector SIN vector was designed for the transduction of whole genes into mammalian cells. The SIN vector of Yu et al. contains a deletion of 299 base pairs in the 3' long terminal repeat (LTR), which includes sequences encoding the enhancer and promoter functions. When viruses derived from such vectors were used to infect NIH 3T3 cells, the deletion was transferred to the 5' LTR, resulting in the transcriptional inactivation of the provirus in the infected cell. Introduction of a hybrid gene (human metallothionein-promoted c-fos) into cells via a SIN vector was not associated with rearrangements and led to the formation of an authentic mRNA transcript, which in some cases was induced by cadmium. The vector described in Miyoshi et al. also contains a deletion the 3' (downstream) LTR. A sequence within the upstream LTR serves as a promoter under which the viral genome is expressed. The deletion introduced in the downstream LTR is transferred to the upstream LTR during reverse transcription. This deletion inactivates the LTR promoter and eliminates the production of vector RNA. The gene (or genes) to be transferred (e.g., a reporter or therapeutic gene) is expressed from an exogenous viral or cellular promoter that is inserted into the lentivirus vector. An important safety feature of SIN vectors is that inactivation of the promoter activity of the LTR reduces the possibility of insertional mutagenesis (of the transfer vector) into the host genome. In addition, because the expression of the (transfer) vector RNA is eliminated, the potential for RCL production in the target cell is further minimized. SIN vectors should be particularly useful in gene transfer experiments designed to study the regulated expression of genes in mammalian cells. Absence of enhancer and promoter sequences in both LTRs of the integrated provirus should also minimize the possibility of activating cellular oncogenes and may provide a safer alternative to be used in human gene therapy. Other modifications to enhance safety and specificity include the use of specific internal promoters that regulate gene expression, either temporally or with tissue or cell specificity.

- 7 -

Other strategies to improve safety in human studies would be to use nonhuman lentiviruses such as simian immunodeficiency virus, bovine immunodeficiency virus, or equine infectious anemia virus. Of these, vectors derived from the feline immunodeficiency virus have been engineered to efficiently transduce nondividing human cells. See, e.g., Poeschla et al., Nature Med. 4:354-357 (1998) and WO 99/15641. In addition, White et al., J. Virol. 73:2832-2840 (April 1999) described lentiviral vectors using human and simian immunodeficient virus elements in attempt to improve safety by reducing the likelihood of recombination between packaging constructs and transfer constructs.

The development of efficient packaging lines has proven challenging because expression of the VSV-G envelope and a number of HIV proteins is toxic to cells. Recently, a producer line has been designed in which the expression of packaging genes and VSV-G, and therefore the production of vector, can be turned on at will. Kafri et al., J. Virol. 73-576-584 (1999). The cell line can be expanded for scale-up vector production when the expression of toxic genes is turned off. This cell line produces high titer vector without generating RCL. Hematopoietic stem cells transduced with an HIV vector were transplanted into rhesus macaques as described by Donahue et al. Blood 92 (suppl. 1), abstract 4648.5 (1998) with at least a 14-month follow-up. At that time the procedure proved to be safe; all animals in the study have remained healthy without evidence of circulating HIV or vector. See, Amado et al., Science 285:674-676 (July 1999).

Many gene therapy protocols have been designed to correct a number of inherited metabolic, infectious, or malignant diseases using the hematopoietic stem cell. This cell has the capacity to self-renew and to differentiate into all of the mature cells of the blood and immune systems. Many diseases that affect these systems could potentially be treated by the stable introduction of therapeutic genes into stem cells. Recently, lentiviral vectors were shown to bypass the need for *ex vivo* stem cell stimulation (which is necessary when using murine retroviral vectors), by mediating efficient gene transfer into very primitive human stem cells that contributed to stable, long-term reconstitution of SCID mouse bone marrow with many hematopoietic lineages. See, e.g., Miyoshi et al., Science 283:682 (1999). Similarly, in a rhesus macaque model of autologous transplantation with

lentivirus-transduced stem cells, multilineage gene expression was found, suggesting transduction of an early blood cell progenitor under conditions of minimal stem cell stimulation, ordinarily insufficient for transduction with murine retroviruses. See, Donahue et al., Blood 92 (suppl. 1), abstract 4648.5 (1999) and Amado et al., Science 285:674-676 (July 1999).

In HIV infection, another advantage of lentiviral vectors designed against HIV is their potential to be mobilized by HIV in the infected patient, because the virus supplies all of the necessary elements for packaging of the vector. If these mobilized vectors contained the HIV envelope, they could efficiently transfer their genes (for example, genes custom-designed to confer resistance against HIV) into $CD4^+$ T cells, protecting them from subsequent HIV infection. Lentiviral vectors can also be designed to efficiently express their genes only in $CD4^+$ T cells that are infected with HIV (so called *tat*-inducible vectors). In these vectors, all HIV genes, including *tat* and *rev*, are ablated; cis-acting sequences required for integration, expression, and packaging are retained, and expression is dependent on the activity of the HIV LTR (which requires transactivation by Tat). It has been shown that in this system, vector expression is induced efficiently upon HIV infection. Moreover, in the absence of genes that confer resistance against HIV, stable integration of this vector in permissive cell lines resulted in inhibition of HIV replication. Although the mechanism of HIV inhibition has not been completely elucidated, preliminary results suggest that this vector competes with HIV at the level of reverse transcription. See, An et al., J. Virol., in press, and Amado et al., Science 285:674-676 (1999).

A number of other potential medical applications, where the modification of the genetic material of quiescent cells could result in the prevention or reversal of a disease process, are beginning to be explored. For example, the finding that lentiviral vectors can mediate stable and long-term gene transfer by direct injection of vector into the rat and mouse retina has lent support to the notion of gene therapy for the treatment of retinitis pigmentosa. This degenerative disease of the retina is characterized by photoreceptor cell death, resulting in a slow progression to blindness. Mutations in the cGMP phosphodiesterase β subunit (PDEβ) gene of rod photoreceptors lead to an autosomal recessive form of retinitis

pigmentosa in humans, and in the *rd* mouse model of the disease. Previous studies have shown that adenovirus and adeno-associated virus-mediated PDEP subretinal gene transfer results in a delay in photoreceptor cell death. Using the *rd* mouse model, a recent study demonstrated that photoreceptors could be rescued in up to 50% of eyes injected with a lentivirus vector containing the murine PDEβ gene. In contrast with the short-term expression previously obtained with adenovirus vectors, PDEβ expression in this study persisted for at least 24 weeks. This finding points to the potential success of gene therapy in a disease that currently lacks effective treatment. See, Takahashi et al., J. Virol., 73:7812-7816 (Sept. 1999) and Amado et al. Science, 285:674-676 (1999).

In nature, the expression of *gag, pol*, and *env* of HIV-1 depends on the presence of the viral Rev protein. This dependence is, at least in part, due to the presence of negatively acting sequences (inhibitory or instability elements [INS]) located within unspliced and partially spliced mRNAs. The positive interaction of Rev with the Rev-responsive element [RRE] in these mRNAs counteracts the negative effects of the inhibitory sequences.

None of the above references teach or suggest that the *gag* and/or *pol* genes described therein may be replaced with the *gag* and/or *pol* genes in which the inhibitory/instability have been mutated to render their expression Rev-idependent. Furthermore, there is no disclosure of the specific HIV-1 *gag/pol* or SIV *gag* mutated genes described herein.

The *gag/pol* clone of the invention was made using the method for eliminating inhibitory/instability regions from a gene as first described in U.S. patent application Serial No. 07/858,747, filed March 27, 1992 (which issued as US Patent No. 6,174,666) entitled "Method of Eliminating Inhibitory/Instability Regions from mRNA" and later described in a Continuation-in-Part ("CIP") application, filed as PCT application PCT/US93/02908 on March 29, 1993 and U.S. Patent Nos. 5,972,596 and 5,965,726. The disclosure of the CIP application was published as International Publication No. WO 93/20212 on October 14, 1993. (The disclosures of these patents and patent applications are specifically incorporated by reference herein in their entirety.) The method was also described in Schwartz et al., J. Virol. 66:7176-7182 (1992).

- 10 -

Schneider et al., J. Virol. 71:4892-4903 (1997), extend the work described in the patent applications and in Schwartz et al. by identifying and characterizing additional INS within *gag, protease* and *pol* genes and mutating them in a similar manner. Schneider et al. disclose nucleic acid constructs which contain completely mutated HIV-1 *gag* genes, but only partially mutated HIV-1 *pol* genes.

Schneider et al. demonstrate that expression vectors containing an intact or nearly intact p55^{gag} region allow the production of immature viral particles in mammalian cells in the absence of any other HIV proteins. The introduction of additional mutations in the *protease* region allowed efficient production of Gag/protease, which resulted in processing of the Pr55^{gag} precursor and production of mature Gag particles with a lentivirus-like conical-core structure.

Schneider et al. disclose that Rev-independent expression vectors allow the efficient expression of Gag proteins in many cell lines that are not able to support efficient Rev-RRE-dependent rescue of these RNAs. Schneider et al. also disclose that *gag/pol* expression vectors may be important for vaccination approaches against HIV-1, since the *gag/pol* region is more conserved than is the *env* region and may be important for an effective immune response against HIV and for protection against infection. They also state that efficient HIV gene expression in many cells is also of interest for possible gene transfer experiments using lentiviral vectors in nondividing or slowly dividing cells, since HIV and the other lentiviruses are able to infect quiescent cells.

Pavlakis et al., Natl Conf Hum Retroviruses Relat Infect (2nd). (1995), 91, state that Rev-independent Gag expression vectors were able to produce viral particles in human and mouse cells in the absence of any other HIV proteins, and that additional mutations in the *pol* region allowed the expression of the protease and the processing of the p55 gag precursor. Direct DNA injection of TAT and Rev independent Gag expression vectors in mouse muscle resulted in Gag expression detected by ELISA and in anti-gag antibody response. Several Rev-and Tat- independent Gag expression cassettes were inserted into retroviral vectors and cell lines expressing Gag or Gag fragments that are dominant negative inhibitors of HIV-1 were constructed.

Shiver et al. (1996) describe the results of DNA vaccination of mice and non-human primates with mutated plasmid DNA encoding either mutated genes encoding HIV-1 gag (p55 gag) or env (gp120 or gp160). Both *gag* and *env* vaccine recipients exhibited antigen-specific cytotoxic and helper T lymphocyte (CTL, Th) responses. The results are stated to demonstrate that DNA vaccines elicited long-lived T cell responses in both mice and nonhuman primates that were disseminated throughout the lymphatics.

III. SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The invention relates to nucleic acids comprising the nucleic acid sequence of the mutated HIV-1 gag/pol gene shown in Figure 1 (SEQUENCE ID NO:1) and vectors and vector systems comprising these nucleic acids.

The invention also relates to nucleic acids comprising the nucleic acid sequence of the mutated SIV *gag* gene shown in Figure 3 and vectors and vector systems comprising these nucleic acids.

The invention also relates to nucleic acids comprising the mutated SIV *env* gene shown in Figure 17 and vectors and vector systems comprising these nucleic acids.

The invention also relates to products produced by the nucleic acids, e.g., mRNA, protein, and infectious viral particles.

The invention also relates to compositions comprising these nucleic acids and/or their expression products.

The invention also relates to host cells comprising these nucleic acids, vector systems or viral particles.

The invention also relates to uses of these nucleic acids, vector systems, host cells, expression products, and/or compositions to produce mRNA, proteins, and/or infectious viral particles, and/or to induce antibodies and/or cytotoxic or helper T lymphocytes.

The invention also relates to the use of these nucleic acid constructs, vectors, vector systems and or host cells for use in immunotherapy and immunoprophylaxis, e.g., as a vaccine, or in genetic therapy after expression, preferably in humans. The nucleic acid constructs of the invention can include or be

- 12 -

incorporated into lentiviral vectors or other expression vectors or they may also be directly injected into tissue cells resulting in efficient expression of the encoded protein or protein fragment. These constructs may also be used for *in-vivo* or *in-vitro* gene replacement, e.g., by homologous recombination with a target gene in-situ.

IV.   BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Fig. 1. DNA sequence of a mutated HIV-1 *gag/pol* molecular clone (SEQUENCE ID NO:1). The gagpol terminator is located at positions 4305-4307 of SEQUENCE ID NO:1.

Fig. 2. Comparison of the sequence of the wild –type and mutated *pol* region in pCMVgagpolBNkan. Position #1 in the figure is position 2641 in plasmid pCMVgagpolBNkan. The comparison starts at position 1872 from the gag initiator ATG.

Fig. 3. DNA sequence of a mutated SIV *gag* molecular clone (SIVgagDX).

Fig. 4. Comparison of the mutated SIV *gag* DNA sequence in SIVgagDX with the wild type SIV sequence from Simian (macaque) immunodeficiency virus isolate 239, clone lambda siv 239-1 (GenBank accession No. M33262).

Fig. 5. Schematic diagram of some components of sample versions of a lentiviral system. BGH poly (A): bovine growth hormone poly (A) signal; MSD: mutated splice donor site; ψ: encapsidation signal; SD, splice donor site; SA, splice acceptor site; "X" indicates that the ATG codon of the partial *gag* gene sequence is mutated so that translation of this gene does not occur.

Fig. 6. Schematic diagram of the packaging construct pCMVgagpolBNkan.

Fig. 7. Schematic diagram of transfer construct 1: pmBCwCNluci. The packaging signal, the CMV promoter and the coding region for the luciferase gene are flanked by the 5' and 3 HIV-1 LTRs, which provide promoter and polyadenylation signals, as indicated by the arrows. Three consecutive arrows indicate the U5, R, and U3 regions of the LTR, respectively. The transcribed

- 13 -

portions of the LTRs are shown in black. Some restriction endonuclease cleavage sites are also indicated.

Fig. 8. Schematic diagram of transfer construct 1: pmBCmCNluci. Symbols are as above.

Fig. 9. DNA sequence of packaging construct pCMVgagpolBNkan.

Fig. 10. DNA sequence of transfer construct 1: pmBCwCNluci.

Fig. 11. DNA sequence of transfer construct 1: pmBCmCNluci.

Figure 12:

Fig. 12. Nucleotide sequence of the region BssHII (711) to ClaI (830) in wild-type HIV-1 molecular clones HXB2 and NL4-3, and in the transfer constructs. The translation initiator signal for Gag protein (ATG) is underlined. pmBCwCNluci and pmBCmCNluci (transfer constructs 1 and 2) contain the sequence mBCwCN. Transfer construct 3 contains the sequence m2BCwCN. In contrast to the sequence mBCwCN, m2BCwCN has different mutations at the 5' splice site region and has an intact Gag ATG.

Fig. 13. Bar graph showing levels of gag protein that is released from cells upon transient transfection with pCMVgagpolBNkan (labeled pCMVBNKan in the figure).

Fig. 14. Bar graph showing reverse transcriptase activity from the Rev-independent gag-pol HIV-1 vector pCMVgagpolBNkan (labeled pCMVBNKan in the figure).

Fig. 15. Bar graphs showing the amount of luciferase per nanogram of p24 Gag protein detected in cells transducted with PCMVgagpolBNkan Rev-independent *gag*-HIV-1 based retroviral vectors. The results show that with PCMVgagpolBNkan Rev-independent gag-HIV-1 based retroviral vectors display high transduction efficiency in (A) 293 cells, (B) human lymphoid cells, (C) human myeloid cells (U937), as well as (D) non-dividing cells such as primary human macrophages.

Fig. 16. Schematic diagram of the SIV envelope encoding vector CMVkan/R-R-SIVgp160CTE.

Fig. 17. DNA sequence of the SIV envelope encoding vector CMVkan/R-R-SIVgp160CTE containing a mutated SIV env gene.

V.   MODES FOR CARRYING OUT THE INVENTION

It is to be understood that both the foregoing general description and the following detailed description are exemplary and explanatory only, and are not restrictive of the invention, as claimed. The accompanying drawings, which are incorporated in and constitute a part of the specification, illustrate an embodiment of the invention and, together with the description, serve to explain the principles of the invention.

One aspect of the invention comprises vectors that encode the Gag and/or Pol of HIV-1 in a Rev-independent manner. An example of such a vector which is described herein is the plasmid pCMVgagpolBNkan, which encodes the complete Gag and Pol of HIV-1 in a Rev-independent manner, and also contains a gene conferring kanamycin resistance. This plasmid is Tat and Rev-independent and was generated by eliminating the inhibitory/instability sequences present in the *gag/pol* mRNA without altering the amino acid sequence of the proteins coded by the genes.

The *gag/pol* clone of the invention is a DNA construct of the *gag/pol* region of HIV which has had the inhibitory/instability regions removed. The construct is expected to be useful as a component a new type of lentivirus vector for use in gene therapy or as a vaccine.

The *gag*, *pol* or *gag/pol* sequences of the invention can be highly expressed in human and other mammalian cells in the absence of any other regulatory and structural protein of HIV, including Rev. When the *gag/pol* sequences are combined with a sequence encoding an envelope protein, such as the VSV G protein or the HIV envelope protein (e.g., in the same vector or in another expression vector), infectious virus is produced after transfection into human cells. When a gene encoding a non-HIV envelope protein is used, for example, in the presence of the HIV *gag/pol* gene, the virus particles produced would contains only the HIV proteins Gag and Pol.

Lentiviral vectors or vector systems based on the *gag*, *pol* or *gag/pol* sequences of this invention, as exemplified by the Rev-independent pCMVgagpol BNkan construct described herein, may be used for gene therapy *in vivo* (e.g., parenteral inoculation of high titer vector) or *ex vivo* (e.g., *in vitro* transduction of

patient's cells followed by reinfusion into the patient of the transduced cells). These procedures are been already used in different approved gene therapy protocols.

The HIV *gag/pol* clone and SIV *gag* clone of the invention were made using the method for eliminating inhibitory/instability regions from a gene as described in U.S. Patent No. 6,174,666, and also in related U.S. Patent Nos. 5,972,596 and 5,965,726, which are incorporated by reference herein. This method does not require the identification of the exact location or knowledge of the mechanism of function of the INS. Generally, the mutations are such that the amino acid sequence encoded by the mRNA is unchanged, although conservative and non-conservative amino acid substitutions are also envisioned where the protein encoded by the mutated gene is substantially similar to the protein encoded by the non-mutated gene. The mutated genes can be synthetic (e.g., synthesized by chemical synthesis), semi-synthetic (e.g., a combination of genomic DNA, cDNA, or PCR amplified DNA and synthetic DNA), or recombinantly produced. The genes also may optionally not contain introns. The nucleic acids of the invention may also contain Rev-independent fragments of these genes which retain the desired function (e.g., for antigenicity of Gag or Pol, particle formation (Gag) or enzymatic activity (Pol)), or they may also contain Rev-independent variants which have been mutated so that the encoded protein loses a function that is unwanted in certain circumstances. In the latter case, for example, the gene may be modified to encode mutations (at the amino acid level) in the active site of reverse transcriptase or integrase proteins to prevent reverse transcription or integration. Rev-independent fragments of the *gag* gene are described in U.S. patent application Serial No. 07/858,747, filed March 27, 1992, and also in related U.S. Patent Nos. 5,972,596 and 5,965,726, which are incorporated by reference herein. If desired, the ATG initiation codon of any HIV accessory gene (e.g., *vif*), if present, may also be mutated.

In addition to being capable of producing HIV Gag and Pol proteins in the absence of Rev regulatory protein in a cell in vivo, the HIV *gag/pol* clone and SIV *gag* clone of the invention are also capable of producing HIV Gag and Pol proteins in the absence of any added cis acting transport element, such as CTE or CTE-like elements (collectively refered herein as RNA Transport Elements (RTE)).

- 16 -

Experiments indicate that the mutated vectors of the invention for SIV *gag* are far superior to those adding CTE (see Qiu et al., J Virol. 73:9145-52 (1999)).

The expression of the proteins encoded by these vectors after transfection into human cells may be monitored at both the level of RNA and protein production. RNA levels are quantitated by methods known in the art, e.g., Northern blots, S1 mapping or PCR methods. Protein levels may also be quantitated by methods known in the art, e.g., western blot or ELISA or fluorescent detection methods. A fast non-radioactive ELISA protocol can be used to detect gag protein (DUPONT or COULTER gag antigen capture assay).

At least three types of lentiviral vectors based on the *gag/pol* genes of the invention for use in gene therapy and/or as a vaccine are envisioned, i.e., lentiviral vectors having

a)   no round of replication (i.e., a zero replication system)

b)   one round of replication

c)   a fully replicating system

For a system with no round of replication, a *gag/pol* gene, or separate *gag* and *pol* genes, or fragments of these genes, expressed using appropriate transcription units, e.g., a CMV promoter and a BGH poly (A) site. This will allow expression of the *gag/pol* unit (or *gag* or *pol* or fragment(s) thereof) for vaccine purposes. This expression can be accomplished without the production of any functional retroviral enzymes, provided that the appropriate mutation(s), e.g., a missense mutation, are introduced. In a zero replication system, a virus stock will be administered to the cells or animals of interest. For example, if one creates and uses a virus stock with the exemplified system using the packaging vector PCMVgagpolBNKan, the transfer construct pmBCwCNluci or pmBCmCNluci, and the envelope containing vector pHCMV-G, one obtains a zero replication system. The virus particles produced by such system can infect cells, and the reverse transcribed transfer construct DNA will go into the nucleus but, because the coding regions for viral structural proteins are not present, there will be no virus expression and replication (0 rounds). If one transfects cells *in vivo* with the same 3 DNAs, they will go to the nucleus, express viral proteins, make infectious virus particles and go out and infect another cell or cells (1 round). Since in vivo delivery of three

plasmids may result in lower expression, at least two different embodiments are envisioned. In the first, two plasmids may be used, e.g., MV1 shown in Fig. 5 and an envelope expression plasmid such as pHCMV-G. Other plasmids encoding functional envelopes from HIV, SIV, or other retroviruses can also be used. Transfection by the two plasmids results in infectious virus that can infect and integrate into new cells (1 round). The infected cells produce gagpol but virus propagation is not possible in the absence of env.

For a system with one round of replication, at least two additional embodiments are envisioned. In the first method, a combination of the genes, e.g., a *gag/pol* gene, an *env* encoding gene and, preferably, a gene encoding a reporter protein or other polynucleotide or protein of interest, are delivered into the cells of interest *in vivo*. As discussed above for the exemplified system, if one transfects cells *in vivo* with the same 3 DNAs, they will go to the nucleus, express viral proteins, make infectious virus particles, be released and infect another cell or cells (1 round).

In another embodiment, the same result (i.e., only one round of replication) can be obtained by using transfer vectors that have deletions in the 3' LTR and in which a heterologous-promoter (e.g., the CMV-promoter, or inducible promoter, or tissue-specific promoter), is used in place of the '3'LTR promoter. The mutations in the 3' LTR making it inactive upon reverse transcription and integration. This is because the integrated provirus derives both its 5' LTR and its 3' LTR from the 3' LTR of the starting (transfer) construct. (This is a well-known property of all retroviruses and has been used to make self-inactivating vectors (SIN)). There are several reasons one may want to inactivate the incoming LTR promoter, one of which is to use a different tissue specific or regulated promoter for expression of a gene of interest in the integrated provirus. Note that, with SIN vectors, if one uses a viral stock made *in vitro* after transfection into cells and collection of infectious virus, there will be no round of replication. If one transfects cells with the DNAs *in vivo*, there will be one round of replication. If functional *gag*, *pol*, or *env* are not included in the DNA mix, there will not be any infection at all (i.e., infectious viruses will not be made).

- 18 -

A fully replicating Rev-independent system has not been constructed yet, although it is expected that a functional system can be constructed using Rev-independent *gag/pol* and *env* sequences. If desired, extra posttranscriptional control elements such as the CTE element, which can replace Rev and give infectious virus (see e.g., Zolotukhin et al., J.Virol.68:944-7952 (1994)) are included. The fully replicating system should be in one piece, containing the LTR, packaging signal, gag/pol, splice site, env, tat, one or more CTE or CTE-like elements (if desired for optimal results), and LTR. Tat is thought to be required in this construct, at least in non-permissive cells. Such a system is depicted in Figure 5, (construct MV2). In this system, a cell or animal of interest (preferably human) would be infected with virus stock that then propagates. CTE or CTE-like elements (depicted in construct MV2 as RTE (RNA Transport Elements)) are desirable since they have been shown to improve expression, and since many retroviruses require the presence of posttranscriptional control elements. There are several types of CTE and CTE-like elements, and these elements appear to work via a different pathway from the Rev-RRE pathway. See, e.g., Tabernero et al., J Virol. 71:95-101 (1997). See also, Pavlakis and Nappi, PCT/US99/11082, filed May 22, 1999, published as WO 99/61596 on December 2, 1999 (and incorporated herein by reference), which describes a new type of post-transcriptional control element that is able to replace CTE and HIV RRE/Rev. The Pavlakis-Nappi element does not work in the same way as CTE and does not have any sequence or structure homology.

In a preferred embodiment, a lentiviral system of the invention comprises the following three components:

1.   a packaging vector containing nucleic acid sequences encoding the elements necessary for vector packaging such as structural proteins (except for HIV *env*) and the enzymes required to generate vector particles, the packaging vector comprising at least a mutated HIV or SIV *gag/pol* gene of the invention;

2.   a transfer vector containing genetic cis-acting sequences necessary for the vector to infect the target cell and for transfer of the therapeutic or reporter or other gene(s) of interest, the transfer vector comprising the encapsidation signal and the gene(s) of interest or a cloning site for inserting the gene(s) of interest;

and

3.   a vector containing sequences encoding an element necessary for targeting the viral particle to the intended recipient cell, preferably the gene encoding the G glycoprotein of the vesicular stomatis virus (VSV-G) or amphotrophic MuLV or lentiviral *envs*.

Using the CMV promoter or other strong, high efficiency, promoter instead of the HIV-1 LTR promoter in the packaging vector, high expression of *gag, pol,* or *gag/pol* can be achieved in the total absence of any other viral protein. The exchange of the HIV-1 LTR promoter with other promoters is beneficial in the packaging vector or other vectors if constitutive expression is desirable and also for expression in other mammalian cells, such as mouse cells, in which the HIV-1 promoter is weak. Vectors containing the sequences of the invention can be used for the Rev independent production of HIV-1 Gag/Pol, HIV-1 Gag, HIV-1 Pol, and SIV Gag proteins. In certain embodiments, the presence of heterologous promoters will also be desired in the transfer vector and the envelope encoding vector, when such vectors are used.

The gene(s) of interest are chosen according to the effect sought to be achieved. For gene therapy purposes there will be at least one therapeutic gene encoding a gene product which is active against the condition it is desired to treat or prevent. Alternatively or additionally, there may be a gene which acts as a marker by encoding a detectable product. Therapeutic genes may encode, for example, an anti-sense RNA, a ribozyme, a transdominant negative mutant of a target protein, a toxin, a conditional toxin, an antigen that induces antibodies or helper T-cells or cytotoxic T-cells, a single chain antibody or a tumor suppresser protein. See, e.g., WO 98/17816.

An even more extensive list of genes of interest for use in lentiviral vectors is described, e.g., in WO 99/04026 on page 10, line 20 to page 12, line 7. Table 2 of Klimatcheva et al. (1999) also provides a list of disorders and target cells for gene therapy, as well as a number of lentiviral vectors used by others. This list includes genetic/metabolic deficiencies, viral infection and cancer. Inherited genetic defects such as adenosine deaminase deficiency, familial hypercholesterolemia, cystic fibrosis, mucopolysaccharidosis type VII, types I and II diabetes, classical phenylketonuria and Gaucher disease are diseases which are listed as being possible to overcome by lentiviral vector-mediated gene therapy because they constitute single-gene deficiencies for which the involved genes are known. Viral diseases are also listed as constituting appropriate targets for lentiviral gene delivery. In particular, a number of gene therapy approaches have been proposed for the treatment of HIV infection and, for some of these strategies, phase I studies have recently begun in humans. The article states that preliminary studies have dealt with defective murine oncoviruses for delivery of anti-sense RNAs, ribozymes and trans-dominant proteins against HIV replication.

In any of the vectors, but preferably in the transfer vector, an inserted gene could have an internal ribosomal entry site (IRES), e.g., from picornaviral RNA. An IRES will be used in circumstances that one wants to express two proteins from the same promoter. For example one protein of interest and a marker gene, e.g., green fluorescent protein (GFP) or a marker gene and a drug resistance gene (e.g. the firefly luciferase gene and neomycin phosphotransferase gene) as described on p. 58 of WO 99/04026, for example. Using an IRES the expression of the two proteins is coordinated. A further gene or genes may also be present under the control of a separate promoter. Such a gene may encode for example a selectable marker, or a further therapeutic agent which may be among the therapeutic agents listed above. Expression of this gene may be constitutive; in the case of a selectable marker this may be useful for selecting successfully transfected packaging cells, or packaging cells which are producing particularly high titers of the retroviral vector particles. Alternatively or additionally, the selectable marker may be useful for selecting cells which have been successfully infected with the lentiviral vector and have the provirus integrated into their own genome.

- 21 -

One way of performing gene therapy is to extract cells from a patient, infect the extracted cells with a lentiviral vector and reintroduce the cells back into the patient. A selectable marker may be used to provide a means for enriching for infected or transduced cells or positively selecting for only those cells which have been infected or transduced, before reintroducing the cells into the patient. This procedure may increase the chances of success of the therapy. Selectable markers may be for instance drug resistance genes, metabolic enzyme genes, or any other selectable markers known in the art. Typical selection genes encode proteins that confer resistance to antibiotics and other toxic substances, e.g., histidinol, puromycin, hygromycin, neomycin, methotrexate etc. and cell surface markers.

However, it will be evident that for many gene therapy applications of lentiviral vectors, selection for expression of a marker gene may not be possible or necessary. Indeed expression of a selection marker, while convenient for *in vitro* studies, could be deleterious *in vivo* because of the inappropriate induction of cytotoxic T lymphocytes (CTLs) directed against the foreign marker protein. Also, it is possible that for *in vivo* applications, vectors without any internal promoters will be preferable. The presence of internal promoters can affect for example the transduction titres obtainable from a packaging cell line and the stability of the integrated vector. Thus, single transcription unit vectors, which may be bi-cistronic or poly-cistronic, coding for one or two or more therapeutic genes, may be the preferred vector designed for use *in vivo*. See, e.g., WO 98/17816.

Suitable host or producer cells for use in the invention are well known in the art. May lentiviruses have already been split into replication defective genomes and packaging components. For those which have not the technology is available for doing so. The producer cell encodes the viral components not encoded by the vector genome such as the Gag, Pol and Env proteins. The *gag, pol* and *env* genes may be introduced into the producer cell transiently, or may be stably integrated into the cell genome to give a packaging cell line. The lentiviral vector genome is then introduced into the packaging cell line by transfection or transduction to create a stable cell line that has all of the DNA sequences required to produce a lentiviral vector particle. Another approach is to introduce the different

DNA sequences that are required to produce lentiviral vector particle, e.g., the *env* coding constrict, the *gag-pol* coding construct and the transfer construct into the cell simultaneously by transient triple transfection.

Target cells identified by Klimatcheva et al. (1999), and the references cited therein, include airway epithelial cells for cystic fibrosis; retinal photoreceptor cells for retinitis pigmentosa; progenitors for red blood cells, macrophages, and lymphocytes for hematopoietic disorders, sickle cell anemia, ß-thalassemia, lysosomal storage disorders, mucopolysaccharidoses, and severe combined immunodeficiency syndrome; bone marrow cells and macrophages for Gaucher's disease; liver cells for familial hypercholesterolaemia; T-lymphocytes and macrophages for HIV infection; brain tissue, neurons, and glial cells for neurodegenerative diseases such as Parkinson's and Alzheimer's diseases; endothelial cells and cardiac myocytes for cardiovascular diseases; and cancer cells in various tissues (e.g. liver or brain) for cancer. Target cells for other diseases would be apparent to one of skill in the art.

Vaccines and pharmaceutical compositions comprising at least one of the nucleic acid sequences, vectors, vector systems, or transduced or transfected host cells of the invention and a physiologically acceptable carrier are also part of the invention.

As used herein, the term "transduction" generally refers to the transfer of genetic material into the host via infection, e.g., in this case by the lentiviral vector. The term "transfection" generally refers to the transfer of isolated genetic material into cells via the use of specific transfection agents (e.g., calcium phosphate, DEAE Dextran, lipid formulations, gold particles, and other microparticles) that cross the cytoplasmic membrane and deliver some of the genetic material into the cell nucleus.

Systems similar to those described herein can be produced using elements of lentiviruses in addition to the HIV and/or SIV genes described herein.

Pharmaceutical Compositions

The pharmaceutical compositions of the invention contain a pharmaceutically and/or therapeutically effective amount of at least one nucleic acid

construct, vector, vector system, viral particle/virus stock, or host cell (i.e., agents) of the invention. In one embodiment of the invention, the effective amount of an agent of the invention per unit dose is an amount sufficient to cause the detectable expression of the gene of interest. In another embodiment of the invention, the effective amount of agent per unit dose is an amount sufficient to prevent, treat or protect against deleterious effects (including severity, duration, or extent of symptoms) of the condition being treated. The effective amount of agent per unit dose depends, among other things, on the species of mammal inoculated, the body weight of the mammal and the chosen inoculation regimen, as is well known in the art. The dosage of the therapeutic agents which will be most suitable for prophylaxis or treatment will also vary with the form of administration, the particular agent chosen and the physiological characteristics of the particular patient under treatment. The dose is administered at least once. Subsequent doses may be administered as indicated.

To monitor the response of individuals administered the compositions of the invention, mRNA or protein expression levels may be determined. In many instances it will be sufficient to assess the expression level in serum or plasma obtained from such an individual. Decisions as to whether to administer another dose or to change the amount of the composition administered to the individual may be at least partially based on the expression levels.

The term "unit dose" as it pertains to the inocula refers to physically discrete units suitable as unitary dosages for mammals, each unit containing a predetermined quantity of active material (e.g., nucleic acid, virus stock or host cell) calculated to produce the desired effect in association with the required diluent. The titers of the virus stocks to be administered to a cell or animal will depend on the application and on type of delivery (e.g., *in vivo* or *ex vivo*). The virus stocks can be concentrated using methods such as centrifugation. The titers to be administered *ex vivo* are preferably in the range of 0.001 to 1 infectious unit /cell. Another method of generating viral stocks is to cocultivate stable cell lines expressing the virus with the target cells. This method has been used to achieve better results when using traditional retroviral vectors because the cells can be infected over a longer period of time and they have the chance to be infected with multiple copies of the vector.

- 24 -

For *in vivo* administration of nucleic acid constructs, vectors, vector systems, virus stocks, or cells which have been transduced or transfected *ex vivo*, the dose is to be determined by dose escalation, with the upper dose being limited by the onset of unacceptable adverse effects. Preliminary starting doses may be extrapolated from experiments using lentiviral vectors in animal models, by methods known in the art, or may be extrapolated from comparisons with known retroviral (e.g., adenoviral) doses. Generally, small dosages will be used initially and, if necessary, will be increased by small increments until the optimum effect under the circumstances is reached. Exemplary dosages are within the range of 10^8 up to approximately 5×10^{15} particles.

Inocula are typically prepared as a solution in a physiologically acceptable carrier such as saline, phosphate-buffered saline and the like to form an aqueous pharmaceutical composition.

The agents of the invention are generally administered with a physiologically acceptable carrier or vehicle therefor. A physiologically acceptable carrier is one that does not cause an adverse physical reaction upon administration and one in which the nucleic acids are sufficiently soluble to retain their activity to deliver a pharmaceutically or therapeutically effective amount of the compound. The pharmaceutically or therapeutically effective amount and method of administration of an agent of the invention may vary based on the individual patient, the indication being treated and other criteria evident to one of ordinary skill in the art. A therapeutically effective amount of a nucleic acid of the invention is one sufficient to prevent, or attenuate the severity, extent or duration of the deleterious effects of the condition being treated without causing significant adverse side effects. The route(s) of administration useful in a particular application are apparent to one or ordinary skill in the art.

Routes of administration of the agents of the invention include, but are not limited to, parenteral, and direct injection into an affected site. Parenteral routes of administration include but are not limited to intravenous, intramuscular, intraperitoneal and subcutaneous. The route of administration of the agents of the invention is typically parenteral and is preferably into the bone marrow, into the CSF intramuscular, subcutaneous, intradermal, intraocular, intracranial, intranasal,

- 25 -

and the like. See, e.g., WO 99/04026 for examples of formulations and routes of administration.

The present invention includes compositions of the agents described above, suitable for parenteral administration including, but not limited to, pharmaceutically acceptable sterile isotonic solutions. Such solutions include, but are not limited to, saline and phosphate buffered saline for nasal, intravenous, intramuscular, intraperitoneal, subcutaneous or direct injection into a joint or other area.

In providing the agents of the present invention to a recipient mammal, preferably a primate, most preferably a human, the dosage administered will vary depending upon such factors as the mammal's age, weight, height, sex, general medical condition, previous medical history and the like.

The administration of the pharmaceutical compositions of the invention may be for either "prophylactic" or "therapeutic" purpose. When provided prophylactically, the compositions are provided in advance of any symptom. The prophylactic administration of the composition serves to prevent or ameliorate any subsequent deleterious effects (including severity, duration, or extent of symptoms) of the condition being treated. When provided therapeutically, the composition is provided at (or shortly after) the onset of a symptom of the condition being treated.

For all therapeutic, prophylactic and diagnostic uses, one or more of the agents of the invention, as well as antibodies and other necessary reagents and appropriate devices and accessories, may be provided in kit form so as to be readily available and easily used.

Where immunoassays are involved, such kits may contain a solid support, such as a membrane (e.g., nitrocellulose), a bead, sphere, test tube, rod, and so forth, to which a receptor such as an antibody specific for the target molecule will bind. Such kits can also include a second receptor, such as a labeled antibody. Such kits can be used for sandwich assays to detect toxins. Kits for competitive assays are also envisioned.

VI.   INDUSTRIAL APPLICABILITY

Mutated genes of this invention can be expressed in the native host cell or organism or in a different cell or organism. The mutated genes can be introduced into a vector such as a plasmid, cosmid, phage, virus or mini-chromosome and inserted into a host cell or organism by methods well known in the art. In general, the mutated genes or constructs containing these mutated genes can be utilized in any cell, either eukaryotic or prokaryotic, including mammalian cells (e.g., human (e.g., HeLa), monkey (e.g., Cos), rabbit (e.g., rabbit reticulocytes), rat, hamster (e.g., CHO and baby hamster kidney cells) or mouse cells (e.g., L cells), plant cells, yeast cells, insect cells or bacterial cells (e.g., E. coli). The vectors which can be utilized to clone and/or express these mutated genes are the vectors which are capable of replicating and/or expressing the mutated genes in the host cell in which the mutated genes are desired to be replicated and/or expressed. See, e.g., F. Ausubel et al., Current Protocols in Molecular Biology, Greene Publishing Associates and Wiley-Interscience (1992) and Sambrook et al. (1989) for examples of appropriate vectors for various types of host cells. The native promoters for such genes can be replaced with strong promoters compatible with the host into which the gene is inserted. These promoters may be inducible. The host cells containing these mutated genes can be used to express large amounts of the protein useful in enzyme preparations, pharmaceuticals, diagnostic reagents, vaccines and therapeutics.

Mutated genes or constructs containing the mutated genes may also be used for in-vivo or in-vitro gene therapy. For example, a mutated gene of the invention will produce an mRNA in situ to ultimately increase the amount of protein expressed. Such gene include viral genes and/or cellular genes. Such a mutated gene is expected to be useful, for example, in the development of a vaccine and/or genetic therapy.

The constructs and/or proteins made by using constructs encoding the mutated gag, env, and pol genes could be used, for example, in the production of diagnostic reagents, vaccines and therapies for AIDS and AIDS related diseases. The inhibitory/instability elements in the HIV-1 gag gene may be involved in the establishment of a state of low virus production in the host. HIV-1 and the other

lentiviruses cause chronic active infections that are not cleared by the immune system. It is possible that complete removal of the inhibitory/instability sequence elements from the lentiviral genome would result in constitutive expression. This could prevent the virus from establishing a latent infection and escaping immune system surveillance. The success in increasing expression of the entire *gag/pol* gene by eliminating the inhibitory sequence element suggests that one could produce lentiviruses without any negative elements. Such lentiviruses could provide a novel approach towards attenuated vaccines.

For example, vectors expressing high levels of Gag can be used in immunotherapy and immunoprophylaxis, after expression in humans. Such vectors include retroviral vectors and also include direct injection of DNA into muscle cells or other receptive cells, resulting in the efficient expression of gag, using the technology described, for example, in Wolff et al., Science 247:1465-1468 (1990), Wolff et al., Human Molecular Genetics 1(6):363-369 (1992) and Ulmer et al., Science 259:1745-1749 (1993). Further, the gag constructs could be used in transdominant inhibition of HIV expression after the introduction into humans. For this application, for example, appropriate vectors or DNA molecules expressing high levels of $p55^{gag}$ or $p37^{gag}$ would be modified to generate transdominant gag mutants, as described, for example, in Trono et al., Cell 59:113-120 (1989). The vectors would be introduced into humans, resulting in the inhibition of HIV production due to the combined mechanisms of gag transdominant inhibition and of immunostimulation by the produced gag protein. In addition, the gag constructs of the invention could be used in the generation of new retroviral vectors based on the expression of lentiviral gag proteins. Lentiviruses have unique characteristics that may allow the targeting and efficient infection of non-dividing cells. Similar applications are expected for vectors expressing high levels of env.

Identification of similar inhibitory/instability elements in SIV indicates that this virus is a convenient model to test these hypotheses. SIV similarly modified could be used in place of HIV in an effort to further minimize the possibility of rearrangement events that would lead to the generation of infectious HIV.

- 28 -

The following examples illustrate certain embodiments of the present invention, but should not be construed as limiting its scope in any way. Certain modifications and variations will be apparent to those skilled in the art from the teachings of the foregoing disclosure and the following examples, and these are intended to be encompassed by the spirit and scope of the invention.

EXAMPLE 1

Rev-Independent HIV-1 Gag/Pol Molecular Clone

Figure 1 shows the DNA sequence of a Rev-independent HIV-1 *gag/pol* molecular clone. This DNA sequence shown encodes the complete Gag and Pol of HIV-1 and can be expressed in a Rev-independent manner when operably linked to a promoter. The Rev-independent *gag* sequence was described in U.S. Patent Nos. 6,174,666, 5,972,596 and 5,965,726 and the Rev-independent *pol* sequence was generated by eliminating the inhibitory/instability sequences using the methods described in those patents. Others have reportedly made Rev independent *gag* sequences by optimizing codon usage for human cells (see, e.g., WO 98/34640).

Figure 2 shows an alignment of the sequence of the wild - type and mutated *pol* region in pCMVgagpolBNkan. Position #1 in the figure is position 2641 in plasmid pCMVgagpolBNkan.

The elimination of INS in *gag*, *pol* and *env* regions allows the expression of high levels of authentic HIV-1 structural proteins in the absence of the Rev regulatory factor of HIV-1.

EXAMPLE 2

Rev-Independent SIV Gag Molecular Clone

Figure 3 shows the DNA sequence of a Rev-independent SIV *gag* molecular clone, SIVgagDX. Figure 4 shows the comparison of wild type (WT) and mutant (SIVgagDX) sequences. The wild type SIV sequence is from Simian (macaque) immunodeficiency virus isolate 239, clone lambda siv 239-1 (GenBank accession No. M33262).

EXAMPLE 3

Rev-Independent SIV Env Molecular Clone

Figure 16 shows a schematic diagram, and figure 17 shows the DNA sequence, of the "env-coding" vector CMVkan/R-R-SIVgp160CTE, which is an example of a vector comprising a mutated lentiviral *env* gene sequence which is capable of being expressed independently of any SIV or HIV regulatory factors. "CMV" denotes the cytomegalovirus promoter; "SRV-CTE" denotes the constitutive transport element (CTE) of Simian Retrovirus Type 1; "all-STOP" denotes a sequence providing translational stops in all three reading frames; "BGH terminator" denotes the bovine growth hormone polyadenylation signal. Other posttranscriptional control elements can be used instead of the indicated SRV-CTE, for example the one described by Pavlakis and Nappi, PCT/US99/11082, filed May 22, 1999, which was published as WO 99/61596 on December 2, 1999 (and which is incorporated herein by reference).

As mentioned previously above, such a vector encoding a lentiviral *env* gene may be used if it is desired that the vector infect CD4$^+$T cells. Also as mentioned previously above, the CTE element (i.e., the SRV-CTE element in the case of vector CMVkan/R-R-SIVgp160CTE), can be replaced with another post-transcriptional control element, such as the Pavlakis-Nappi element, that is able to replace CTE and HIV RRE/Rev. See Pavlakis and Nappi, PCT/US99/11082, filed May 22, 1999, which was published as WO 99/61596 on December 2, 1999 (and which is incorporated herein by reference).

EXAMPLE 4

Lentivirial Vector System

Figure 5 is a schematic of some of the components of a preliminary version of the Rev-independent lentiviral vector system exemplified herein, including a packaging construct and three different transfer vectors which may be used. In the lentiviral system exemplified herein, the packaging construct also contains the gene for kanamycin resistance. The lentiviral system exemplified herein also contains the vector pHCMV-G, which is shown in Figure 5.

In the packaging construct shown in Figure 5, "CMV" denotes the cytomegalovirus promoter, "Gag" denotes the gag gene, which generates components of the virion core, "Pro" denotes "protease" "RT" denotes "reverse transcriptase," 'Int" denotes "integrase" and "BGH poly (A)" denotes the bovine growth hormone polyadenylation signal. The protease, reverse transcriptase, and integrase genes comprise the "pol" gene. In transfer construct 1, "LTR" denotes the HIV "long terminal repeat", which contains a HIV promoter; "mSD" denotes "mutated splice donor site," which is present in the construct so that splicing of the RNA transcript does not occur; "ψ" denotes the encapsidation signal; "wGA" denotes part of the wild-type *gag* gene which contains sequences believed to be necessary for encapsidation; "X" indicates that the ATG codon of the partial *gag* gene sequence is mutated so that translation of this gene does not occur; "CMV" denotes the cytomegalovirus promoter and luciferase is used as a reporter gene. Luciferase can be replaced with any gene of interest. Another HIV LTR is present at the 3' end of transfer construct 1. Replacement of this LTR in constructs such as the transfer construct 1, 2, or 3 with a promoter-enhancer deleted HIV LTR leads to inactivation of LTR after integration. Transfer construct 2 is similar to transfer construct 1, the difference being that a mutated part of the *gag* gene (denoted "mGa") is used instead of the wild-type part of the *gag* gene. Transfer construct 3 (pm2BCwCNluci) has different mutations at the 5' splice site and has an intact ATG codon so that translation of part of the mutated *gag* gene occurs. Transfer construct 3 also has a 5' CMV promoter instead of a 5' LTR promoter. This construct is expressed independent of the presence of HIV Tat protein. The transfer constructs expressed from the LTR promoter are partially dependent on Tat protein. In 293 cells significant expression can be achieved in the absence of Tat. See, e.g., Valentin et al., Proc. Natl Acad. Sci. U S A. 95:8886-91 (1988).

EXAMPLE 5

Generation of Packaging Construct pCMVgagpol BNkan

Figure 6 shows a schematic map of the packaging construct pCMV gagpolBNKan. The nucleotide numbering is that of the HXB2R sequence

- 31 -

(Genbank accession number K03455 and M38432), where +1 is the start of transcription.

The sequence in HIV-1 *gag/pol* region was mutated in order to eliminate all the INS. The fragment from the beginning of *gag* to BsrGI site in *pol*, and the fragment KE [KpnI(3700)- EcoRI(4194)] were previously mutated described in Schneider et al., J Virol. 71: 4892-4903 (1997) and in U.S. Patent Nos. 6,174,666, 5,972,596 and 5,965,726.

To generate pCMVgagpolBNkan, three fragments within HIV-1 *pol* region were mutated. They are fragment BP [BsrGI(2207)-PflMI(3032)], fragment PK [PflMI(3032)-KpnI(3700)] and fragment EN [EcoRI(4194)-NdeI(4668)]. Mutagenesis was performed using a modified version of the method described by Ho et al., Gene 77: 51-59 (1989) and DNA shuffling (Zhao and Arnold, Nucl. Acid Res. 25(6), 1307-1308 (1997). Sixteen oligonucleotides extending over the complete sequence of the three fragments were designed. Six oligos corresponded to fragment BP, six to fragment PK, and four to fragment EN (the oligonucleotides ranged from 130 to 195 bases in length; adjacent oligos overlapped by twenty nucleotides). Each fragment was assembled in two steps:

1)   PCR; the reaction was carried out in standard *pfu* buffer with 10 pmol of each purified big oligo, 0.2 mM of each dNTPs and 2.5 u *pfu* DNA polymerase enzyme (Stratagene) in a 50 μl final volume. The PCR program was: 3 min 96°C followed by 50 cycles of 1 min 94°C, 1 min 55°C, and 1 min + 5 s/cycle 72°C, ended by 7 min at 72°C. After PCR, the big oligonucleotides were removed from the assembled mutated fragment.

2)   The second step was to specifically amplify the assembled products with 30 mer primers located at the 5' and 3' end of each mutated fragment. One microliter of the assembled PCR product was used as template in a 25-cycle PCR reaction with 50 pmol of each primer, 1 x *pfu* buffer, 0.2 mM of each dNTP and 2.5 u *pfu* DNA polymerase in a 50 μl final volume. The PCR program was: 3 min 96°C, 10 cycles of 30 s 94°C, 30 s 55°C, 45 s 72°C, followed by another 14 cycles of 30 s 94°C, 30 s 55°C, 45 s + 20 s/cycle 72°C, and finally 7 min 72°C. This program gave a single PCR product of the correct size. The amplified BP, PK and EN fragments were individually cloned into PCR-script™ vector using PCR-

script™ Amp SK(+) Cloning Kit (Stratagene). Clones were randomly selected and
sequenced. The correct BP, PK and EN fragments together with fragment KE
previously mutated by Schneider et al. were ligated between BsrGI and KpnI site of
p55AM1-R5 (which was previously described in Schneider et al., J. Virol. 71: 4892-
4903 (1997)) to produce a completely mutated *gagpol* ORF. The new plasmid
containing the completely mutated *gag/pol* was named pLTRgagpolBN. BN stands
for the modification of the fragment between BsrGI and NdeI. The mutated *gag/pol*
was then cloned into a CMVkan vector containing the cytomegalovirus major late
promoter (GenBank accession no. X17403) and the kanamycin resistance gene,
resulting in pCMVgagpolBNkan. The plasmid backbone comes from pVR1332
provided by Vical Inc., and described in Hartikka et al., Hum Gene Ther. 7:1205-17
(1996).

It is understood that different plasmid backbones can be used, e.g., to
provide good expression *in vivo*, in the case of DNA injection, for example.

EXAMPLE 6

Construction of Transfer Vectors pmBCwCNluci and pmBCmCNluci

The HIV-1 sequence BC, between BssHII (257) and ClaI (376),
contains the major splice donor site and the encapsidation signal. Six oligos (33 to
46 bases) were designed to introduce mutations on the splice donor site and the
AUG start codon of *gag*. The BC fragment was assembled, amplified and
sequenced as described in the section concerning the construction of
pCMVgagpolBN.

The mutated BC fragment and a fragment of wild type *gag* between
ClaI (376) and Nsi (793) were placed between the BssHII and Nsi sites of p55RRE
(Schneider et al., J. Virol. 71:4892-4903 (1997)) to generate pmBCwCN. In
parallel, the fragment between ClaI (376) and NsiI sites of mutated *gag* from
p55BM1-10SD+ was used to generate pmBCmCN. (p55BM1-10SD+ is similar to
p55BM1-10, which is described in Schneider et al. (1997), but contains in addition
the intact splice donor and encapsidation site upstream of gag). The region between
NsiI and XhoI containing 3' part of *gag* and RRE in pmBCwCN and pmBCmCN

was replaced by a ClaI-XhoI fragment containing CMV promoter and luciferase gene from pHR'-CMVluci (vector from D. Trono) to generate pmBCwCNluci and pmBCmCNluci (which are shown as transfer constructs 1 and 2 in Figure 5, and schematically depicted in Figures 7 and 8, respectively). The sequences of these plasmids are shown in Figures 10 and 11, respectively. Different versions of these plasmids have also been created, by standard procedures, with variations in the region of the encapsidation site, the first splice donor site, and the initiator *gag* AUG. For example, the transfer construct pm2BcwCNluci (which is shown as transfer construct 3 in Fig. 5) has different mutations in the 5` splice site region and has an intact ATG. A comparison of the sequences in the BssHII-Cla I region of transfer constructs 1 and 2 (mBCwCN frag), transfer construct 3 (m2BCwCN frag), HXB2 and NL43 is shown in Fig. 12.

EXAMPLE 7

Preparation of Viral Particles

Lentiviral particles were generated by transient cotransfection of 293 human kidney cells with a combination of three plasmids: pCMVgagpolBNkan, pmBCwCNluci or pmBCmCNluci (transfer vector) and pHCMV-G (Yee et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci., USA, 91:9564-9568 (1994) a plasmid coding for the envelope VSV-G (glycoprotein of vesicular stomatitis virus).

The day before the transfection, 293 cells were plated at a density of 10^6 cells/plate on a 60 mm plate. Plasmid DNA was transfected by the Ca-phosphate precipitation method in the following proportions: 3 µg packaging construct, 6 µg transfer construct and 100 ng VSV-G encoding construct, pHCMV-G. [Note that the LTR promoter can be expressed in 293 cells in the absence of Tat with a moderate decrease in efficiency. The transfer constructs can be fully Tat independent after replacement of the LTR promoter with a CMV (see, e.g., transfer construct 3 in Fig. 5) or other promoter in such a way that the mRNA start site is at the beginning of the LTR R region.] In the present experiments for preparation of viral particles 500 ng of a Tat expression plasmid was included in the transfection.

- 34 -

Cells were washed the day after transfection and were kept in DMEM medium for another 48 hours before the supernatants were harvested. Supernatants were spun at 1,200 rpm for 7 mins to eliminate any floating cells. pCMVgagpolBNkan produces high levels of Gag protein that is efficiently released from the cells (Figure 13), and also produces high levels of functional Pol as judged by levels of reverse transcriptase activity similar to those found upon expression of complete HIV-1 (Figure 14).

Supernatants from 293 transfected cells were used to transduce several human cell lines (293, Jurkat, U937) and non-dividing human primary macrophages.

EXAMPLE 8

Cell Transduction

Transduction was performed by incubating for 3-4 hours at 37°C the target cells with 1-2 ml of supernatant containing the retroviral vectors. The amount of retroviral vector present in the supernatant was normalized by p24 content (measured by ELISA). Equal amounts of p24 gag protein were used for infection of cells. This way, differences in production of the different preparations was minimized.

The macrophages used for transduction were isolated from the peripheral blood of healthy donors by adherence to plastic. Cells were cultured in RPMI + 20% fetal calf serum (FCS) + 10% human serum (HS). After 1 week, non-adherent cells were washed off with PBS and the macrophages were kept in culture for another 1-2 weeks in the absence of human serum. The cells were washed 2-4 times with PBS before transduction.

Cells were harvested 48 hours after transduction (seven days for primary macrophages) and the transduction efficiency was determined by measuring luciferase activity in cell extracts from the cultures. The results of the transduction experiments in 293 Jurkat, U937 and primary macrophages are shown in Figure 15A-D. These results demonstrate that Rev-independent *gag*-HIV-1 based retroviral vectors display high transduction efficiency in (A) 293 cells, (B) human

lymphoid cells, (C) human myeloid cells (U937), as well as (D) non-dividing cells such as primary human macrophages.

EXAMPLE 9

Use Of Nucleic Acids of the Invention
In Immunoprophylaxis Or Immunotherapy

In postnatal gene therapy, new genetic information has been introduced into tissues by indirect means such as removing target cells from the body, infecting them with viral vectors carrying the new genetic information, and then reimplanting them into the body; or by direct means such as encapsulating formulations of DNA in liposomes; entrapping DNA in proteoliposomes containing viral envelope receptor proteins; calcium phosphate co-precipitating DNA; and coupling DNA to a polylysine-glycoprotein carrier complex. In addition, in vivo infectivity of cloned viral DNA sequences after direct intrahepatic injection with or without formation of calcium phosphate coprecipitates has also been described. mRNA sequences containing elements that enhance stability have also been shown to be efficiently translated in Xenopus laevis embryos, with the use of cationic lipid vesicles. See, e.g., J.A. Wolff, et al., Science 247:1465-1468 (1990) and references cited therein.

Recently, it has also been shown that injection of pure RNA or DNA directly into skeletal muscle results in significant expression of genes within the muscle cells. J.A. Wolff, et al., Science 247:1465-1468 (1990). Forcing RNA or DNA introduced into muscle cells by other means such as by particle-acceleration (N. -S. Yang, et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 87:9568-9572 (1990); S.R. Williams et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 88:2726-2730 (1991)) or by viral transduction should also allow the DNA or RNA to be stably maintained and expressed. In the experiments reported in Wolff et al., RNA or DNA vectors were used to express reporter genes in mouse skeletal muscle cells, specifically cells of the quadriceps muscles. Protein expression was readily detected and no special delivery system was required for these effects. Polynucleotide expression was also obtained when the composition and volume of the injection fluid and the method of injection were modified from the described protocol. For example, reporter enzyme activity was

- 36 -

reported to have been observed with 10 to 100 µl of hypotonic, isotonic, and hypertonic sucrose solutions, Opti-MEM, or sucrose solutions containing 2mM CaCl$_2$ and also to have been observed when the 10- to 100- µl injections were performed over 20 min. with a pump instead of within 1 min.

Enzymatic activity from the protein encoded by the reporter gene was also detected in abdominal muscle injected with the RNA or DNA vectors, indicating that other muscles can take up and express polynucleotides. Low amounts of reporter enzyme were also detected in other tissues (liver, spleen, skin, lung, brain and blood) injected with the RNA and DNA vectors. Intramuscularly injected plasmid DNA has also been demonstrated to be stably expressed in non-human primate muscle. S. Jiao et al., Hum. Gene Therapy 3:21-33 (1992).

It has been proposed that the direct transfer of genes into human muscle in situ may have several potential clinical applications. Muscle is potentially a suitable tissue for the heterologous expression of a transgene that would modify disease states in which muscle is not primarily involved, in addition to those in which it is. For example, muscle tissue could be used for the heterologous expression of proteins that can immunize, be secreted in the blood, or clear a circulating toxic metabolite. The use of RNA and a tissue that can be repetitively accessed might be useful for a reversible type of gene transfer, administered much like conventional pharmaceutical treatments. See J.A. Wolff, et al., Science 247:1465-1468 (1990) and S. Jiao et al., Hum. Gene Therapy 3:21-33 (1992).

It had been proposed by J.A. Wolff et al., supra, that the intracellular expression of genes encoding antigens might provide alternative approaches to vaccine development. This hypothesis has been supported by a recent report that plasmid DNA encoding influenza A nucleoprotein injected into the quadriceps of BALB/c mice resulted in the generation of influenza A nucleoprotein-specific cytotoxic T lymphocytes (CTLs) and protection from a subsequent challenge with a heterologous strain of influenza A virus, as measured by decreased viral lung titers, inhibition of mass loss, and increased survival. J. B. Ulmer et al., Science 259:1745-1749 (1993).

- 37 -

Therefore, it appears that the direct injection of RNA or DNA vectors encoding the viral antigen can be used for endogenous expression of the antigen to generate the viral antigen for presentation to the immune system without the need for self-replicating agents or adjuvants, resulting in the generation of antigen-specific CTLs and protection from a subsequent challenge with a homologous or heterologous strain of virus.

CTLs in both mice and humans are capable of recognizing epitopes derived from conserved internal viral proteins and are thought to be important in the immune response against viruses. By recognition of epitopes from conserved viral proteins, CTLs may provide cross-strain protection. CTLs specific for conserved viral antigens can respond to different strains of virus, in contrast to antibodies, which are generally strain-specific.

Thus, direct injection of RNA or DNA encoding the viral antigen has the advantage of being without some of the limitations of direct peptide delivery or viral vectors. See J.A. Ulmer et al., supra, and the discussions and references therein). Furthermore, the generation of high-titer antibodies to expressed proteins after injection of DNA indicates that this may be a facile and effective means of making antibody-based vaccines targeted towards conserved or non-conserved antigens, either separately or in combination with CTL vaccines targeted towards conserved antigens. These may also be used with traditional peptide vaccines, for the generation of combination vaccines. Furthermore, because protein expression is maintained after DNA injection, the persistence of B and T cell memory may be enhanced, thereby engendering long-lived humoral and cell-mediated immunity. For example, Shriver et al. (1996) describes long-lived T cell responses in mice and non-human primates treated with vaccine compositions containing Rev-independent HIV *gag* and HIV *gag* vectors and Hel et al., *J. Immunol.*, 167:7180-7181 (2001), specifically incorporated by reference herein, describes Rev-independent expression SIV *gag* and SIV *env* vectors and their potentiation of SIV-specific CD4$^+$ and CD8$^+$ T cell responses in both naïve and infected macaques by a DNA-SIV and NYVAC-SIV prime/boost regimen.

- 38 -

1.   Vectors for the immunoprophylaxis or
      immunotherapy against HIV-1

The mutated *gag*, *pol* or *gag/pol* sequences will be inserted in expression vectors using a strong constitutive promoter such as CMV or RSV, or an inducible promoter such as HIV-1.

The vector will be introduced into animals or humans in a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier using one of several techniques such as injection of DNA directly into human tissues; electroporation or transfection of the DNA into primary human cells in culture (ex vivo), selection of cells for desired properties and reintroduction of such cells into the body, (said selection can be for the successful homologous recombination of the incoming DNA to an appropriate preselected genomic region); generation of infectious particles containing the *gag* gene, infection of cells *ex vivo* and reintroduction of such cells into the body; or direct infection by said particles in vivo.

Substantial levels of protein will be produced leading to an efficient stimulation of the immune system.

In another embodiment of the invention, the described constructs will be modified to express mutated Gag proteins that are unable to participate in virus particle formation. It is expected that such Gag proteins will stimulate the immune system to the same extent as the wild-type Gag protein, but be unable to contribute to increased HIV-1 production. This modification should result in safer vectors for immunotherapy and immunophrophylaxis.

EXAMPLE 10

Inhibition of HIV-1 Expression Using Transdominant
(TD)-TD-Gag-TD Rev or Td Gag-Pro-TD Rev Genes

Direct injection of DNA or use of vectors other than retroviral vectors will allow the constitutive high level of trans-dominant Gag (TDgag) in cells. In addition, the approach taken by B.K. Felber et al., Science 239:184-187 (1988) will allow the generation of retroviral vectors, e.g. mouse-derived retroviral vectors, encoding HIV-1 TDgag, which will not interfere with the infection of human cells by the retroviral vectors. In the approach of Felber, et al., supra, it was

- 39 -

shown that fragments of the HIV-1 LTR containing the promoter and part of the polyA signal can be incorporated without detrimental effects within mouse retroviral vectors and remain transcriptionally silent. The presence of Tat protein stimulated transcription from the HIV-1 LTR and resulted in the high level expression of genes linked to the HIV-1 LTR.

The generation of hybrid TDgag-TDRev or TDgag-pro-TDRev genes and the introduction of expression vectors in human cells will allow the efficient production of two proteins that will inhibit HIV-1 expression. The incorporation of two TD proteins in the same vector is expected to amplify the effects of each one on viral replication. The use of the HIV-1 promoter in a matter similar to one described in B.K. Felber, et al., supra, will allow high level Gag and Rev expression in infected cells. In the absence of infection, expression will be substantially lower. Alternatively, the use of other strong promoters will allow the constitutive expression of such proteins. This approach could be highly beneficial, because of the production of a highly immunogenic gag, which is not able to participate in the production of infectious virus, but which, in fact, antagonizes such production. This can be used as an efficient immuniprophylactic or immunotherapeutic approach against AIDS.

Examples of trans-dominant mutants are described in Trono et al., Cell 59:112-120 (1989).

1.   Generation of constructs encoding transdominant Gag mutant proteins

Gag mutant proteins that can act as trans-dominant mutants, as described, for example, in Trono et al., supra, will be generated by modifying vector p37M1-10D or p55M1-13P0 to produce transdominant Gag proteins at high constitutive levels.

The transdominant Gag protein will stimulate the immune system and will inhibit the production of infectious virus, but will not contribute to the production of infectious virus.

The added safety of this approach makes it more acceptable for human application.

VII.   <u>REFERENCES</u>

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Those skilled in the art will recognize that any gene encoding a mRNA containing an inhibitory/instability sequence or sequences can be modified in accordance with the exemplified methods of this invention or their functional equivalents.

Modifications of the above described modes for carrying out the invention that are obvious to those of skill in the fields of genetic engineering, virology, immunology, medicine, and related fields are intended to be within the scope of the following claims.

Every reference cited hereinbefore throughout the application is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety.

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1.   A nucleic acid construct comprising a HIV-1 *gag/pol* gene having the coding sequence of the *gag/pol* gene set forth in Figure 1.

2.   A nucleic acid construct comprising a HIV-1 *pol* gene having the coding sequence of the *pol* gene set forth in Figure 2.

3.   A nucleic acid construct comprising a SIV-1 *gag* gene having the coding sequence of the *gag* gene set forth in Figure 3.

4.   A nucleic acid construct comprising an HIV or SIV 5' LTR, a packaging signal, a *gag/pol* gene comprising the sequence set forth in Figure 1, a 5' splice site, a 3' splice site, an *env* gene, a *tat* gene, a functional RNA transport element and a 3' HIV or SIV LTR, said nucleic acid construct being able to produce functional Gag, Pol and Env virion components.

5.   A vector comprising the nucleic acid construct of Claim 1, 2, 3 or 4.

6.   A transformed host cell comprising the nucleic acid construct of Claim 1, 2, 3 or 4.

7.   A transformed host cell of Claim 6 wherein said cell is a eukaryote.

8.   The host cell of Claim 7 wherein said cell is a human cell.

9.   A transformed host cell of Claim 6 wherein said cell is a prokaryote.

10.   The host cell of Claim 9 wherein said cell is E. coli.

11.   A pharmaceutical composition comprising the nucleic acid construct of Claim 1, 2, 3 or 4 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

12.   A method for inducing antibodies in a mammal comprising administering to a mammal a composition of claim 11, wherein said nucleic acid construct is present in an amount which is effective to induce said antibodies in said mammal.

13.   A method for inducing cytotoxic T lymphocytes in a mammal comprising administering to a mammal a composition of claim 11, wherein said nucleic acid construct is present in an amount which is effective to induce cytotoxic T lymphocytes in said mammal.

- 48 -

14. A vaccine composition for inducing immunity in a mammal against HIV infection comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier and further comprising a therapeutically effective amount of a nucleic acid construct of Claim 1 capable of producing HIV Gag and Pol proteins in the absence of HIV Rev regulatory protein in a cell in vivo.

15. A vaccine composition for inducing immunity in a mammal against HIV infection comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier and further comprising a therapeutically effective amount of a nucleic acid construct of Claim 2 capable of producing HIV Pol protein in the absence of HIV Rev regulatory protein in a cell in vivo.

16. A vaccine composition according to claim 14 wherein said mammal is a human.

17. A vaccine composition according to claim 15 wherein said mammal is a human.

18. A method for inducing immunity against HIV infection in a mammal which comprises administering to a mammal a therapeutically effective amount of a vaccine composition according to claim 14.

19. A method for inducing immunity against HIV infection in a mammal which comprises administering to a mammal a therapeutically effective amount of a vaccine composition according to claim 15.

20. A method according to claim 18 wherein said mammal is a human.

21. A method according to claim 19 wherein said mammal is a human.

22. A lentiviral expression system comprising the following:

(a) a packaging vector comprising a HIV-1 *gag/pol* gene having the nucleotide sequence set forth in Figure 1;

(b) a transfer vector; and

(c) an envelope encoding vector.

23. A transformed host cell comprising the lentiviral expression system of Claim 22.

24. A transformed host cell of Claim 23 wherein said cell is a eukaryote.

25. The host cell of Claim 24 wherein said cell is a human cell.

26. A process for making a lentiviral particle comprising expressing HIV Gag and HIV Pol in a host cell from a vector comprising the nucleotide sequences encoding HIV Gag and HIV Pol set forth in Figure 1 in the presence of a gene encoding an envelope protein.

27. A lentiviral expression system which is capable of functioning in the absence of Rev, Tat, and any viral RNA transport element comprising the following:

(a) a packaging vector comprising a HIV-1 *gag/pol* gene which has been mutated to eliminate inhibitory/instability regions;

(b) a transfer vector; and

(c) an envelope encoding vector.

28. A transformed host cell comprising the lentiviral expression system of Claim 27.

29. A transformed host cell of Claim 28 wherein said cell is a eukaryote.

30. The host cell of Claim 29 wherein said cell is a human cell.

31. A process for making a lentiviral particle in the absence of Rev, Tat, or any viral RNA transport element comprising expressing HIV Gag and HIV Pol in a host cell from a HIV-1 *gag/pol* gene which has been mutated to eliminate inhibitory/instability regions and expressing an Envelope protein from a envelope encoding gene whose expression is independent Rev, Tat, or any viral RNA transport element.

32. A nucleic acid construct comprising a SIV-1 *env* gene having the coding sequence of the *env* gene set forth in Figure 16.

33. A vector comprising the nucleic acid construct of claim 32.

34. A transformed host cell comprising the nucleic acid construct of claim 32.

35. A pharmaceutical composition comprising the nucleic acid construct of claim 32 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

- 50 -

36.   A lentiviral expression system of claim 27 wherein the HIV-1 *gag/pol* gene has the coding sequence of the HIV-1 *gag/pol* gene set forth in Figure 1.

37.   The process of claim 31 wherein the HIV-1 *gag/pol* gene has the coding sequence of the HIV-1 *gag/pol* gene set forth in Figure 1.

38.   A lentiviral expression system of claim 27 wherein the packaging vector has the DNA sequence of packaging construct pCMVgag/polBNKan set forth in Figure 9.

39.   A lentiviral expression system of claim 27 wherein the transfer vector has the DNA sequence of pmBCwCNluci set forth in Figure 10 or pmBCmCNluci set forth in Figure 11.

ATGGGTGCGAGAGCGTCAGTATTAAGCGGGGGAGAATTAGATCGATGGGAAAAAAT

TCGGTTAAGGCCAGGGGGAAAGAAGAAGTACAAGCTAAAGCACATCGTATGGGCAA

GCAGGGAGCTAGAACGATTCGCAGTTAATCCTGGCCTGTTAGAAACATCAGAAGGC

TGTAGACAAATACTGGGACAGCTACAACCATCCCTTCAGACAGGATCAGAGGAGCT

TCGATCACTATACAACACAGTAGCAACCCTCTATTGTGTGCACCAGCGGATCGAGA

TCAAGGACACCAAGGAAGCTTTAGACAAGATAGAGGAAGAGCAAAACAAGTCCAAG

AAGAAGGCCCAGCAGGCAGCAGCTGACACAGGACACAGCAATCAGGTCAGCCAAAA

TTACCCTATAGTGCAGAACATCCAGGGGCAAATGGTACATCAGGCCATATCACCTA

GAACTTTAAATGCATGGGTAAAAGTAGTAGAAGAGAAGGCTTTCAGCCCAGAAGTG

ATACCCATGTTTTCAGCATTATCAGAAGGAGCCACCCCACAGGACCTGAACACGAT

GTTGAACACCGTGGGGGGACATCAAGCAGCCATGCAAATGTTAAAAGAGACCATCA

ATGAGGAAGCTGCAGAATGGGATAGAGTGCATCCAGTGCATGCAGGGCCTATTGCA

CCAGGCCAGATGAGAGAACCAAGGGGAAGTGACATAGCAGGAACTACTAGTACCCT

TCAGGAACAAATAGGATGGATGACAAATAATCCACCTATCCCAGTAGGAGAGATCT

ACAAGAGGTGGATAATCCTGGGATTGAACAAGATCGTGAGGATGTATAGCCCTACC

AGCATTCTGGACATAAGACAAGGACCAAAGGAACCCTTTAGAGACTATGTAGACCG

GTTCTATAAAACTCTAAGAGCTGAGCAAGCTTCACAGGAGGTAAAAAATTGGATGA

CAGAAACCTTGTTGGTCCAAAATGCGAACCCAGATTGTAAGACCATCCTGAAGGCT

CTCGGCCCAGCGGCTACACTAGAAGAAATGATGACAGCATGTCAGGGAGTAGGAGG

ACCCGGCCATAAGGCAAGAGTTTTGGCCGAGGCGATGAGCCAGGTGACGAACTCGG

CGACCATAATGATGCAGAGAGGCAACTTCCGGAACCAGCGGAAGATCGTCAAGTGC

TTCAATTGTGGCAAAGAAGGGCACACCGCCAGGAACTGCCGGGCCCCCGGAAGAA

GGGCTGTTGGAAATGTGGAAAGGAAGGACACCAAATGAAAGATTGTACTGAGAGAC

FIG. I

AGGCTAATTTTTTAGGGAAGATCTGGCCTTCCTACAAGGGAAGGCCAGGGAATTTT

CTTCAGAGCAGACCAGAGCCAACAGCCCCACCAGAAGAGAGCTTCAGGTCTGGGGT

AGAGACAACAACTCCCCCTCAGAAGCAGGAGCCGATAGACAAGGAACTGTATCCTT

TAACTTCCCTCAGATCACTCTTTGGCAACGACCCCTCGTCACAGTAAGGATCGGGG

GGCAACTCAAGGAAGCGCTGCTCGATACAGGAGCAGATGATACAGTATTAGAAGAA

ATGAGTTTGCCAGGAAGATGGAAACCAAAAATGATAGGGGGGATCGGGGGCTTCAT

CAAGGTGAGGCAGTACGACCAGATACTCATAGAAATCTGTGGACATAAAGCTATAG

GTACAGTATTAGTAGGACCTACACCTGTCAACATAATTGGAAGAAATCTGTTGACC

CAGATCGGCTGCACCTTGAACTTCCCCATCAGCCCTATTGAGACGGTGCCCGTGAA

GTTGAAGCCGGGGATGGACGGCCCCAAGGTCAAGCAATGGCCATTGACGAAAGAGA

AGATCAAGGCCTTAGTCGAAATCTGTACAGAGATGGAGAAGGAAGGGAAGATCAGC

AAGATCGGGCCTGAGAACCCCTACAACACTCCAGTCTTCGCAATCAAGAAGAAGGA

CAGTACCAAGTGGAGAAAGCTGGTGGACTTCAGAGAGCTGAACAAGAGAACTCAGG

ACTTCTGGGAAGTTCAGCTGGGCATCCCACATCCCGCTGGGTTGAAGAAGAAGAAG

TCAGTGACAGTGCTGGATGTGGGTGATGCCTACTTCTCCGTTCCCTTGGACGAGGA

CTTCAGGAAGTACACTGCCTTCACGATACCTAGCATCAACAACGAGACACCAGGCA

TCCGCTACCAGTACAACGTGCTGCCACAGGGATGGAAGGGATCACCAGCCATCTTT

CAAAGCAGCATGACCAAGATCCTGGAGCCCTTCCGCAAGCAAAACCCAGACATCGT

GATCTATCAGTACATGGACGACCTCTACGTAGGAAGTGACCTGGAGATCGGGCAGC

ACAGGACCAAGATCGAGGAGCTGAGACAGCATCTGTTGAGGTGGGGACTGACCACA

CCAGACAAGAAGCACCAGAAGGAACCTCCCTTCCTGTGGATGGGCTACGAACTGCA

TCCTGACAAGTGGACAGTGCAGCCCATCGTGCTGCCTGAGAAGGACAGCTGGACTG

TGAACGACATACAGAAGCTCGTGGGCAAGTTGAACTGGGCAAGCCAGATCTACCCA

GGCATCAAAGTTAGGCAGCTGTGCAAGCTGCTTCGAGGAACCAAGGCACTGACAGA

AGTGATCCCACTGACAGAGGAAGCAGAGCTAGAACTGGCAGAGAACCGAGAGATCC

TGAAGGAGCCAGTACATGGAGTGTACTACGACCCAAGCAAGGACCTGATCGCAGAG

ATCCAGAAGCAGGGGCAAGGCCAATGGACCTACCAAATCTACCAGGAGCCCTTCAA

GAACCTGAAGACAGGCAAGTACGCAAGGATGAGGGGTGCCCACACCAACGATGTGA

AGCAGCTGACAGAGGCAGTGCAGAAGATCACCACAGAGAGCATCGTGATCTGGGGC

AAGACTCCCAAGTTCAAGCTGCCCATACAGAAGGAGACATGGGAGACATGGTGGAC

CGAGTACTGGCAAGCCACCTGGATCCCTGAGTGGGAGTTCGTGAACACCCCTCCCT

TGGTGAAACTGTGGTATCAGCTGGAGAAGGAACCCATCGTGGGAGCAGAGACCTTC

TACGTGGATGGGGCAGCCAACAGGGAGACCAAGCTGGGCAAGGCAGGCTACGTGAC

CAACCGAGGACGACAGAAAGTGGTGACCCTGACTGACACCACCAACCAGAAGACTG

AGCTGCAAGCCATCTACCTAGCTCTGCAAGACAGCGGACTGGAAGTGAACATCGTG

ACAGACTCACAGTACGCACTGGGCATCATCCAAGCACAACCAGACCAATCCGAGTC

AGAGCTGGTGAACCAGATCATCGAGCAGCTGATCAAGAAGGAGAAAGTGTACCTGG

CATGGGTACCAGCACACAAAGGAATTGGAGGAAATGAACAAGTAGATAAATTAGTC

AGTGCTGGGATCCGGAAGGTGCTGTTCCTGGACGGGATCGATAAGGCCCAAGATGA

ACATGAGAAGTACCACTCCAACTGGCGCGCTATGGCCAGCGACTTCAACCTGCCAC

CTGTAGTAGCAAAAGAAATAGTAGCCAGCTGTGATAAATGTCAGCTAAAAGGAGAA

GCCATGCATGGACAAGTAGACTGTAGTCCAGGAATATGGCAGCTGGACTGCACGCA

CCTGGAGGGGAAGGTGATCCTGGTAGCAGTTCATGTAGCCAGTGGATATATAGAAG

CAGAAGTTATCCCTGCTGAAACTGGGCAGGAAACAGCATATTTTCTTTTAAAATTA

GCAGGAAGATGGCCAGTAAAAACAATACACACGGACAACGGAAGCAACTTCACTGG

TGCTACGGTTAAGGCCGCCTGTTGGTGGGCGGGAATCAAGCAGGAATTTGGAATTC

CCTACAATCCCCAATCGCAAGGAGTCGTGGAGAGCATGAACAAGGAGCTGAAGAAG

ATCATCGGACAAGTGAGGGATCAGGCTGAGCACCTGAAGACAGCAGTGCAGATGGC

AGTGTTCATCCACAACTTCAAAAGAAAAGGGGGGATTGGGGGGTACAGTGCAGGGG

AAAGGATCGTGGACATCATCGCCACCGACATCCAAACCAAGGAGCTGCAGAAGCAG

ATCACCAAGATCCAGAACTTCCGGGTGTACTACCGCGACAGCCGCAACCCACTGTG

GAAGGGACCAGCAAAGCTCCTCTGGAAGGGAGAGGGGGCAGTGGTGATCCAGGACA

ACAGTGACATCAAAGTGGTGCCAAGGCGCAAGGCCAAGATCATCCGCGACTATGGA

AAACAGATGGCAGGTGATGATTGTGTGGCAAGTAGACAGGATGAGGATTAGAACCT

GGAAGAGCCTGGTGAAGCACCATATG (SEQUENCE ID NO:1)

```
>wildtype        TGTACAGAGA TGGAAAAGGA AGGGAAAATT TCAAAAATTG
>mutated         TGTACAGAGA TGGAGAAGGA AGGGAAGATC AGCAAGATCG
  #1             ...................... *  .... * *  * *** * .. *

>wildtype        GGCCTGAAAA TCCATACAAT ACTCCAGTAT TTGCCATAAA
>mutated         GGCCTGAGAA CCCCTACAAC ACTCCAGTCT TCGCAATCAA
  #41            ........:.. * .. * .. * .... * ....... * .. * .. *

>wildtype        GAAAAAAGAC AGTACTAAAT GGAGAAAATT AGTAGATTTC
>mutated         GAAGAAGGAC AGTACCAAGT GGAGAAAGCT GGTGGACTTC
  #81            ...... * .. * ...... * .. * ..... ** .. * .. t .. *

>wildtype        AGAGAACTTA ATAAGAGAAC TCAAGACTTC TGGGAAGTTC
>mutated         AGAGAGCTGA ACAAGAGAAC TCAGGACTTC TGGGAAGTTC
  #121           ...... * .. * .. * .......... * .............

>wildtype        AATTAGGAAT ACCACATCCC GCAGGGTTAA AAAAGAAAAA
>mutated         AGCTGGGCAT CCCACATCCC GCTGGGTTGA AGAAGAAGAA
  #161           .. ** . * . * ... * ...... * .... * .. * .. * .. *

>wildtype        ATCAGTAACA GTACTGGATG TGGGTGATGC ATATTTTTCA
>mutated         GTCAGTGACA GTGCTGGATG TGGGTGATGC CTACTTCTCC
  #201           . * .... * .... * ........... * . * . * . *

>wildtype        GTTCCCTTAG ATGAAGACTT CAGGAAATAT ACTGCATTTA
>mutated         GTTCCCTTGG ACGAGGACTT CAGGAAGTAC ACTGCCTTCA
  #241           ........ * .. * . * .......... * . * .. * .. *

>wildtype        CCATACCTAG TATAAACAAT GAGACACCAG GGATTAGATA
>mutated         CGATACCTAG CATCAACAAC GAGACACCAG GCATCCGCTA
  #281           . * ....... * . * . * ........... * . ** . *

>wildtype        TCAGTACAAT GTGCTTCCAC AGGGATGGAA AGGATCACCA
>mutated         CCAGTACAAC GTGCTGCCAC AGGGATGGAA GGGATCACCA
  #321           . * ........ * ..... * .......... * .......

>wildtype        GCAATATTCC AAAGTAGCAT GACAAAAATC TTAGAGCCTT
>mutated         GCCATCTTTC AAAGCAGCAT GACCAAGATC CTGGAGCCCT
  #361           .. * . * .. * ....... * .. * . * . * . * .. *

>wildtype        TTAGAAAACA AAATCCAGAC ATAGTTATCT ATCAATACAT
>mutated         TCCGCAAGCA AAACCCAGAC ATCGTGATCT ATCAGTACAT
  #401           . ** . * . * ... * ...... * . * ........ *
```

FIG. 2

```
>wildtype    GGATGATTTG TATGTAGGAT CTGACTTAGA AATAGGGCAG
>mutated     GGACGACCTC TACGTAGGAA GTGACCTGGA GATCGGGCAG
#441         .........................................
                *  ** *   *       *  *    *  *    *  *

>wildtype    CATAGAACAA AAATAGAGGA GCTGAGACAA CATCTGTTGA
>mutated     CACAGGACCA AGATCGAGGA GCTGAGACAG CATCTGTTGA
#481         .........................................
               *  *   *    *  *               *

>wildtype    GGTGGGGACT TACCACACCA GACAAAAAAC ATCAGAAAGA
>mutated     GGTGGGGACT GACCACACCA GACAAGAAGC ACCAGAAGGA
#521         .........................................
                       *               *  *    *    *

>wildtype    ACCTCCATTC CTTTGGATGG GTTATGAACT CCATCCTGAT
>mutated     ACCTCCCTTC CTGTGGATGG GCTACGAACT GCATCCTGAC
#561         .........................................
                   *        *        *  *      *      *

>wildtype    AAATGGACAG TACAGCCTAT AGTGCTGCCA GAAAAAGACA
>mutated     AAGTGGACAG TGCAGCCCAT CGTGCTGCCT GAGAAGGACA
#601         .........................................
                *          *    *    *       *  *  *

>wildtype    GCTGGACTGT CAATGACATA CAGAAGTTAG TGGGGAAATT
>mutated     GCTGGACTGT GAACGACATA CAGAAGCTCG TGGGCAAGTT
#641         .........................................
                       *  *           * *       *  *

>wildtype    GAATTGGGCA AGTCAGATTT ACCCAGGGAT TAAAGTAAGG
>mutated     GAACTGGGCA AGCCAGATCT ACCCAGGCAT CAAAGTTAGG
#681         .........................................
                *          *    *         *   *    *

>wildtype    CAATTATGTA AACTCCTTAG AGGAACCAAA GCACTAACAG
>mutated     CAGCTGTGCA AGCTGCTTCG AGGAACCAAG GCACTGACAG
#721         .........................................
                **  *   *   *  *   *            *      *

>wildtype    AAGTAATACC ACTAACAGAA GAAGCAGAGC TAGAACTGGC
>mutated     AAGTGATCCC ACTGACAGAG GAAGCAGAGC TAGAACTGGC
#761         .........................................
                 *  *     *  *    *

>wildtype    AGAAAACAGA GAGATTCTAA AAGAACCAGT ACATGGAGTG
>mutated     AGAGAACCGA GAGATCCTGA AGGAGCCAGT ACATGGAGTG
#801         .........................................
                *   *       *  *    *  *

>wildtype    TATTATGACC CATCAAAAGA CTTAATAGCA GAAATACAGA
>mutated     TACTACGACC CAAGCAAGGA CCTGATCGCA GAGATCCAGA
#841         .........................................
                *  *      *** *    *  *  *      *  *
```

```
>wildtype    AGCAGGGGCA AGGCCAATGG ACATATCAAA TTTATCAAGA
>mutated     AGCAGGGGCA AGGCCAATGG ACCTACCAAA TCTACCAGGA
#881         .................................................
                                   *  *     *   *   *

>wildtype    GCCATTTAAA AATCTGAAAA CAGGAAAATA TGCAAGAATG
>mutated     GCCCTTCAAG AACCTGAAGA CAGGCAAGTA CGCAAGGATG
#921         .................................................
                *   *   *    *     *     *   *   *    *

>wildtype    AGGGGTGCCC ACACTAATGA TGTAAAACAA TTAACAGAGG
>mutated     AGGGGTGCCC ACACCAACGA TGTGAAGCAG CTGACAGAGG
#961         .................................................
                          *   *         *   *    *  *  *

>wildtype    CAGTGCAAAA AATAACCACA GAAAGCATAG TAATATGGGG
>mutated     CAGTGCAGAA GATCACCACA GAGAGCATCG TGATCTGGGG
#1001        .................................................
                       *    *   *         *     *   *  *

>wildtype    AAAGACTCCT AAATTTAAAC TGCCCATACA AAAGGAAACA
>mutated     CAAGACTCCC AAGTTCAAGC TGCCCATACA GAAGGAGACA
#1041        .................................................
                *            *  *  *   *           *      *

>wildtype    TGGGAAACAT GGTGGACAGA GTATTGGCAA GCCACCTGGA
>mutated     TGGGAGACAT GGTGGACCGA GTACTGGCAA GCCACCTGGA
#1081        .................................................
                    *              *        *

>wildtype    TTCCTGAGTG GGAGTTTGTT AATACCCCTC CTTTAGTGAA
>mutated     TCCCTGAGTG GGAGTTCGTG AACACCCCTC CCTTGGTGAA
#1121        .................................................
                *                 *   *    *          *  *

>wildtype    ATTATGGTAC CAGTTAGAGA AAGAACCCAT AGTAGGAGCA
>mutated     ACTGTGGTAT CAGCTGGAGA AGGAACCCAT CGTGGGAGCA
#1161        .................................................
                *  *     *    *  *         *          *  *

>wildtype    GAAACCTTCT ATGTAGATGG GGCAGCTAAC AGGGAGACTA
>mutated     GAGACCTTCT ACGTGGATGG GGCAGCCAAC AGGGAGACCA
#1201        .................................................
                    *          *  *          *           *

>wildtype    AATTAGGAAA AGCAGGATAT GTTACTAATA GAGGAAGACA
>mutated     AGCTGGGCAA GGCAGGCTAC GTGACCAACC GAGGACGACA
#1241        .................................................
                ** *  *     *       *  *    *  *   **      *

>wildtype    AAAAGTTGTC ACCCTAACTG ACACAACAAA TCAGAAGACT
>mutated     GAAAGTGGTG ACCCTGACTG ACACCACCAA CCAGAAGACT
#1281        .................................................
                *     *  *       *         *  *   *
```

```
>wildtype       GAGTTACAAG CAATTTATCT AGCTTTGCAG GATTCGGGAT
>mutated        GAGCTGCAAG CCATCTACCT AGCTCTGCAA GACAGCGGAC
#1321           ...........................................
                  *  *      *    *    *       *      *  ****   *


>wildtype       TAGAAGTAAA CATAGTAACA GACTCACAAT ATGCATTAGG
>mutated        TGGAAGTGAA CATCGTGACA GACTCACAGT ACGCACTGGG
#1361 -         ...........................................
                  *      *      *    *            *     *    * *


>wildtype       AATCATTCAA GCACAACCAG ATCAAAGTGA ATCAGAGTTA
>mutated        CATCATCCAA GCACAACCAG ACCAATCCGA GTCAGAGCTG
#1401           ...........................................
                *        *                   *    ***   *     * *


>wildtype       GTCAATCAAA TAATAGAGCA GTTAATAAAA AAGGAAAAGG
>mutated        GTGAACCAGA TCATCGAGCA GCTGATCAAG AAGGAGAAAG
#1441           ...........................................
                  *   *  *    *   *      *  *  *  *       *  *


>wildtype       TCTATCTGGC ATGGGTACCA GCACACAAAG GAATTGGAGG
>mutated        TGTACCTGGC ATGGGTACCA GCACACAAAG GAATTGGAGG
#1481           ...........................................
                  *    *


>wildtype       AAATGAACAA GTAGATAAAT TAGTCAGTGC TGGAATCAGG
>mutated        AAATGAACAA GTAGATAAAT TAGTCAGTGC TGGGATCCGG
#1521           ...........................................
                                                    *   *


>wildtype       AAAGTACTAT TTTTAGATGG AATAGATAAG GCCCAAGATG
>mutated        AAGGTGCTGT TCCTGGACGG GATCGATAAG GCCCAAGATG
#1561           ...........................................
                  *   *  *    **  *  *    *  *


>wildtype       AACATGAGAA ATATCACAGT AATTGGAGAG CAATGGCTAG
>mutated        AACATGAGAA GTACCACTCC AACTGGCGCG CTATGGCCAG
#1601           ...........................................
                           *   *    ***    *    *  *    *     *


>wildtype       TGATTTTAAC CTGCCACCTG TAGTAGCAAA AGAAATAGTA
>mutated        CGACTTCAAC CTGCCACCTG TAGTAGCAAA AGAAATAGTA
#1641           ...........................................
                *  *   *


>wildtype       GCCAGCTGTG ATAAATGTCA GCTAAAAGGA GAAGCCATGC
>mutated        GCCAGCTGTG ATAAATGTCA GCTAAAAGGA GAAGCCATGC
#1681           ...........................................


>wildtype       ATGGACAAGT AGACTGTAGT CCAGGAATAT GGCAACTAGA
>mutated        ATGGACAAGT AGACTGTAGT CCAGGAATAT GGCAGCTGGA
#1721           ...........................................
                                                    *   *
```

```
>wildtype       TTGTACACAT TTAGAAGGAA AAGTTATCCT GGTAGCAGTT
>mutated        CTGCACGCAC CTGGAGGGGA AGGTGATCCT GGTAGCAGTT
#1761           ..........................................
                 *    *    *    *  *    *    *     *    *


>wildtype       CATGTAGCCA GTGGATATAT AGAAGCAGAA GTTATTCCAG
>mutated        CATGTAGCCA GTGGATATAT AGAAGCAGAA GTTATCCCTG
#1801           ..........................................
                                                      *    *


>wildtype       CAGAAACAGG GCAGGAAACA GCATATTTTC TTTTAAAATT
>mutated        CTGAAACTGG GCAGGAAACA GCATATTTTC TTTTAAAATT
#1841           ..........................................
                  *        *


>wildtype       AGCAGGAAGA TGGCCAGTAA AAACAATACA TACAGACAAT
>mutated        AGCAGGAAGA TGGCCAGTAA AAACAATACA CACGGACAAC
#1881           ..........................................
                                                 *    *     *


>wildtype       GGCAGCAATT TCACCAGTGC TACGGTTAAG GCCGCCTGTT
>mutated        GGAAGCAACT TCACTGGTGC TACGGTTAAG GCCGCCTGTT
#1921           ..........................................
                   *        *        **


>wildtype       GGTGGGCGGG AATCAAGCAG GAATTTGGAA TTCCCTACAA
>mutated        GGTGGGCGGG AATCAAGCAG GAATTTGGAA TTCCCTACAA
#1961           ..........................................


>wildtype       TCCCCAAAGT CAAGGAGTAG TAGAATCTAT GAATAAAGAA
>mutated        TCCCCAATCG CAAGGAGTCG TGGAGAGCAT GAACAAGGAG
#2001           ..........................................
                         *** *        *    *  ****     *    *    *


>wildtype       TTAAAGAAAA TTATAGGACA GGTAAGAGAT CAGGCTGAAC
>mutated        CTGAAGAAGA TCATCGGACA AGTGAGGGAT CAGGCTGAGC
#2041           ..........................................
                 *  *      *    *    *     *    *    *         *


>wildtype       ATCTTAAGAC AGCAGTACAA ATGGCAGTAT TCATCCACAA
>mutated        ACCTGAAGAC AGCAGTGCAG ATGGCAGTGT TCATCCACAA
#2081           ..........................................
                  *   *            *    *        *


>wildtype       TTTTAAAAGA AAAGGGGGGA TTGGGGGGTA CAGTGCAGGG
>mutated        CTTCAAAAGA AAAGGGGGGA TTGGGGGGTA CAGTGCAGGG
#2121           ..........................................
                 *   *


>wildtype       GAAAGAATAG TAGACATAAT AGCAACAGAC ATACAAACTA
>mutated        GAAAGGATCG TGGACATCAT CGCCACCGAC ATCCAAACCA
#2161           ..........................................
                     *    *    *      *    *   *  *   *       *     *
```

```
>wildtype      AAGAATTACA AAAACAAATT ACAAAAATTC AAAATTTTCG
>mutated       AGGAGCTGCA GAAGCAGATC ACCAAGATCC AGAACTTCCG
 #2201         ..........................................
                *   ** *    *    *   *   *    *   *    *   *   *


>wildtype      GGTTTATTAC AGGGACAGCA GAAATCCACT TTGGAAAGGA
>mutated       GGTGTACTAC CGCGACAGCC GCAACCCACT GTGGAAGGGA
 #2241         ..........................................
                 *    *      *  *      *   *   *     *     *


>wildtype      CCAGCAAAGC TCCTCTGGAA AGGTGAAGGG GCAGTAGTAA
>mutated       CCAGCAAAGC TCCTCTGGAA GGGAGAGGGG GCAGTGGTGA
 #2281         ..........................................
                                      *   *  *        *   *


>wildtype      TACAAGATAA TAGTGACATA AAAGTAGTGC CAAGAAGAAA
>mutated       TCCAGGACAA CAGTGACATC AAAGTGGTGC CAAGGCGCAA
 #2321         ..........................................
                 *  *   *    *        *       *        ** *


>wildtype      AGCAAAGATC ATTAGGGATT ATGGAAAACA GATGGCAGGT
>mutated       GGCCAAGATC ATCCGCGACT ATGGAAAACA GATGGCAGGT
 #2361         ..........................................
                *   *        **  *   *


>wildtype      GATGATTGTG TGGCAAGTAG ACAGGATGAG GATTAGAACA
>mutated       GATGATTGTG TGGCAAGTAG ACAGGATGAG GATTAGAACC
 #2401         ..........................................
                                                        *


>wildtype      TGGAAAAGTT TAGTAAAACA CCATATG
>mutated       TGGAAGAGCC TGGTGAAGCA CCATATG
 #2441         ..........................................
                   *   **  *   *   *
```

ATGGGCGTGAGAAACTCCGTCTTGTCAGGGAAGAAAGCAGATGAATTAG
AAAAAATTAGGCTACGACCCAACGGAAAGAAAAAGTACATGTTGAAGC
ATGTAGTATGGGCAGCAAATGAATTAGATAGATTTGGATTAGCAGAAAG
CCTGTTGGAGAACAAAGAAGGATGTCAAAAAATACTTTCGGTCTTAGCT
CCATTAGTGCCAACAGGCTCAGAAAATTTAAAAAGCCTTTATAATACTG
TCTGCGTCATCTGGTGCATTCACGCAGAAGAGAAAGTGAAACACACTGA
GGAAGCAAAACAGATAGTGCAGAGACACCTAGTGGTGGAAACAGGAAC
CACCGAAACCATGCCGAAGACCTCTCGACCAACAGCACCATCTAGCGGC
AGAGGAGGAAACTACCCAGTACAGCAGATCGGTGGCAACTACGTCCAC
CTGCCACTGTCCCCGAGAACCCTGAACGCTTGGGTCAAGCTGATCGAGG
AGAAGAAGTTCGGAGCAGAAGTAGTGCCAGGATTCCAGGCACTGTCAG
AAGGTTGCACCCCCTACGACATCAACCAGATGCTGAACTGCGTTGGAGA
CCATCAGGCGGCTATGCAGATCATCCGTGACATCATCAACGAGGAGGCT
GCAGATTGGGACTTGCAGCACCCACAACCAGCTCCACAACAAGGACAA
CTTAGGGAGCCGTCAGGATCAGACATCGCAGGAACCACCTCCTCAGTTG
ACGAACAGATCCAGTGGATGTACCGTCAGCAGAACCCGATCCCAGTAGG
CAACATCTACCGTCGATGGATCCAGCTGGGTCTGCAGAAATGCGTCCGT
ATGTACAACCCGACCAACATTCTAGATGTAAAACAAGGGCCAAAAGAG
CCATTTCAGAGCTATGTAGACAGGTTCTACAAAGTTTAAGAGCAGAAC
AGACAGATGCAGCAGTAAAGAATTGGATGACTCAAACACTGCTGATTCA
AAATGCTAACCCAGATTGCAAGCTAGTGCTGAAGGGGCTGGGTGTGAAT
CCCACCCTAGAAGAAATGCTGACGGCTTGTCAAGGAGTAGGGGGGCCG
GGACAGAAGGCTAGATTAATGGCAGAAGCCCTGAAAGAGGCCCTCGCA
CCAGTGCCAATCCCTTTTGCAGCAGCCCAACAGAGGGGACCAAGAAAGC
CAATTAAGTGTTGGAATTGTGGGAAAGAGGGACACTCTGCAAGGCAATG
CAGAGCCCCAAGAAGACAGGGATGCTGGAAATGTGGAAAAATGGACCA
TGTTATGGCCAAATGCCCAGACAGACAGGCGGGTTTTTAGGCCTTGGT
CCATGGGGAAAGAAGCCCCGCAATTTCCCCATGGCTCAAGTGCATCAGG
GGCTGATGCCAACTGCTCCCCCAGAGGACCCAGCTGTGGATCTGCTAAA
GAACTACATGCAGTTGGGCAAGCAGCAGAGAGAAAAGCAGAGAGAAAG
CAGAGAGAAGCCTTACAAGGAGGTGACAGAGGATTTGCTGCACCTCAAT
TCTCTCTTTGGAGGAGACCAGTAG

FIG. 3

12/45

```
SIV gag       -------------------------------------------
#1            .........................................
              ATGGGCGTGAGAAACTCCGTCTTGTCAGGGAAGAAAGCAG


SIV gag       -------------------------------------------
#41           .........................................
              ATGAATTAGAAAAAATTAGGCTACGACCCAACGGAAAGAA


SIV gag       -------------------------------------------
#81           .........................................
              AAAGTACATGTTGAAGCATGTAGTATGGGCAGCAAATGAA


SIV gag       -------------------------------------------
#121          .........................................
              TTAGATAGATTTGGATTAGCAGAAAGCCTGTTGGAGAACA


SIV gag       -------------------------------------------
#161          .........................................
              AAGAAGGATGTCAAAAAATACTTTCGGTCTTAGCTCCATT


SIV gag       -------------------------------------------
#201          .........................................
              AGTGCCAACAGGCTCAGAAAATTTAAAAAGCCTTTATAAT


SIV gag       -------------------------------------------
#241          .........................................
              ACTGTCTGCGTCATCTGGTGCATTCACGCAGAAGAGAAAG


SIV gag       -------------------------------------------
SIVgagDX..                                  ------------
#281          .........................................
              TGAAACACACTGAGGAAGCAAAACAGATAGTGCAGAGACA


SIV gag       ----------------------------A--A-----T-----A--A
SIVgagDX..    ----------------------------C--C-----C-----G--G
#321          .........................................
              CCTAGTGGTGGAAACAGGAACMACMGAAACYATGCCRAAR


SIV gag       --AAG-A--------------------------------------
SIVgagDX..    --CTC-C--------------------------------------
#361          .........................................
              ACMWSTMGACCAACAGCACCATCTAGCGGCAGAGGAGGAA
```

FIG. 4

```
SIV gag      -T-----------A--A--A-----------T---------
SIVgagDX..   -C-----------G--G--C-----------C---------
    #401     ..........................................
             AYTACCCAGTACARCARATMGGTGGTAACTAYGTCCACCT

SIV gag      ----T-AAG---------AT-A--T--C-----A--AT--
SIVgagDX..   ----C-GTC---------CC-G--C--T-----C--GC--
    #441     ..........................................
             GCCAYTRWSCCCGAGAACMYTRAAYGCYTGGGTMAARYTG

SIV gag      --A-----A-----A--T----------------------
SIVgagDX..   --C-----G-----G--C----------------------
    #481     ..........................................
             ATMGAGGARAAGAARTTYGGAGCAGAAGTAGTGCCAGGAT

SIV gag      -T-----------------------------T-----T--
SIVgagDX..   -C-----------------------------C-----C--
    #521     ..........................................
             TYCAGGCACTGTCAGAAGGTTGCACCCCCTAYGACATYAA

SIV gag      T------T-A--T--T--G-----------A---------
SIVgagDX..   C------C-G--C--C--T-----------G---------
    #561     ..........................................
             YCAGATGYTRAAYTGYGTKGGAGACCATCARGCGGCTATG

SIV gag      -----T---A-A--T--T--A-------------------
SIVgagDX..   -----C---C-T--C--C--C-------------------
    #601     ..........................................
             CAGATYATCMGWGAYATYATMAACGAGGAGGCTGCAGATT

SIV gag      ----------------------------------------
SIVgagDX..   ----------------------------------------
    #641     ..........................................
             GGGACTTGCAGCACCCACAACCAGCTCCACAACAAGGACA

SIV gag      ----------------------------T--T--------A--T
SIVgagDX..   ----------------------------C--C--------C--C
    #681     ..........................................
             ACTTAGGGAGCCGTCAGGATCAGAYATYGCAGGAACMACY

SIV gag      AGT-----A--T-----A---------------A-A--A-
SIVgagDX..   TCC-----T--C-----G---------------C-T--G-
    #721     ..........................................
             WSYTCAGTWGAYGAACARATCCAGTGGATGTACMGWCARC
```

```
SIV gag     -------C--A----------------T---A-GA-------
SIVgagDX..-------G--C---------------C---C-TC-------
  #761      ..........................................
            AGAACCCSATMCCAGTAGGCAACATYTACMGKMGATGGAT

SIV gag     ---A-----GT----A--A--T--CA-A-----T-----A
SIVgagDX..---G-----TC----G--G--C--TC-T-----C-----G
  #801      ..........................................
            CCARCTGGGKYTGCARAARTGYGTYMGWATGTAYAACCCR

SIV gag     --A-------------------------------------
SIVgagDX..--C-------------------
  #841      ..........................................
            ACMAACATTCTAGATGTAAAACAAGGGCCAAAAGAGCCAT

SIV gag     ----------------------------------------
  #881      ..........................................
            TTCAGAGCTATGTAGACAGGTTCTACAAAAGTTTAAGAGC

SIV gag     ----------------------------------------
  #921      ..........................................
            AGAACAGACAGATGCAGCAGTAAAGAATTGGATGACTCAA

SIV gag     ----------------------------------------
  #961      ..........................................
            ACACTGCTGATTCAAAATGCTAACCCAGATTGCAAGCTAG

SIV gag     ----------------------------------------
  #1001     ..........................................
            TGCTGAAGGGGCTGGGTGTGAATCCCACCCTAGAAGAAAT

SIV gag     ----------------------------------------
  #1041     ..........................................
            GCTGACGGCTTGTCAAGGAGTAGGGGGGCCGGGACAGAAG

SIV gag     ----------------------------------------
  #1081     ..........................................
            GCTAGATTAATGGCAGAAGCCCTGAAAGAGGCCCTCGCAC

SIV gag     ----------------------------------------
  #1121     ..........................................
            CAGTGCCAATCCCTTTTGCAGCAGCCCAACAGAGGGGACC

SIV gag     ----------------------------------------
  #1161     ..........................................
            AAGAAAGCCAATTAAGTGTTGGAATTGTGGGAAAGAGGGA
```

```
SIV gag      ------------------------------------------
#1201        ........................................
             CACTCTGCAAGGCAATGCAGAGCCCCAAGAAGACAGGGAT

SIV gag      ------------------------------------------
#1241        ........................................
             GCTGGAAATGTGGAAAAATGGACCATGTTATGGCCAAATG

SIV gag      ------------------------------------------
#1281        ........................................
             CCCAGACAGACAGGCGGGTTTTTTAGGCCTTGGTCCATGG

SIV gag      ------------------------------------------
#1321        ........................................
             GGAAAGAAGCCCCGCAATTTCCCCATGGCTCAAGTGCATC

SIV gag      ------------------------------------------
#1361        ........................................
             AGGGGCTGATGCCAACTGCTCCCCCAGAGGACCCAGCTGT

SIV gag      ------------------------------------------
#1401        ........................................
             GGATCTGCTAAAGAACTACATGCAGTTGGGCAAGCAGCAG

SIV gag      ------------------------------------------
#1441        ........................................
             AGAGAAAAGCAGAGAGAAAGCAGAGAGAAGCCTTACAAGG

SIV gag      ------------------------------------------
#1481        ........................................
             AGGTGACAGAGGATTTGCTGCACCTCAATTCTCTCTTTGG

SIV gag      ------------------------------------------
#1521        ........................................
             AGGAGACCAGTAG
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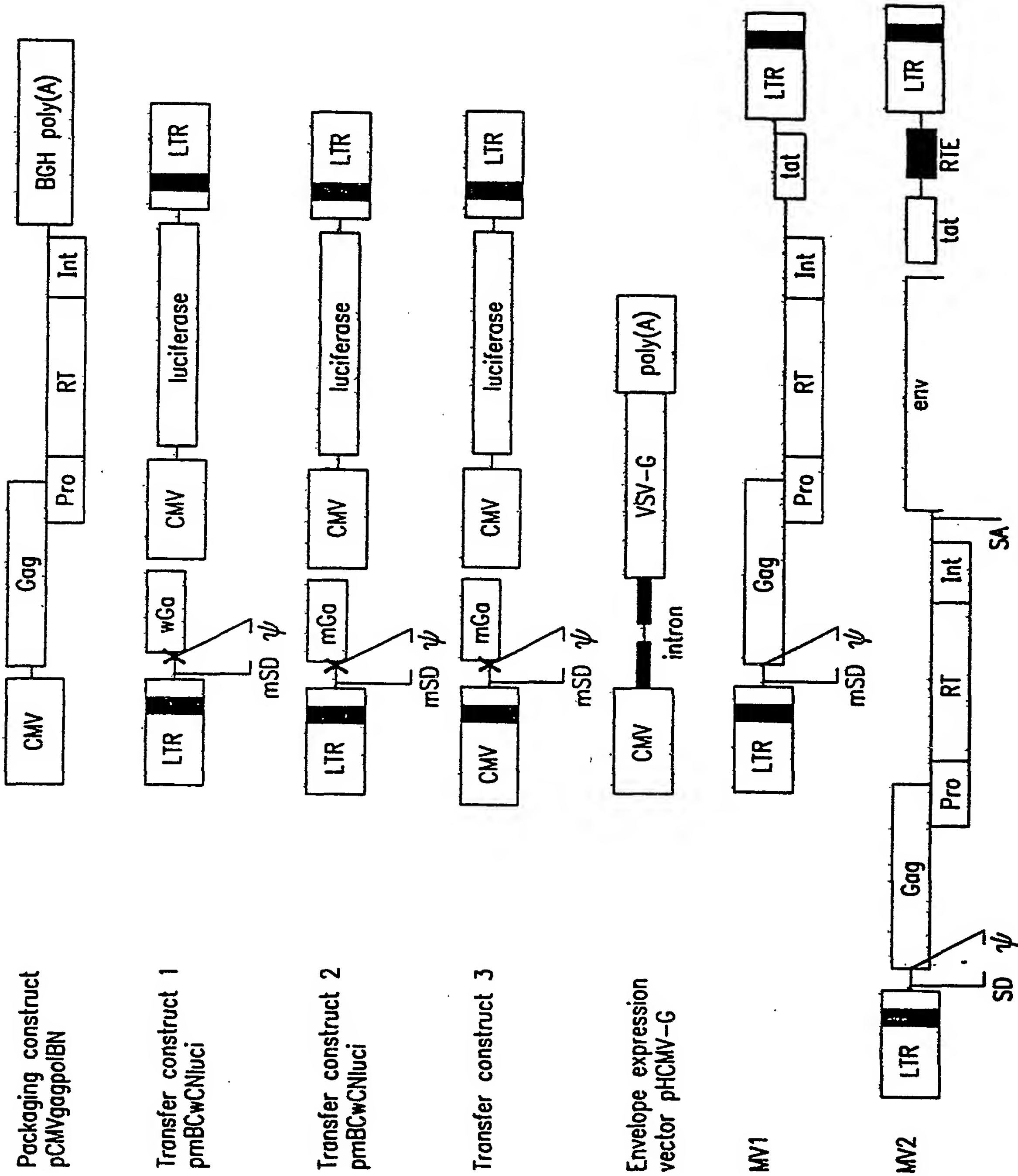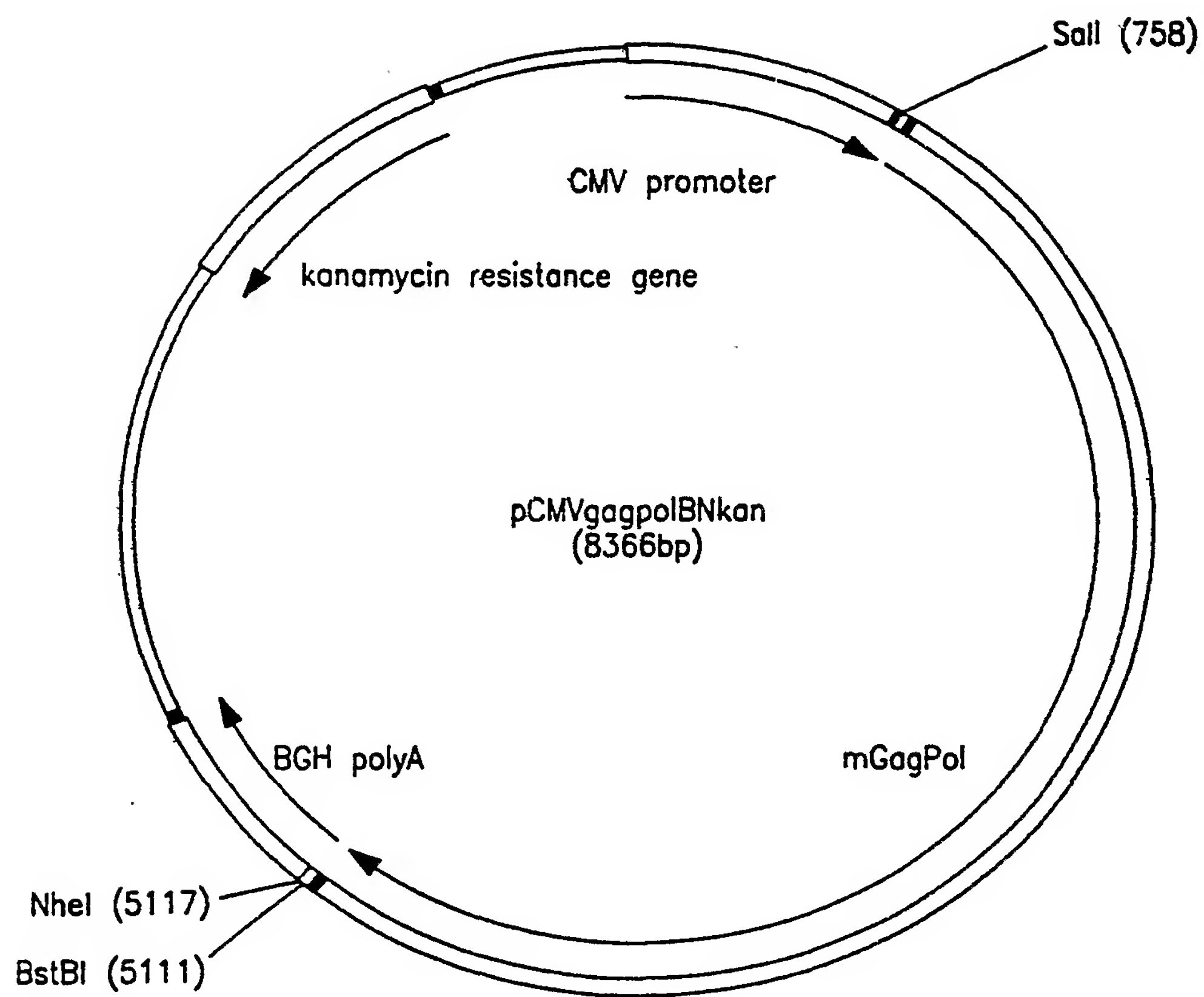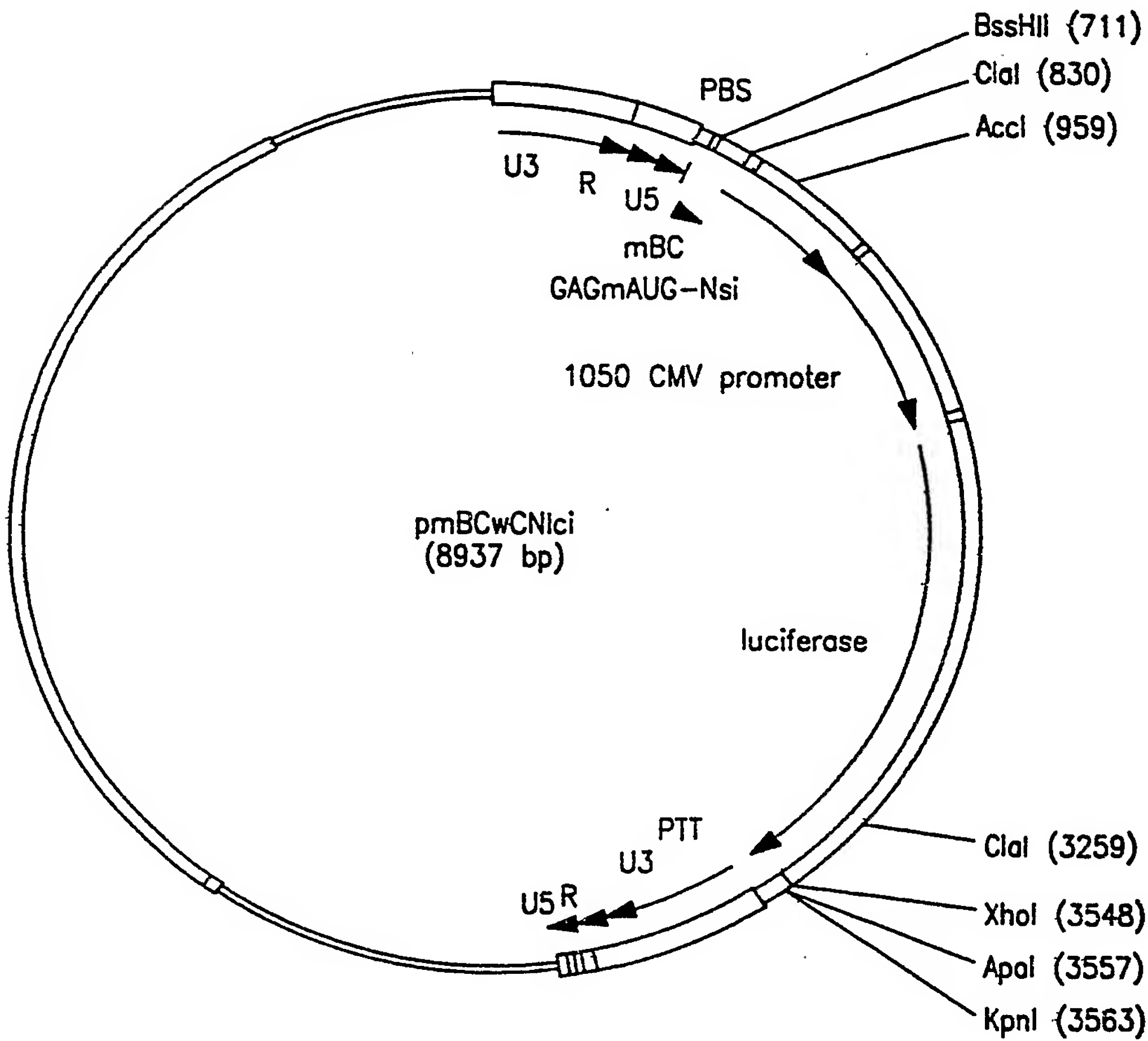
FIG. 5

FIG. 6

FIG. 7
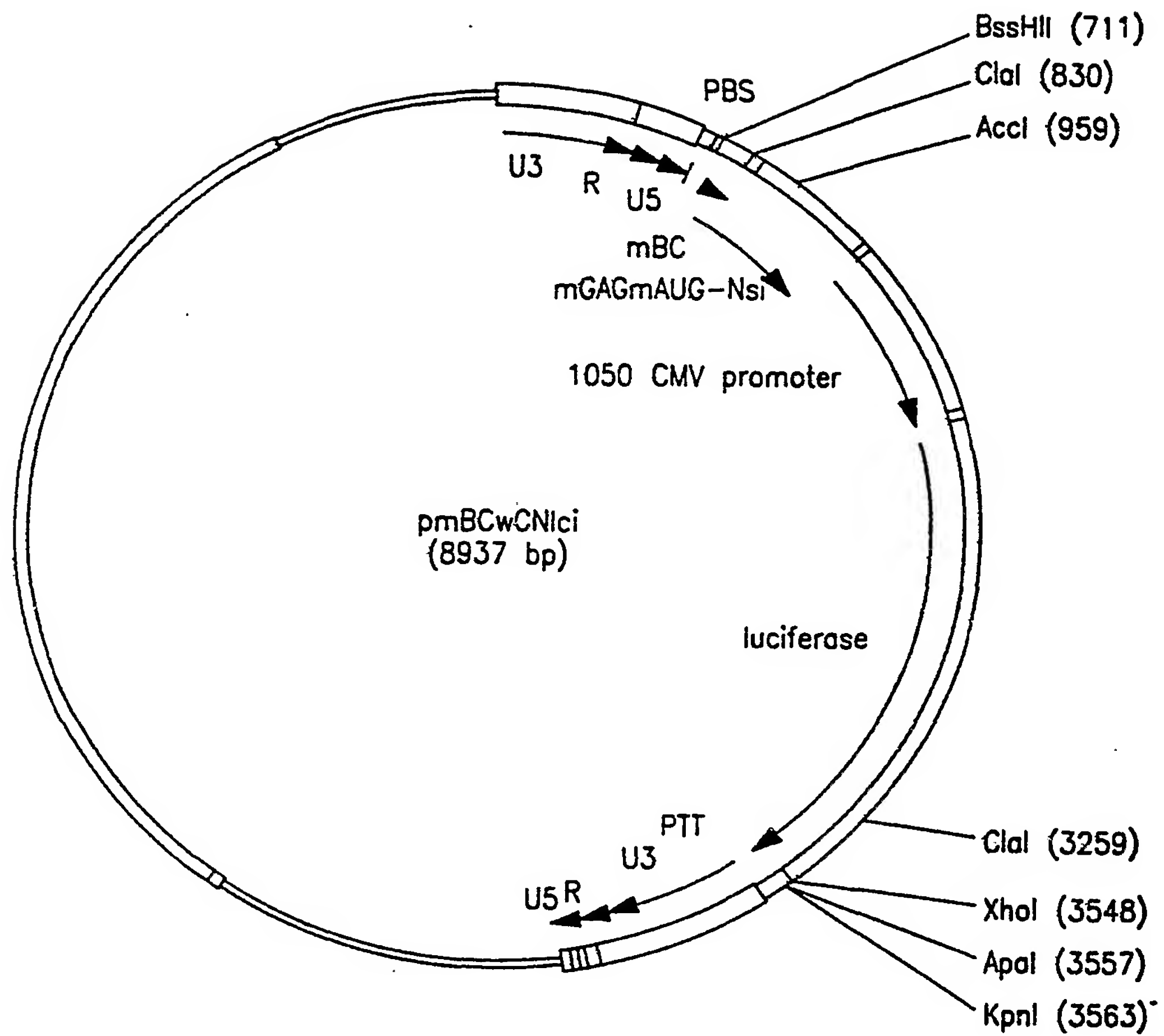
FIG. 8

```
   1  CCTGGCCATT GCATACGTTG TATCCATATC ATAATATGTA CATTTATATT GGCTCATGTC CAACATTACC
  71  GCCATGTTGA CATTGATTAT TGACTAGTTA TTAATAGTAA TCAATTACGG GGTCATTAGT TCATAGCCCA
 141  TATATGGAGT TCCGCGTTAC ATAACTTACG GTAAATGGCC CGCCTGGCTG ACCGCCCAAC GACCCCCGCC
 211  CATTGACGTC AATAATGACG TATGTTCCCA TAGTAACGCC AATAGGGACT TTCCATTGAC GTCAATGGGT
 281  GGAGTATTTA CGGTAAACTG CCCACTTGGC AGTACATCAA GTGTATCATA TGCCAAGTAC GCCCCCTATT
 351  GACGTCAATG ACGGTAAATG GCCCGCCTGG CATTATGCCC AGTACATGAC CTTATGGGAC TTTCCTACTT
 421  GGCAGTACAT CTACGTATTA GTCATCGCTA TTACCATGGT GATGCGGTTT TGGCAGTACA TCAATGGGCG
 491  TGGATAGCGG TTTGACTCAC GGGGATTTCC AAGTCTCCAC CCCATTGACG TCAATGGGAG TTTGTTTTGG
 561  CACCAAAATC AACGGGACTT TCCAAAATGT CGTAACAACT CCGCCCCATT GACGCAAATG GGCGGTAGGC
 631  GTGTACGGTG GGAGGTCTAT ATAAGCAGAG CTCGTTTAGT GAACCGTCAG ATCGCCTGGA GACGCCATCC
                                                                         SalI      (758)
 701  ACGCTGTTTT GACCTCCATA GAAGACACCG GGACCGATCC AGCCTCCGCG GGCGCGCGTC GACAGAGAGA
 771  TGGGTGCGAG AGCGTCAGTA TTAAGCGGGG GAGAATTAGA TCGATGGGAA AAAATTCGGT TAAGGCCAGG
 841  GGGAAGAAG AAGTACAAGC TAAAGCACAT CGTATGGGCA AGCAGGGAGC TAGAACGATT CGCAGTTAAT
 911  CCTGGCCTGT TAGAAACATC AGAAGGCTGT AGACAAATAC TGGGACAGCT ACAACCATCC CTTCAGACAG
 981  GATCAGAGGA GCTTCGATCA CTATACAACA CAGTAGCAAC CCTCTATTGT GTGCACCAGC GGATCGAGAT
1051  CAAGGACACC AAGGAAGCTT TAGACAAGAT AGAGGAAGAG CAAAACAAGT CCAAGAAGAA GGCCCAGCAG
1121  GCAGCAGCTG ACACAGGACA CAGCAATCAG GTCAGCCAAA ATTACCCTAT AGTGCAGAAC ATCCAGGGGC
1191  AAATGGTACA TCAGGCCATA TCACCTAGAA CTTTAAATGC ATGGGTAAAA GTAGTAGAAG AGAAGGCTTT
1261  CAGCCCAGAA GTGATACCCA TGTTTTCAGC ATTATCAGAA GGAGCCACCC CACAGGACCT GAACACGATG
1331  TTGAACACCG TGGGGGGACA TCAAGCAGCC ATGCAAATGT TAAAAGAGAC CATCAATGAG GAAGCTGCAG
1401  AATGGGATAG AGTGCATCCA GTGCATGCAG GGCCTATTGC ACCAGGCCAG ATGAGAGAAC AAGGGGAAG
1471  TGACATAGCA GGAACTACTA GTACCCTTCA GGAACAAATA GGATGGATGA CAAATAATCC ACCTATCCCA
1541  GTAGGAGAGA TCTACAAGAG GTGGATAATC CTGGGATTGA ACAAGATCGT GAGGATGTAT AGCCCTACCA
1611  GCATTCTGGA CATAAGACAA GGACCAAAGG AACCCTTTAG AGACTATGTA GACCGGTTCT ATAAAACTCT
1681  AAGAGCTGAG CAAGCTTCAC AGGAGGTAAA AAATTGGATG ACAGAAACCT TGTTGGTCCA AAATGCGAAC
1751  CCAGATTGTA AGACCATCCT GAAGGCTCTC GGCCCAGCGG CTACACTAGA AGAAATGATG ACAGCATGTC
1821  AGGGAGTAGG AGGACCCGGC CATAAGGCAA GAGTTTTGGC CGAGGCGATG AGCCAGGTGA CGAACTCGGC
```

FIG. 9

```
1891  GACCATAATG ATGCAGAGAG GCAACTTCCG GAACCAGCGG AAGATCGTCA AGTGCTTCAA TTGTGGCAAA

1961  GAAGGGCACA CCGCCAGGAA CTGCCGGGCC CCCCGGAAGA AGGGCTGTTG GAAATGTGGA AAGGAAGGAC

2031  ACCAAATGAA AGATTGTACT GAGAGACAGG CTAATTTTTT AGGGAAGATC TGGCCTTCCT ACAAGGGAAG

2101  GCCAGGGAAT TTTCTTCAGA GCAGACCAGA GCCAACAGCC CCACCAGAAG AGAGCTTCAG GTCTGGGGTA

2171  GAGACAACAA CTCCCCCTCA GAAGCAGGAG CCGATAGACA AGGAACTGTA TCCTTTAACT TCCCTCAGAT

2241  CACTCTTTGG CAACGACCCC TCGTCACAGT AAGGATCGGG GGGCAACTCA AGGAAGCGCT GCTCGATACA

2311  GGAGCAGATG ATACAGTATT AGAAGAAATG AGTTTGCCAG GAAGATGGAA ACCAAAAATG ATAGGGGGGA

2381  TCGGGGGCTT CATCAAGGTG AGGCAGTACG ACCAGATACT CATAGAAATC TGTGGACATA AAGCTATAGG

2451  TACAGTATTA GTAGGACCTA CACCTGTCAA CATAATTGGA AGAAATCTGT TGACCCAGAT CGGCTGCACC

2521  TTGAACTTCC CCATCAGCCC TATTGAGACG GTGCCCGTGA AGTTGAAGCC GGGGATGGAC GGCCCCAAGG

2591  TCAAGCAATG GCCATTGACG AAAGAGAAGA TCAAGGCCTT AGTCGAAATC TGTACAGAGA TGGAGAAGGA

2661  AGGGAAGATC AGCAAGATCG GGCCTGAGAA CCCCTACAAC ACTCCAGTCT TCGCAATCAA GAAGAAGGAC

2731  AGTACCAAGT GGAGAAAGCT GGTGGACTTC AGAGAGCTGA ACAAGAGAAC TCAGGACTTC TGGGAAGTTC

2801  AGCTGGGCAT CCCACATCCC GCTGGGTTGA AGAAGAAGAA GTCAGTGACA GTGCTGGATG TGGGTGATGC

2871  CTACTTCTCC GTTCCCTTGG ACGAGGACTT CAGGAAGTAC ACTGCCTTCA CGATACCTAG CATCAACAAC

2941  GAGACACCAG GCATCCGCTA CCAGTACAAC GTGCTGCCAC AGGGATGGAA GGGATCACCA GCCATCTTTC

3011  AAAGCAGCAT GACCAAGATC CTGGAGCCCT TCCGCAAGCA AAACCCAGAC ATCGTGATCT ATCAGTACAT

3081  GGACGACCTC TACGTAGGAA GTGACCTGGA GATCGGGCAG CACAGGACCA AGATCGAGGA GCTGAGACAG

3151  CATCTGTTGA GGTGGGGACT GACCACACCA GACAAGAAGC ACCAGAAGGA ACCTCCCTTC CTGTGGATGG

3221  GCTACGAACT GCATCCTGAC AAGTGGACAG TGCAGCCCAT CGTGCTGCCT GAGAAGGACA GCTGGACTGT

3291  GAACGACATA CAGAAGCTCG TGGGCAAGTT GAACTGGGCA AGCCAGATCT ACCCAGGCAT CAAAGTTAGG

3361  CAGCTGTGCA AGCTGCTTCG AGGAACCAAG GCACTGACAG AAGTGATCCC ACTGACAGAG GAAGCAGAGC

3431  TAGAACTGGC AGAGAACCGA GAGATCCTGA AGGAGCCAGT ACATGGAGTG TACTACGACC CAAGCAAGGA

3501  CCTGATCGCA GAGATCCAGA AGCAGGGGCA AGGCCAATGG ACCTACCAAA TCTACCAGGA GCCCTTCAAG

3571  AACCTGAAGA CAGGCAAGTA CGCAAGGATG AGGGGTGCCC ACACCAACGA TGTGAAGCAG CTGACAGAGG

3641  CAGTGCAGAA GATCACCACA GAGAGCATCG TGATCTGGGG CAAGACTCCC AAGTTCAAGC TGCCCATACA

3711  GAAGGAGACA TGGGAGACAT GGTGGACCGA GTACTGGCAA GCCACCTGGA TCCCTGAGTG GGAGTTCGTG
```

```
3781  AACACCCCTC CCTTGGTGAA ACTGTGGTAT CAGCTGGAGA AGGAACCCAT CGTGGGAGCA GAGACCTTCT
3851  ACGTGGATGG GGCAGCCAAC AGGGAGACCA AGCTGGGCAA GGCAGGCTAC GTGACCAACC GAGGACGACA
3921  GAAAGTGGTG ACCCTGACTG ACACCACCAA CCAGAAGACT GAGCTGCAAG CCATCTACCT AGCTCTGCAA
3991  GACAGCGGAC TGGAAGTGAA CATCGTGACA GACTCACAGT ACGCACTGGG CATCATCCAA GCACAACCAG
4061  ACCAATCCGA GTCAGAGCTG GTGAACCAGA TCATCGAGCA GCTGATCAAG AAGGAGAAAG TGTACCTGGC
4131  ATGGGTACCA GCACACAAAG GAATTGGAGG AAATGAACAA GTAGATAAAT TAGTCAGTGC TGGGATCCGG
4201  AAGGTGCTGT TCCTGGACGG GATCGATAAG GCCCAAGATG AACATGAGAA GTACCACTCC AACTGGCGCG
4271  CTATGGCCAG CGACTTCAAC CTGCCACCTG TAGTAGCAAA AGAAATAGTA GCCAGCTGTG ATAAATGTCA
4341  GCTAAAAGGA GAAGCCATGC ATGGACAAGT AGACTGTAGT CCAGGAATAT GGCAGCTGGA CTGCACGCAC
4411  CTGGAGGGGA AGGTGATCCT GGTAGCAGTT CATGTAGCCA GTGGATATAT AGAAGCAGAA GTTATCCCTG
4481  CTGAAACTGG GCAGGAAACA GCATATTTTC TTTTAAAATT AGCAGGAAGA TGGCCAGTAA AAACAATACA
4551  CACGGACAAC GGAAGCAACT TCACTGGTGC TACGGTTAAG GCCGCCTGTT GGTGGGCGGG AATCAAGCAG
4621  GAATTTGGAA TTCCCTACAA TCCCCAATCG CAAGGAGTCG TGGAGAGCAT GAACAAGGAG CTGAAGAAGA
4691  TCATCGGACA AGTGAGGGAT CAGGCTGAGC ACCTGAAGAC AGCAGTGCAG ATGGCAGTGT TCATCCACAA
4761  CTTCAAAAGA AAAGGGGGGA TTGGGGGGTA CAGTGCAGGG GAAAGGATCG TGGACATCAT CGCCACCGAC
4831  ATCCAAACCA AGGAGCTGCA GAAGCAGATC ACCAAGATCC AGAACTTCCG GGTGTACTAC CGCGACAGCC
4901  GCAACCCACT GTGGAAGGGA CCAGCAAAGC TCCTCTGGAA GGGAGAGGGG GCAGTGGTGA TCCAGGACAA
4971  CAGTGACATC AAAGTGGTGC CAAGGCGCAA GGCCAAGATC ATCCGCGACT ATGGAAAACA GATGGCAGGT
5041  GATGATTGTG TGGCAAGTAG ACAGGATGAG GATTAGAACC TGGAAGAGCC TGGTGAAGCA CCATATGGCG
```

NheI (5117)

BstBI (5111)

```
5111  TTCGAAGCTA GCCTCGAGAT CCAGATCTGC TGTGCCTTCT AGTTGCCAGC CATCTGTTGT TTGCCCCTCC
5181  CCCGTGCCTT CCTTGACCCT GGAAGGTGCC ACTCCCACTG TCCTTTCCTA ATAAAATGAG GAAATTGCAT
5251  CGCATTGTCT GAGTAGGTGT CATTCTATTC TGGGGGGTGG GGTGGGGCAG CACAGCAAGG GGGAGGATTG
5321  GGAAGACAAT AGCAGGCATG CTGGGGATGC GGTGGGCTCT ATGCGTACCC AGGTGCTGAA GAATTGACCC
5391  GGTTCCTCCT GGGCCAGAAA GAAGCAGGCA CATCCCCTTC TCTCTGACAC ACCCTGTCCA CGCCCCTGGT
5461  TCTTAGTTCC AGCCCCACTC ATAGGACACT CATAGCTCAG GAGGGCTCCG CCTTCAATCC CACCCGCTAA
5531  AGTACTTGGA GCGGTCTCTC CCTCCCTCAT CAGCCCACCA AACCAAACCT AGCCTCCAAG AGTGGGAAGA
```

```
5601  AATTAAAGCA AGATAGGCTA TTAAGTGCAG AGGGAGAGAA AATCCCTCCA ACATGTGAGG AAGTAATGAG

5671  AGAAATCATA GAATTTCTTC CGCTTCCTCG CTCACTGACT CGCTGCGCTC GGTCGTTCGG CTGCGGCGAG
5741  CGGTATCAGC TCACTCAAAG GCGGTAATAC GGTTATCCAC AGAATCAGGG GATAACGCAG GAAAGAACAT
5811  GTGAGCAAAA GGCCAGCAAA AGGCCAGGAA CCGTAAAAAG GCCGCGTTGC TGGCGTTTTT CCATAGGCTC
5881  CGCCCCCCTG ACGAGCATCA CAAAAATCGA CGCTCAAGTC AGAGGTGGCG AAACCCGACA GGACTATAAA
5951  GATACCAGGC GTTTCCCCCT GGAAGCTCCC TCGTGCGCTC TCCTGTTCCG ACCCTGCCGC TTACCGGATA
6021  CCTGTCCGCC TTTCTCCCTT CGGGAAGCGT GGCGCTTTCT CAATGCTCAC GCTGTAGGTA TCTCAGTTCG
6091  GTGTAGGTCG TTCGCTCCAA GCTGGGCTGT GTGCACGAAC CCCCCGTTCA GCCCGACCGC TGCGCCTTAT
6161  CCGGTAACTA TCGTCTTGAG TCCAACCCGG TAAGACACGA CTTATCGCCA CTGGCAGCAG CCACTGGTAA
6231  CAGGATTAGC AGAGCGAGGT ATGTAGGCGG TGCTACAGAG TTCTTGAAGT GGTGGCCTAA CTACGGCTAC
6301  ACTAGAAGGA CAGTATTTGG TATCTGCGCT CTGCTGAAGC CAGTTACCTT CGGAAAAAGA GTTGGTAGCT
6371  CTTGATCCGG CAAACAAACC ACCGCTGGTA GCGGTGGTTT TTTTGTTTGC AAGCAGCAGA TTACGCGCAG
6441  AAAAAAAGGA TCTCAAGAAG ATCCTTTGAT CTTTTCTACG GGGTCTGACG CTCAGTGGAA CGAAAACTCA
6511  CGTTAAGGGA TTTTGGTCAT GAGATTATCA AAAAGGATCT TCACCTAGAT CCTTTTAAAT TAAAAATGAA
6581  GTTTTAAATC AATCTAAAGT ATATATGAGT AAACTTGGTC TGACAGTTAC CAATGCTTAA TCAGTGAGGC
6651  ACCTATCTCA GCGATCTGTC TATTTCGTTC ATCCATAGTT GCCTGACTCC GGGGGGGGGG GGCGCTGAGG
6721  TCTGCCTCGT GAAGAAGGTG TTGCTGACTC ATACCAGGCC TGAATCGCCC CATCATCCAG CCAGAAAGTG
6791  AGGGAGCCAC GGTTGATGAG AGCTTTGTTG TAGGTGGACC AGTTGGTGAT TTTGAACTTT TGCTTTGCCA
6861  CGGAACGGTC TGCGTTGTCG GGAAGATGCG TGATCTGATC CTTCAACTCA GCAAAAGTTC GATTTATTCA
6931  ACAAAGCCGC CGTCCCGTCA AGTCAGCGTA ATGCTCTGCC AGTGTTACAA CCAATTAACC AATTCTGATT
7001  AGAAAAACTC ATCGAGCATC AAATGAAACT GCAATTTATT CATATCAGGA TTATCAATAC CATATTTTTG
 271 ◄PhePheGlu AspLeuMetL euHisPheGl nLeuLysAsn MetAspProA snAspIleGl yTyrLysGln
7071  AAAAAGCCGT TTCTGTAATG AAGGAGAAAA CTCACCGAGG CAGTTCCATA GGATGGCAAG ATCCTGGTAT
 248 ◄ PheLeuArgL ysGlnLeuSe rProSerPhe GluGlyLeuC ysAsnTrpLe uIleAlaLeu AspGlnTyrA
7141  CGGTCTGCGA TTCCGACTCG TCCAACATCA ATACAACCTA TTAATTTCCC CTCGTCAAAA ATAAGGTTAT
 224 ◄ rgAspAlaIl eGlyValArg GlyValAspI leCysGlyIl eLeuLysGly GluAspPheI leLeuAsnAs
7211  CAAGTGAGAA ATCACCATGA GTGACGACTG AATCCGGTGA GAATGGCAAA AGCTTATGCA TTTCTTTCCA
 201 ◄ pLeuSerPhe AspGlyHisT hrValValSe rAspProSer PheProLeuL euLysHisMe tGluLysTrp
7281  GACTTGTTCA ACAGGCCAGC CATTACGCTC GTCATCAAAA TCACTCGCAT CAACCAAACC GTTATTCATT
 178 ◄ ValGlnGluV alProTrpGl yAsnArgGlu AspAspPheA spSerAlaAs pValLeuGly AsnAsnMetA
7351  CGTGATTGCG CCTGAGCGAG ACGAAATACG CGATCGCTGT TAAAAGGACA ATTACAAACA GGAATCGAAT
 154 ◄ rgSerGlnAl aGlnAlaLeu ArgPheValA rgAspSerAs nPheProCys AsnCysValP roIleSerHi
7421  GCAACCGGCG CAGGAACACT GCCAGCGCAT CAACAATATT TTCACCTGAA TCAGGATATT CTTCTAATAC
 131 ◄ sLeuArgArg LeuPheValA laLeuAlaAs pValIleAsn GluGlySerA spProTyrGl uGluLeuVal
7491  CTGGAATGCT GTTTTCCCGG GGATCGCAGT GGTGAGTAAC CATGCATCAT CAGGAGTACG GATAAAATGC
 108 ◄ GlnPheAlaT hrLysGlyPr oIleAlaThr ThrLeuLeuT rpAlaAspAs pProThrArg IlePheHisL
7561  TTGATGGTCG GAAGAGGCAT AAATTCCGTC AGCCAGTTTA GTCTGACCAT CTCATCTGTA ACATCATTGG
  84 ◄ ysIleThrPr oLeuProMet PheGluThrL euTrpAsnLe uArgValMet GluAspThrV alAspAsnAl
7631  CAACGCTACC TTTGCCATGT TTCAGAAACA ACTCTGGCGC ATCGGGCTTC CCATACAATC GATAGATTGT
  61 ◄ aValSerGly LysGlyHisL ysLeuPheLe uGluProAla AspProLysG lyTyrLeuAr gTyrIleThr
7701  CGCACCTGAT TGCCCGACAT TATCGCGAGC CCATTTATAC CCATATAAAT CAGCATCCAT GTTGGAATTT
  38 ◄ AlaGlySerG lnGlyValAs nAspArgAla TrpLysTyrG lyTyrLeuAs pAlaAspMet AsnSerAsnL
7771  AATCGCGGCC TCGAGCAAGA CGTTTCCCGT TGAATATGGC TCATAACACC CCTTGTATTA CTGTTTATGT
  14 ◄ euArgProAr gSerCysSer ThrGluArgG lnIleHisSe rMet
7841  AAGCAGACGA TTTTATTGTT CATGATGATA TATTTTTATC TTGTGCAATG TAACATCAGA GATTTTGAGA
7911  CACAACGTGG CTTTCCCCCC CCCCCCATTA TTGAAGCATT TATCAGGGTT ATTGTCTCAT GAGCGGATAC
7981  ATATTTGAAT GTATTTAGAA AAATAAACAA ATAGGGGTTC CGCGCACATT TCCCCGAAAA GTGCCACCTG
8051  ACGTCTAAGA AACCATTATT ATCATGACAT TAACCTATAA AAATAGGCGT ATCACGAGGC CCTTTCGTCT
8121  CGCGCGTTTC GGTGATGACG GTGAAAACCT CTGACACATG CAGCTCCCGG AGACGGTCAC AGCTTGTCTG
8191  TAAGCGGATG CCGGGAGCAG ACAAGCCCGT CAGGGCGCGT CAGCGGGTGT TGGCGGGTGT CGGGGCTGGC
8261  TTAACTATGC GGCATCAGAG CAGATTGTAC GTAGAGTGCA CCATATGCGG TGTGAAATAC CGCACAGATG
8331  CGTAAGGAGA AAATACCGCA TCAGATTGGC TATTGG
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24/45

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   1  TGGAAGGGCT AATTTGGTCC CAAAAAAGAC AAGAGATCCT TGATCTGTGG ATCTACCACA CACAAGGCTA

  71  CTTCCCTGAT TGGCAGAACT ACACACCAGG GCCAGGGATC AGATATCCAC TGACCTTTGG ATGGTGCTTC

 141  AAGTTAGTAC CAGTTGAACC AGAGCAAGTA GAAGAGGCCA AATAAGGAGA GAAGAACAGC TTGTTACACC

 211  CTATGAGCCA GCATGGGATG GAGGACCCGG AGGGAGAAGT ATTAGTGTGG AAGTTTGACA GCCTCCTAGC

 281  ATTTCGTCAC ATGGCCCGAG AGCTGCATCC GGAGTACTAC AAAGACTGCT GACATCGAGC TTTCTACAAG

 351  GGACTTTCCG CTGGGGACTT TCCAGGGAGG TGTGGCCTGG GCGGGACTGG GGAGTGGCGA GCCCTCAGAT

 421  GCTACATATA AGCAGCTGCT TTTTGCCTGT ACTGGGTCTC TCTGGTTAGA CCAGATCTGA GCCTGGGAGC

 491  TCTCTGGCTA ACTAGGGAAC CCACTGCTTA AGCCTCAATA AAGCTTGCCT TGAGTGCTCA AAGTAGTGTG

 561  TGCCCGTCTG TTGTGTGACT CTGGTAACTA GAGATCCCTC AGACCCTTTT AGTCAGTGTG GAAAATCTCT

 631  AGCAGTGGCG CCCGAACAGG GACTTGAAAG CGAAAGTAAA GCCAGAGGAG ATCTCTCGAC GCAGGACTCG
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          BssHII   (711)
 701  GCTTGCTGAA GCGCGCacgg caagaggcga ggggcggcgC ctgACgagGa cgccaaaaat tttgactagc
```

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                                                                       ClaI   (830)
 771  ggaggctaga aggagagagC TCGGTGCGAG AGCGTCAGTA TCAAGCGGGG GAGAATTAGA TCGATGGGAA
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 841  AAAATTCGGT TAAGGCCAGG GGGAAAGAAA AAATATAAAT TAAAACATAT AGTATGGGCA AGCAGGGAGC
```

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                                                            AccI   (959)
 911  TAGAACGATT CGCAGTTAAT CCTGGCCTGT TAGAAACATC AGAAGGCTGT AGACAAATAC TGGGACAGCT
```

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 981  ACAACCATCC CTTCAGACAG GATCAGAAGA ACTTAGATCA TTATATAATA CAGTAGCAAC CCTCTATTGT

1051  GTGCATCAAA GGATAGAGAT AAAAGACACC AAGGAAGCTT TAGACAAGAT AGAGGAAGAG CAAAACAAAA
```

FIG. 10

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1121  GTAAGAAAAA AGCACAGCAA GCAGCAGCTG ACACAGGACA CAGCAATCAG GTCAGCCAAA ATTACCCTAT

1191  AGTGCAGAAC ATCCAGGGGC AAATGGTACA TCAGGCCATA TCACCTAGAA CTTTAAACGA TAAGCTTGGG
      ─────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────▶─────

1261  AGTTCCGCGT TACATAACTT ACGGTAAATG GCCCGCCTGG CTGACCGCCC AACGACCCCC GCCCATTGAC

1331  GTCAATAATG ACGTATGTTC CCATAGTAAC GCCAATAGGG ACTTTCCATT GACGTCAATG GGTGGAGTAT

1401  TTACGGTAAA CTGCCCACTT GGCAGTACAT CAAGTGTATC ATATGCCAAG TACGCCCCCT ATTGACGTCA

1471  ATGACGGTAA ATGGCCCGCC TGGCATTATG CCCAGTACAT GACCTTATGG GACTTTCCTA CTTGGCAGTA

1541  CATCTACGTA TTAGTCATCG CTATTACCAT GGTGATGCGG TTTTGGCAGT ACATCAATGG GCGTGGATAG

1611  CGGTTTGACT CACGGGGATT TCCAAGTCTC CACCCCATTG ACGTCAATGG GAGTTTGTTT TGGCACCAAA

1681  ATCAACGGGA CTTTCCAAAA TGTCGTAACA ACTCCGCCCC ATTGACGCAA ATGGGCGGTA GGCGTGTACG

1751  GTGGGAGGTC TATATAAGCA GAGCTCGTTT AGTGAACCGT CAGATCGCCT GGAGACGCCA TCCACGCTGT

1821  TTTGACCTCC ATAGAAGACA CCGACTCTAG AGgatccATC TAAGTAAGCT TGGCATTCCG GTACTGTTGG
      ─────────────────────────────────────────────────▶───────

1891  TAAAATGGAA GACGCCAAAA ACATAAAGAA AGGCCCGGCG CCATTCTATC CTCTAGAGGA TGGAACCGCT

1961  GGAGAGCAAC TGCATAAGGC TATGAAGAGA TACGCCCTGG TTCCTGGAAC AATTGCTTTT ACAGATGCAC

2031  ATATCGAGGT GAACATCACG TACGCGGAAT ACTTCGAAAT GTCCGTTCGG TTGGCAGAAG CTATGAAACG

2101  ATATGGGCTG AATACAAATC ACAGAATCGT CGTATGCAGT GAAAACTCTC TTCAATTCTT TATGCCGGTG

2171  TTGGGCCCGT TATTTATCGG AGTTGCAGTT GCGCCCGCGA ACGACATTTA TAATGAACGT GAATTGCTCA

2241  ACAGTATGAA CATTTCGCAG CCTACCGTAG TGTTTGTTTC CAAAAAGGGG TTGCAAAAAA TTTTGAACGT

2311  GCAAAAAAAA TTACCAATAA TCCAGAAAAT TATTATCATG GATTCTAAAA CGGATTACCA GGGATTTCAG
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2381   TCGATGTACA CGTTCGTCAC ATCTCATCTA CCTCCCGGTT TTAATGAATA CGATTTTGTA CCAGAGTCCT

2451   TTGATCGTGA CAAAACAATT GCACTGATAA TGAATTCCTC TGGATCTACT GGGTTACCTA AGGGTGTGGC

2521   CCTTCCGCAT AGAACTGCCT GCGTCAGATT CTCGCATGCC AGAGATCCTA TTTTTGGCAA TCAAATCATT

2591   CCGGATACTG CGATTTTAAG TGTTGTTCCA TTCCATCACG GTTTTGGAAT GTTACTACA CTCGGATATT

2661   TGATATGTGG ATTTCGAGTC GTCTTAATGT ATAGATTTGA AGAAGAGCTG TTTTTACGAT CCCTTCAGGA

2731   TTACAAAATT CAAAGTGCGT TGCTAGTACC AACCCTATTT TCATTCTTCG CCAAAAGCAC TCTGATTGAC

2801   AAATACGATT TATCTAATTT ACACGAAATT GCTTCTGGGG GCGCACCTCT TTCGAAAGAA GTCGGGGAAG

2871   CGGTTGCAAA ACGCTTCCAT CTTCCAGGGA TACGACAAGG ATATGGGCTC ACTGAGACTA CATCAGCTAT

2941   TCTGATTACA CCCGAGGGGG ATGATAAACC GGGCGCGGTC GGTAAAGTTG TTCCATTTTT TGAAGCGAAG

3011   GTTGTGGATC TGGATACCGG GAAAACGCTG GGCGTTAATC AGAGAGGCGA ATTATGTGTC AGAGGACCTA

3081   TGATTATGTC CGGTTATGTA AACAATCCGG AAGCGACCAA CGCCTTGATT GACAAGGATG GATGGCTACA

3151   TTCTGGAGAC ATAGCTTACT GGGACGAAGA CGAACACTTC TTCATAGTTG ACCGCTTGAA GTCTTTAATT

                                                     ClaI   (3259)
3221   AAATACAAAG GATATCAGGT GGCCCCCGCT GAATTGGAAT CGATATTGTT ACAACACCCC AACATCTTCG

3291   ACGCGGGCGT GGCAGGTCTT CCCGACGATG ACGCCGGTGA ACTTCCCGCC GCCGTTGTTG TTTTGGAGCA

3361   CGGAAAGACG ATGACGGAAA AAGAGATCGT GGATTACGTC GCCAGTCAAG TAACAACCGC GAAAAAGTTG

3431   CGCGGAGGAG TTGTGTTTGT GGACGAAGTA CCGAAAGGTC TTACCGGAAA ACTCGACGCA AGAAAAATCA

                                                             ApaI   (3557)
                                               XhoI   (3548)        KpnI(3563)
3501   GAGAGATCCT CATAAAGGCC AAGAAGGGCG GAAAGTCCAA ATTGTAAcTC GAGGGGGGGC CCGGTACCTT
       ───────────────────────────────────────────────────▶
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27/45

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3571   TAAGACCAAT GACTTACAAG GCAGCTGTAG ATCTTAGCCA CTTTTTAAAA GAAAAGGGGG GACTGGAAGG

3641   GCTAATTCAC TCCCAAAGAA GACAAGATAT CCTTGATCTG TGGATCTACC ACACACAAGG CTACTTCCCT

3711   GATTGGCAGA ACTACACACC AGGGCCAGGG GTCAGATATC CACTGACCTT TGGATGGTGC TACAAGCTAG

3781   TACCAGTTGA GCCAGATAAG GTAGAAGAGG CCAATAAAGG AGAGAACACC AGCTTGTTAC ACCCTGTGAG

3851   CCTGCATGGA ATGGATGACC CTGAGAGAGA AGTGTTAGAG TGGAGGTTTG ACAGCCGCCT AGCATTTCAT

3921   CACGTGGCCC GAGAGCTGCA TCCGGAGTAC TTCAAGAACT GCTGACATCG AGCTTGCTAC AAGGGACTTT

3991   CCGCTGGGGA CTTTCCAGGG AGGCGTGGCC TGGGCGGGAC TGGGGAGTGG CGAGCCCTCA GATGCTGCAT

4061   ATAAGCAGCT GCTTTTTGCC TGTACTGGGT CTCTCTGGTT AGACCAGATC TGAGCCTGGG AGCTCTCTGG

4131   CTAACTAGGG AACCCACTGC TTAAGCCTCA ATAAAGCTTG CCTTGAGTGC TTCAAGTAGT GTGTGCCCGT

4201   CTGTTGTGTG ACTCTGGTAA CTAGAGATCC CTCAGACCCT TTAGTCAGT GTGGAAAATC TCTAGCACCC

4271   CCCAGGAGGT AGAGGTTGCA GTGAGCCAAG ATCGCGCCAC TGCATTCCAG CCTGGGCAAG AAAACAAGAC
4341   TGTCTAAAAT AATAATAATA AGTTAAGGGT ATTAAATATA TTTATACATG GAGGTCATAA AAATATATAT
4411   ATTTGGGCTG GGCGCAGTGG CTCACACCTG CGCCCGGCCC TTTGGGAGGC CGAGGCAGGT GGATCACCTG
4481   AGTTTGGGAG TTCCAGACCA GCCTGACCAA CATGGAGAAA CCCCTTCTCT GTGTATTTTT ATGAGATTTT
4551   ATTTTATGTG TATTTTATTC ACAGGTATTT CTGGAAAACT GAAACTGTTT TTCCTCTACT CTGATACCAC
4621   AAGAATCATC AGCACAGAGG AAGACTTCTG TGATCAAATG TGGTGGGAGA GGGAGGTTTT CACCAGCACA
4691   TGAGCAGTCA GTTCTGCCGC AGACTCGGCG GGTGTCCTTC GGTTCAGTTC CAACACCGCC TGCCTGGAGA
4761   GAGGTCAGAC CACAGGGTGA GGGCTCAGTC CCCAAGACAT AAACACCCAA GACATAAACA CCCAACAGGT
4831   CCACCCCGCC TGCTGCCCAG GCAGAGCCGA TTCACCAAGA CGGGAATTAG GATAGAGAAA GAGTAAGTCA
4901   CACAGAGCCG GCTGTGCGGG AGAACGGAGT TCTATTATGA CTCAAATCAG TCTCCCCAAG CATTCGGGGA
4971   TCAGAGTTTT TAAGGATAAC TTAGTGTGTA GGGGGCCAGT GAGTTGGAGA TGAAAGCGTA GGGAGTCGAA
5041   GGTGTCCTTT TGCGCCGAGT CAGTTCCTGG GTGGGGGCCA CAAGATCGGA TGAGCCAGTT TATCAATCCG
5111   GGGGTGCCAG CTGATCCATG GAGTGCAGGG TCTGCAAAAT ATCTCAAGCA CTGATTGATC TTAGGTTTTA
5181   CAATAGTGAT GTTACCCCAG GAACAATTTG GGGAAGGTCA GAATCTTGTA GCCTGTAGCT GCATGACTCC
5251   TAAACCATAA TTTCTTTTTT GTTTTTTTTT TTTTATTTTT GAGACAGGGT CTCACTCTGT CACCTAGGCT
5321   GGAGTGCAGT GGTGCAATCA CAGCTCACTG CAGCCCCTAG AGCGGCCGCC ACCGCGGTGG AGCTCCAATT
5391   CGCCCTATAG TGAGTCGTAT TACAATTCAC TGGCCGTCGT TTTACAACGT CGTGACTGGG AAAACCCTGG
5461   CGTTACCCAA CTTAATCGCC TTGCAGCACA TCCCCCTTTC GCCAGCTGGC GTAATAGCGA AGAGGCCCGC
5531   ACCGATCGCC CTTCCCAACA GTTGCGCAGC CTGAATGGCG AATGGCGCGA AATTGTAAAC GTTAATATTT
5601   TGTTAAAATT CGCGTTAAAT TTTGTTAAA TCAGCTCATT TTTTAACCAA TAGGCCGAAA TCGGCAAAAT
5671   CCCTTATAAA TCAAAGAAT AGACCGAGAT AGGGTTGAGT GTTGTTCCAG TTTGGAACAA GAGTCCACTA
5741   TTAAAGAACG TGGACTCCAA CGTCAAAGGG CGAAAAACCG TCTATCAGGG CGATGGCCCA CTACGTGAAC
5811   CATCACCCTA ATCAAGTTTT TTGGGGTCGA GGTGCCGTAA AGCACTAAAT CGGAACCCTA AAGGGAGCCC
5881   CCGATTTAGA GCTTGACGGG GAAAGCCGGC GAACGTGGCG AGAAAGGAAG GGAAGAAAGC GAAAGGAGCG
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5951  GGCGCTAGGG  CGCTGGCAAG  TGTAGCGGTC  ACGCTGCGCG  TAACCACCAC  ACCCGCCGCG  CTTAATGCGC
6021  CGCTACAGGG  CGCGTCCCAG  GTGGCACTTT  TCGGGGAAAT  GTGCGCGGAA  CCCCTATTTG  TTTATTTTTC
6091  TAAATACATT  CAAATATGTA  TCCGCTCATG  AGACAATAAC  CCTGATAAAT  GCTTCAATAA  TATTGAAAAA
6161  GGAAGAGTAT  GAGTATTCAA  CATTTCCGTG  TCGCCCTTAT  TCCCTTTTTT  GCGGCATTTT  GCCTTCCTGT
6231  TTTTGCTCAC  CCAGAAACGC  TGGTGAAAGT  AAAAGATGCT  GAAGATCAGT  TGGGTGCACG  AGTGGGTTAC
6301  ATCGAACTGG  ATCTCAACAG  CGGTAAGATC  CTTGAGAGTT  TTCGCCCCGA  AGAACGTTTT  CCAATGATGA
6371  GCACTTTTAA  AGTTCTGCTA  TGTGGCGCGG  TATTATCCCG  TATTGACGCC  GGGCAAGAGC  AACTCGGTCG
6441  CCGCATACAC  TATTCTCAGA  ATGACTTGGT  TGAGTACTCA  CCAGTCACAG  AAAAGCATCT  TACGGATGGC
6511  ATGACAGTAA  GAGAATTATG  CAGTGCTGCC  ATAACCATGA  GTGATAACAC  TGCGGCCAAC  TTACTTCTGA
6581  CAACGATCGG  AGGACCGAAG  GAGCTAACCG  CTTTTTTGCA  CAACATGGGG  GATCATGTAA  CTCGCCTTGA
6651  TCGTTGGGAA  CCGGAGCTGA  ATGAAGCCAT  ACCAAACGAC  GAGCGTGACA  CCACGATGCC  TGTAGCAATG
6721  GCAACAACGT  TGCGCAAACT  ATTAACTGGC  GAACTACTTA  CTCTAGCTTC  CCGGCAACAA  TTAATAGACT
6791  GGATGGAGGC  GGATAAAGTT  GCAGGACCAC  TTCTGCGCTC  GGCCCTTCCG  GCTGGCTGGT  TTATTGCTGA
6861  TAAATCTGGA  GCCGGTGAGC  GTGGGTCTCG  CGGTATCATT  GCAGCACTGG  GGCCAGATGG  TAAGCCCTCC
6931  CGTATCGTAG  TTATCTACAC  GACGGGGAGT  CAGGCAACTA  TGGATGAACG  AAATAGACAG  ATCGCTGAGA
7001  TAGGTGCCTC  ACTGATTAAG  CATTGGTAAC  TGTCAGACCA  AGTTTACTCA  TATATACTTT  AGATTGATTT
7071  AAAACTTCAT  TTTTAATTTA  AAAGGATCTA  GGTGAAGATC  CTTTTTGATA  ACTTCATGAC  CAAAATCCCT
7141  TAACGTGAGT  TTTCGTTCCA  CTGAGCGTCA  GACCCCGTAG  AAAAGATCAA  AGGATCTTCT  TGAGATCCTT
7211  TTTTTCTGCG  CGTAATCTGC  TGCTTGCAAA  CAAAAAAACC  ACCGCTACCA  GCGGTGGTTT  GTTTGCCGGA
7281  TCAAGAGCTA  CCAACTCTTT  TTCCGAAGGT  AACTGGCTTC  AGCAGAGCGC  AGATACCAAA  TACTGTCCTT
7351  CTAGTGTAGC  CGTAGTTAGG  CCACCACTTC  AAGAACTCTG  TAGCACCGCC  TACATACCTC  GCTCTGCTAA
7421  TCCTGTTACC  AGTGGCTGCT  GCCAGTGGCG  ATAAGTCGTG  TCTTACCGGG  TTGGACTCAA  GACGATAGTT
7491  ACCGGATAAG  GCGCAGCGGT  CGGGCTGAAC  GGGGGGTTCG  TGCACACAGC  CCAGCTTGGA  GCGAACGACC
7561  TACACCGAAC  TGAGATACCT  ACAGCGTGAG  CTATGAGAAA  GCGCCACGCT  TCCCGAAGGG  AGAAAGGCGG
7631  ACAGGTATCC  GGTAAGCGGC  AGGGTCGGAA  CAGGAGAGCG  CACGAGGGAG  CTTCCAGGGG  GAAACGCCTG
7701  GTATCTTTAT  AGTCCTGTCG  GGTTTCGCCA  CCTCTGACTT  GAGCGTCGAT  TTTTGTGATG  CTCGTCAGGG
7771  GGGCGGAGCC  TATGGAAAAA  CGCCAGCAAC  GCGGCCTTTT  TACGGTTCCT  GGCCTTTTGC  TGGCCTTTTG
7841  CTCACATGTT  CTTTCCTGCG  TTATCCCCTG  ATTCTGTGGA  TAACCGTATT  ACCGCCTTTG  AGTGAGCTGA
7911  TACCGCTCGC  CGCAGCCGAA  CGACCGAGCG  CAGCGAGTCA  GTGAGCGAGG  AAGCGGAAGA  GCGCCCAATA
7981  CGCAAACCGC  CTCTCCCCGC  GCGTTGGCCG  ATTCATTAAT  GCAGCTGGCA  CGACAGGTTT  CCCGACTGGA
8051  AAGCGGGCAG  TGAGCGCAAC  GCAATTAATG  TGAGTTAGCT  CACTCATTAG  GCACCCCAGG  CTTTACACTT
8121  TATGCTTCCG  GCTCGTATGT  TGTGTGGAAT  TGTGAGCGGA  TAACAATTTC  ACACAGGAAA  CAGCTATGAC
8191  CATGATTACG  CCAAGCTCGG  AATTAACCCT  CACTAAAGGG  AACAAAAGCT  GCTGCAGGGT  CCCTAACTGC
8261  CAAGCCCCAC  AGTGTGCCCT  GAGGCTGCCC  CTTCCTTCTA  GCGGCTGCCC  CCACTCGGCT  TTGCTTTCCC
8331  TAGTTTCAGT  TACTTGCGTT  CAGCCAAGGT  CTGAAACTAG  GTGCGCACAG  AGCGGTAAGA  CTGCGAGAGA
8401  AAGAGACCAG  CTTTACAGGG  GGTTTATCAC  AGTGCACCCT  GACAGTCGTC  AGCCTCACAG  GGGGTTTATC
8471  ACATTGCACC  CTGACAGTCG  TCAGCCTCAC  AGGGGGTTTA  TCACAGTGCA  CCCTTACAAT  CATTCCATTT
8541  GATTCACAAT  TTTTTTAGTC  TCTACTGTGC  CTAACTTGTA  AGTTAAATTT  GATCAGAGGT  GTGTTCCCAG
8611  AGGGGAAAAC  AGTATATACA  GGGTTCAGTA  CTATCGCATT  TCAGGCCTCC  ACCTGGGTCT  TGGAATGTGT
8681  CCCCCGAGGG  GTGATGACTA  CCTCAGTTGG  ATCTCCACAG  GTCACAGTGA  CACAAGATAA  CCAAGACACC
8751  TCCCAAGGCT  ACCACAATGG  GCCGCCCTCC  ACGTGCACAT  GGCCGGAGGA  ACTGCCATGT  CGGAGGTGCA
8821  AGCACACCTG  CGCATCAGAG  TCCTTGGTGT  GGAGGGAGGG  ACCAGCGCAG  CTTCCAGCCA  TCCACCTGAT
8891  GAACAGAACC  TAGGGAAAGC  CCCAGTTCTA  CTTACACCAG  GAAAGGC
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   1  TGGAAGGGCT  AATTTGGTCC  CAAAAAAGAC  AAGAGATCCT  TGATCTGTGG  ATCTACCACA  CACAAGGCTA

  71  CTTCCCTGAT  TGGCAGAACT  ACACACCAGG  GCCAGGGATC  AGATATCCAC  TGACCTTTGG  ATGGTGCTTC

 141  AAGTTAGTAC  CAGTTGAACC  AGAGCAAGTA  GAAGAGGCCA  AATAAGGAGA  GAAGAACAGC  TTGTTACACC

 211  CTATGAGCCA  GCATGGGATG  GAGGACCCGG  AGGGAGAAGT  ATTAGTGTGG  AAGTTTGACA  GCCTCCTAGC

 281  ATTTCGTCAC  ATGGCCCGAG  AGCTGCATCC  GGAGTACTAC  AAAGACTGCT  GACATCGAGC  TTTCTACAAG

 351  GGACTTTCCG  CTGGGGACTT  TCCAGGGAGG  TGTGGCCTGG  GCGGGACTGG  GGAGTGGCGA  GCCCTCAGAT

 421  GCTACATATA  AGCAGCTGCT  TTTTGCCTGT  ACTGGGTCTC  TCTGGTTAGA  CCAGATCTGA  GCCTGGGAGC
                                            ————————————————————▶

 491  TCTCTGGCTA  ACTAGGGAAC  CCACTGCTTA  AGCCTCAATA  AAGCTTGCCT  TGAGTGCTCA  AAGTAGTGTG

 561  TGCCCGTCTG  TTGTGTGACT  CTGGTAACTA  GAGATCCCTC  AGACCCTTTT  AGTCAGTGTG  GAAAATCTCT

 631  AGCAGTGGCG  CCCGAACAGG  GACTTGAAAG  CGAAAGTAAA  GCCAGAGGAG  ATCTCTCGAC  GCAGGACTCG
                                         ————————————▶

            BssHII   (711)
 701  GCTTGCTGAA  GCGCGCacgg  caagaggcga  ggggcggcgC  ctgACgagGa  cgccaaaaat  tttgactagc
            ——————————————————————————————————————————————————————————————

                                                                     ClaI   (830)
 771  ggaggctaga  aggagagagC  TCGGTGCGAG  AGCGTCAGTA  TTAAGCGGGG  GAGAATTAGA  TCGATGGGAA
            ——————————————————————————————————————————————————————————————————▶

 841  AAAATTCGGT  TAAGGCCAGG  GGGAAAGAAG  AAGTACAAGC  TAAAGCACAT  CGTATGGGCA  AGCAGGGAGC
            ——————————————————————————————————————————————————————————————

                                                             AccI   (959)
 911  TAGAACGATT  CGCAGTTAAT  CCTGGCCTGT  TAGAAACATC  AGAAGGCTGT  AGACAAATAC  TGGGACAGCT

 981  ACAACCATCC  CTTCAGACAG  GATCAGAGGA  GCTTCGATCA  CTATACAACA  CAGTAGCAAC  CCTCTATTGT

1051  GTGCACCAGC  GGATCGAGAT  CAAGGACACC  AAGGAAGCTT  TAGACAAGAT  AGAGGAAGAG  CAAAACAAGT

1121  CCAAGAAGAA  GGCCCAGCAG  GCAGCAGCTG  ACACAGGACA  CAGCAATCAG  GTCAGCCAAA  ATTACCCTAT
            ——————————————————————————————————————————————————————————————
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FIG. II

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1191  AGTGCAGAAC ATCCAGGGGC AAATGGTACA TCAGGCCATA TCACCTAGAA CTTTAAACGA TAAGCTTGGG
                                                                        ――――――――――
                ―――――――――――――――――――――――――――――――――――――――――――――――――――――――――→
1261  AGTTCCGCGT TACATAACTT ACGGTAAATG GCCCGCCTGG CTGACCGCCC AACGACCCCC GCCCATTGAC

1331  GTCAATAATG ACGTATGTTC CCATAGTAAC GCCAATAGGG ACTTTCCATT GACGTCAATG GGTGGAGTAT

1401  TTACGGTAAA CTGCCCACTT GGCAGTACAT CAAGTGTATC ATATGCCAAG TACGCCCCCT ATTGACGTCA

1471  ATGACGGTAA ATGGCCCGCC TGGCATTATG CCCAGTACAT GACCTTATGG GACTTTCCTA CTTGGCAGTA

1541  CATCTACGTA TTAGTCATCG CTATTACCAT GGTGATGCGG TTTTGGCAGT ACATCAATGG GCGTGGATAG

1611  CGGTTTGACT CACGGGGATT TCCAAGTCTC CACCCCATTG ACGTCAATGG GAGTTTGTTT TGGCACCAAA

1681  ATCAACGGGA CTTTCCAAAA TGTCGTAACA ACTCCGCCCC ATTGACGCAA ATGGGCGGTA GGCGTGTACG

1751  GTGGGAGGTC TATATAAGCA GAGCTCGTTT AGTGAACCGT CAGATCGCCT GGAGACGCCA TCCACGCTGT

1821  TTTGACCTCC ATAGAAGACA CCGACTCTAG AGgatccATC TAAGTAAGCT TGGCATTCCG GTACTGTTGG
                ――――――――――――――――――――――――――――――――→
1891  TAAAATGGAA GACGCCAAAA ACATAAAGAA AGGCCCGGCG CCATTCTATC CTCTAGAGGA TGGAACCGCT

1961  GGAGAGCAAC TGCATAAGGC TATGAAGAGA TACGCCCTGG TTCCTGGAAC AATTGCTTTT ACAGATGCAC

2031  ATATCGAGGT GAACATCACG TACGCGGAAT ACTTCGAAAT GTCCGTTCGG TTGGCAGAAG CTATGAAACG

2101  ATATGGGCTG AATACAAATC ACAGAATCGT CGTATGCAGT GAAAACTCTC TTCAATTCTT TATGCCGGTG

2171  TTGGGCGCGT TATTTATCGG AGTTGCAGTT GCGCCCGCGA ACGACATTTA TAATGAACGT GAATTGCTCA

2241  ACAGTATGAA CATTTCGCAG CCTACCGTAG TGTTTGTTTC CAAAAAGGGG TTGCAAAAAA TTTTGAACGT

2311  GCAAAAAAAA TTACCAATAA TCCAGAAAAT TATTATCATG GATTCTAAAA CGGATTACCA GGGATTTCAG

2381  TCGATGTACA CGTTCGTCAC ATCTCATCTA CCTCCCGGTT TTAATGAATA CGATTTTGTA CCAGAGTCCT
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2451  TTGATCGTGA CAAAACAATT GCACTGATAA TGAATTCCTC TGGATCTACT GGGTTACCTA AGGGTGTGGC

2521  CCTTCCGCAT AGAACTGCCT GCGTCAGATT CTCGCATGCC AGAGATCCTA TTTTTGGCAA TCAAATCATT

2591  CCGGATACTG CGATTTTAAG TGTTGTTCCA TTCCATCACG GTTTTGGAAT GTTACTACA CTCGGATATT

2661  TGATATGTGG ATTTCGAGTC GTCTTAATGT ATAGATTTGA AGAAGAGCTG TTTTTACGAT CCCTTCAGGA

2731  TTACAAAATT CAAAGTGCGT TGCTAGTACC AACCCTATTT TCATTCTTCG CCAAAAGCAC TCTGATTGAC

2801  AAATACGATT TATCTAATTT ACACGAAATT GCTTCTGGGG GCGCACCTCT TTCGAAAGAA GTCGGGGAAG

2871  CGGTTGCAAA ACGCTTCCAT CTTCCAGGGA TACGACAAGG ATATGGGCTC ACTGAGACTA CATCAGCTAT

2941  TCTGATTACA CCCGAGGGGG ATGATAAACC GGGCGCGGTC GGTAAAGTTG TTCCATTTTT TGAAGCGAAG

3011  GTTGTGGATC TGGATACCGG GAAAACGCTG GGCGTTAATC AGAGAGGCGA ATTATGTGTC AGAGGACCTA

3081  TGATTATGTC CGGTTATGTA AACAATCCGG AAGCGACCAA CGCCTTGATT GACAAGGATG GATGGCTACA

3151  TTCTGGAGAC ATAGCTTACT GGGACGAAGA CGAACACTTC TTCATAGTTG ACCGCTTGAA GTCTTTAATT

                                                              ClaI  (3259)
3221  AAATACAAAG GATATCAGGT GGCCCCCGCT GAATTGGAAT CGATATTGTT ACAACACCCC AACATCTTCG

3291  ACGCGGGCGT GGCAGGTCTT CCCGACGATG ACGCCGGTGA ACTTCCCGCC GCCGTTGTTG TTTTGGAGCA

3361  CGGAAAGACG ATGACGGAAA AAGAGATCGT GGATTACGTC GCCAGTCAAG TAACAACCGC GAAAAAGTTG

3431  CGCGGAGGAG TTGTGTTTGT GGACGAAGTA CCGAAAGGTC TTACCGGAAA ACTCGACGCA AGAAAAATCA

                                                        ApaI    (3557)
                                            XhoI  (3548)        KpnI(3563)
3501  GAGAGATCCT CATAAAGGCC AAGAAGGGCG GAAAGTCCAA ATTGTAAcTC GAGGGGGGGC CCGGTACCTT

3571  TAAGACCAAT GACTTACAAG GCAGCTGTAG ATCTTAGCCA CTTTTTAAAA GAAAGGGGG GACTGGAAGG
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3641  GCTAATTCAC TCCCAAAGAA GACAAGATAT CCTTGATCTG TGGATCTACC ACACACAAGG CTACTTCCCT

3711  GATTGGCAGA ACTACACACC AGGGCCAGGG GTCAGATATC CACTGACCTT TGGATGGTGC TACAAGCTAG

3781  TACCAGTTGA GCCAGATAAG GTAGAAGAGG CCAATAAAGG AGAGAACACC AGCTTGTTAC ACCCTGTGAG

3851  CCTGCATGGA ATGGATGACC CTGAGAGAGA AGTGTTAGAG TGGAGGTTTG ACAGCCGCCT AGCATTTCAT

3921  CACGTGGCCC GAGAGCTGCA TCCGGAGTAC TTCAAGAACT GCTGACATCG AGCTTGCTAC AAGGGACTTT

3991  CCGCTGGGGA CTTTCCAGGG AGGCGTGGCC TGGGCGGGAC TGGGGAGTGG CGAGCCCTCA GATGCTGCAT

4061  ATAAGCAGCT GCTTTTTGCC TGTACTGGGT CTCTCTGGTT AGACCAGATC TGAGCCTGGG AGCTCTCTGG

                                                              ───────────────►
4131  CTAACTAGGG AACCCACTGC TTAAGCCTCA ATAAAGCTTG CCTTGAGTGC TTCAAGTAGT GTGTGCCCGT

                                                                       ───────────►
4201  CTGTTGTGTG ACTCTGGTAA CTAGAGATCC CTCAGACCCT TTAGTCAGT GTGGAAAATC TCTAGCACCC

                                                                          ───────────►
4271  CCCAGGAGGT AGAGGTTGCA GTGAGCCAAG ATCGCGCCAC TGCATTCCAG CCTGGGCAAG AAAACAAGAC
4341  TGTCTAAAAT AATAATAATA AGTTAAGGGT ATTAAATATA TTTATACATG GAGGTCATAA AAATATATAT
4411  ATTTGGCTG GGGCGCAGTGG CTCACACCTG CGCCCGCCCC TTTGGGAGGC CGAGGCAGGT GGATCACCTG
4481  AGTTTGGGAG TTCCAGACCA GCCTGACCAA CATGGAGAAA CCCCTTCTCT GTGTATTTTT AGTAGATTTT
4551  ATTTTATGTG TATTTTATTC ACAGGTATTT CTGGAAAACT GAAACTGTTT TTCCTCTACT CTGATACCAC
4621  AAGAATCATC AGCACAGAGG AAGACTTCTG TGATCAAATG TGGTGGGAGA GGGAGGTTTT CACCAGCACA
4691  TGAGCAGTCA GTTCTGCCGC AGACTCGGCG GGTGTCCTTC GGTTCAGTTC CAACACCGCC TGCCTGGAGA
4761  GAGGTCAGAC CACAGGGTGA GGGCTCAGTC CCCAAGACAT AAACACCCAA GACATAAACA CCCAACAGGT
4831  CCACCCCGCC TGCTGCCCAG GCAGAGCCGA TTCACCAAGA CGGGAATTAG GATAGAGAAA GAGTAAGTCA
4901  CACAGAGCCG GCTGTGCGGG AGAACGGAGT TCTATTATGA CTCAAATCAG TCTCCCCAAG CATTCGGGGA
4971  TCAGAGTTTT TAAGGATAAC TTAGTGTGTA GGGGGCCAGT GAGTTGGAGA TGAAAGCGTA GGGAGTCGAA
5041  GCTGTCCTTT TGCGCCGAGT CAGTTCCTGG GTGGGGGCCA CAAGATCGGA TGAGCCAGTT TATCAATCCG
5111  GGGGTGCCAG CTGATCCATG GAGTGCAGGG TCTGCAAAAT ATCTCAAGCA CTGATTGATC TTAGGTTTTA
5181  CAATAGTGAT GTTACCCCAG GAACAATTTG GGGAAGGTCA GAATCTTGTA GCCTGTAGCT GCATGACTCC
5251  TAAACCATAA TTTCTTTTTT GTTTTTTTTT TTTTATTTTT GAGACAGGGT CTCACTCTGT CACCTAGGCT
5321  GGAGTGCAGT GGTGCAATCA CAGCTCACTG CAGCCCCTAG AGCGGCCGCC ACCGCGGTGG AGCTCCAATT
5391  CGCCCTATAG TGAGTCGTAT TACAATTCAC TGGCCGTCGT TTTACAACGT CGTGACTGGG AAAACCCTGG
5461  CGTTACCCAA CTTAATCGCC TTGCAGCACA TCCCCCTTTC GCCAGCTGGC GTAATAGCGA AGAGGCCCGC
5531  ACCGATCGCC CTTCCCAACA GTTGCGCAGC CTGAATGGCG AATGGCGCGA AATTGTAAAC GTTAATATTT
5601  TGTTAAAATT CGCGTTAAAT TTTGTTAAA TCAGCTCATT TTTTAACCAA TAGGCCGAAA TCGGCAAAAT
5671  CCCTTATAAA TCAAAAGAAT AGACCGAGAT AGGGTTGAGT GTTGTTCCAG TTTGGAACAA GAGTCCACTA
5741  TTAAAGAACG TGGACTCCAA CGTCAAAGGG CGAAAAACCG TCTATCAGGG CGATGGCCCA CTACGTGAAC
5811  CATCACCCTA ATCAAGTTTT TTGGGGTCGA GGTGCCGTAA AGCACTAAAT CGGAACCCTA AAGGGAGCCC
5881  CCGATTTAGA GCTTGACGGG GAAAGCCGGC GAACGTGGCG AGAAAGGAAG GGAAGAAAGC GAAAGGAGCG
5951  GGCGCTAGGG CGCTGGCAAG TGTAGCGGTC ACGCTGCGCG TAACCACCAC ACCCGCCGCG CTTAATGCGC
6021  CGCTACAGGG CGCGTCCCAG GTGGCACTTT TCGGGGAAAT GTGCGCGGAA CCCCTATTTG TTTATTTTTC
6091  TAAATACATT CAAATATGTA TCCGCTCATG AGACAATAAC CCTGATAAAT GCTTCAATAA TATTGAAAAA
```

```
6161  GGAAGAGTAT GAGTATTCAA CATTTCCGTG TCGCCCTTAT TCCCTTTTTT GCGGCATTTT GCCTTCCTGT
6231  TTTTGCTCAC CCAGAAACGC TGGTGAAAGT AAAAGATGCT GAAGATCAGT TGGGTGCACG AGTGGGTTAC
6301  ATCGAACTGG ATCTCAACAG CGGTAAGATC CTTGAGAGTT TTCGCCCCGA AGAACGTTTT CCAATGATGA
6371  GCACTTTTAA AGTTCTGCTA TGTGGCGCGG TATTATCCCG TATTGACGCC GGGCAAGAGC AACTCGGTCG
6441  CCGCATACAC TATTCTCAGA ATGACTTGGT TGAGTACTCA CCAGTCACAG AAAAGCATCT TACGGATGGC
6511  ATGACAGTAA GAGAATTATG CAGTGCTGCC ATAACCATGA GTGATAACAC TGCGGCCAAC TTACTTCTGA
6581  CAACGATCGG AGGACCGAAG GAGCTAACCG CTTTTTTGCA CAACATGGGG GATCATGTAA CTCGCCTTGA
6651  TCGTTGGGAA CCGGAGCTGA ATGAAGCCAT ACCAAACGAC GAGCGTGACA CCACGATGCC TGTAGCAATG
6721  GCAACAACGT TGCGCAAACT ATTAACTGGC GAACTACTTA CTCTAGCTTC CCGGCAACAA TTAATAGACT
6791  GGATGGAGGC GGATAAAGTT GCAGGACCAC TTCTGCGCTC GGCCCTTCCG GCTGGCTGGT TTATTGCTGA
6861  TAAATCTGGA GCCGGTGAGC GTGGGTCTCG CGGTATCATT GCAGCACTGG GGCCAGATGG TAAGCCCTCC
6931  CGTATCGTAG TTATCTACAC GACGGGGAGT CAGGCAACTA TGGATGAACG AAATAGACAG ATCGCTGAGA
7001  TAGGTGCCTC ACTGATTAAG CATTGGTAAC TGTCAGACCA AGTTTACTCA TATATACTTT AGATTGATTT
7071  AAAACTTCAT TTTTAATTTA AAAGGATCTA GGTGAAGATC CTTTTTGATA ATCTCATGAC CAAAATCCCT
7141  TAACGTGAGT TTTCGTTCCA CTGAGCGTCA GACCCCGTAG AAAAGATCAA AGGATCTTCT TGAGATCCTT
7211  TTTTTCTGCG CGTAATCTGC TGCTTGCAAA CAAAAAAACC ACCGCTACCA GCGGTGGTTT GTTTGCCGGA
7281  TCAAGAGCTA CCAACTCTTT TTCCGAAGGT AACTGGCTTC AGCAGAGCGC AGATACCAAA TACTGTCCTT
7351  CTAGTGTAGC CGTAGTTAGG CCACCACTTC AAGAACTCTG TAGCACCGCC TACATACCTC GCTCTGCTAA
7421  TCCTGTTACC AGTGGCTGCT GCCAGTGGCG ATAAGTCGTG TCTTACCGGG TTGGACTCAA GACGATAGTT
7491  ACCGGATAAG GCGCAGCGGT CGGGCTGAAC GGGGGGTTCG TGCACACAGC CCAGCTTGGA GCGAACGACC
7561  TACACCGAAC TGAGATACCT ACAGCGTGAG CTATGAGAAA GCGCCACGCT TCCCGAAGGG AGAAAGGCGG
7631  ACAGGTATCC GGTAAGCGGC AGGGTCGGAA CAGGAGAGCG CACGAGGGAG CTTCCAGGGG GAAACGCCTG
7701  GTATCTTTAT AGTCCTGTCG GGTTTCGCCA CCTCTGACTT GAGCGTCGAT TTTTGTGATG CTCGTCAGGG
7771  GGGCGGAGCC TATGGAAAAA CGCCAGCAAC GCGGCCTTTT TACGGTTCCT GGCCTTTTGC TGGCCTTTTG
7841  CTCACATGTT CTTTCCTGCG TTATCCCCTG ATTCTGTGGA TAACCGTATT ACCGCCTTTG AGTGAGCTGA
7911  TACCGCTCGC CGCAGCCGAA CGACCGAGCG CAGCGAGTCA GTGAGCGAGG AAGCGGAAGA GCGCCCAATA
7981  CGCAAACCGC CTCTCCCCGC GCGTTGGCCG ATTCATTAAT GCAGCTGGCA CGACAGGTTT CCCGACTGGA
8051  AAGCGGGCAG TGAGCGCAAC GCAATTAATG TGAGTTAGCT CACTCATTAG GCACCCCAGG CTTTACACTT
8121  TATGCTTCCG GCTCGTATGT TGTGTGGAAT TGTGAGCGGA TAACAATTTC ACACAGGAAA CAGCTATGAC
8191  CATGATTACG CCAAGCTCGG AATTAACCCT CACTAAAGGG AACAAAAGCT GCTGCAGGGT CCCTAACTGC
8261  CAAGCCCCAC AGTGTGCCCT GAGGCTGCCC CTTCCTTCTA GCGGCTGCCC CCACTCGGCT TTGCTTTCCC
8331  TAGTTTCAGT TACTTGCGTT CAGCCAAGGT CTGAAACTAG GTGCGCACAG AGCGGTAAGA CTGCGAGAGA
8401  AAGAGACCAG CTTTACAGGG GGTTTATCAC AGTGCACCCT GACAGTCGTC AGCCTCACAG GGGGTTTATC
8471  ACATTGCACC CTGACAGTCG TCAGCCTCAC AGGGGGTTTA TCACAGTGCA CCCTTACAAT CATTCCATTT
8541  GATTCACAAT TTTTTTAGTC TCTACTGTGC CTAACTTGTA AGTTAAATTT GATCAGAGGT GTGTTCCCAG
8611  AGGGGAAAAC AGTATATACA GGGTTCAGTA CTATCGCATT TCAGGCCTCC ACCTGGGTCT TGGAATGTGT
8681  CCCCCGAGGG GTGATGACTA CCTCAGTTGG ATCTCCACAG GTCACAGTGA CACAAGATAA CCAAGACACC
8751  TCCCAAGGCT ACCACAATGG GCCGCCCTCC ACGTGCACAT GGCCGGAGGA ACTGCCATGT CGGAGGTGCA
8821  AGCACACCTG CGCATCAGAG TCCTTGGTGT GGAGGGAGGG ACCAGCGCAG CTTCCAGCCA TCCACCTGAT
8891  GAACAGAACC TAGGGAAAGC CCCAGTTCTA CTTACACCAG GAAAGGC
```

34/45

```
mBCwCN frag   ---------- ---------- --------C- --AC---G-- ----------
m2BCwCN frag  ---------- ---------- --------C- ---G---G-- ----------
BC/HXB2       ---------- ---------- ---------- ---------- ----------
BC/NL43       ---------- ---------- ---------- ---------- ----------
#1            .......... .......... .......... .......... ..........
              CGCGCACGGC AAGAGGCGAG GGGCGGCGAC TGGTGAGTAC GCCAAAAATT


mBCwCN frag   ---------- ---------- --------C- C--------- ----------
m2BCwCN frag  ---------- ---------- ---------- ---------- ----------
BC/HXB2       -------T-- ---------- ---------- ---------- ----------
BC/NL43       ---------- ---------- ---------- ---------- -----G----
#51           .......... .......... .......... .......... ..........
              TTGACTAGCG GAGGCTAGAA GGAGAGAGAT GGGTGCGAGA GCGTCAGTAT


mBCwCN frag   ---------- ---------- ---------- ---------- ----------
m2BCwCN frag  ---------- ---------- ---------- ---------- ----------
BC/HXB2       ---------- ---------- ---------- ---------- ----------
BC/NL43       ---------- ---------- AA-------- ---------- ----------
#101          .......... .......... .......... .......... ..........
              TAAGCGGGGG AGAATTAGAT CG
```

FIG. 12

Gag production from the Rev-Independent gag-pol HIV-1 vector pCMVBNkan

FIG. 13

Reverse transcriptase activity from the Rev-
Independent gag-pol HIV-1 vector pCMVBNkan

FIG. 14
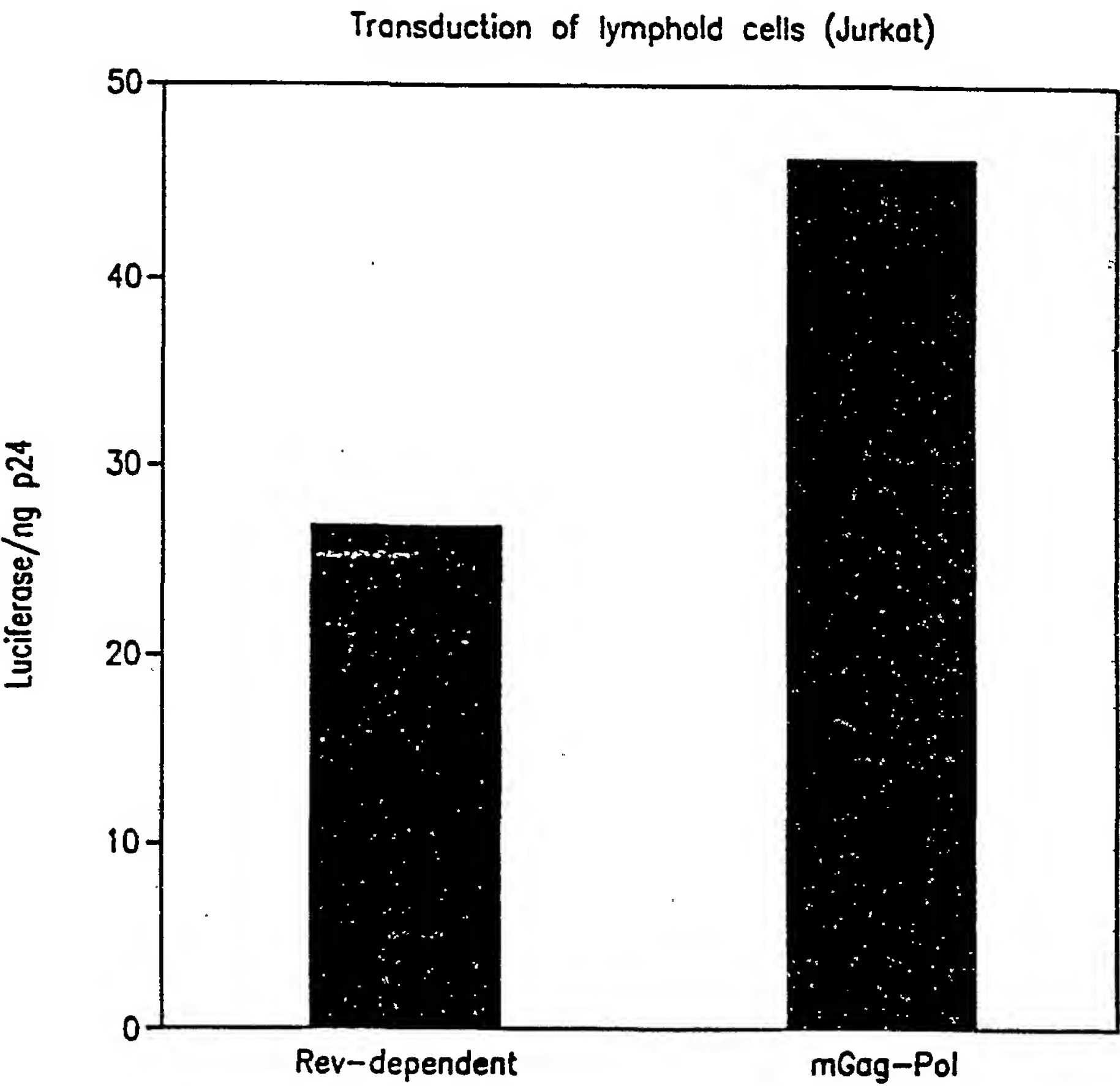
FIG. 15A
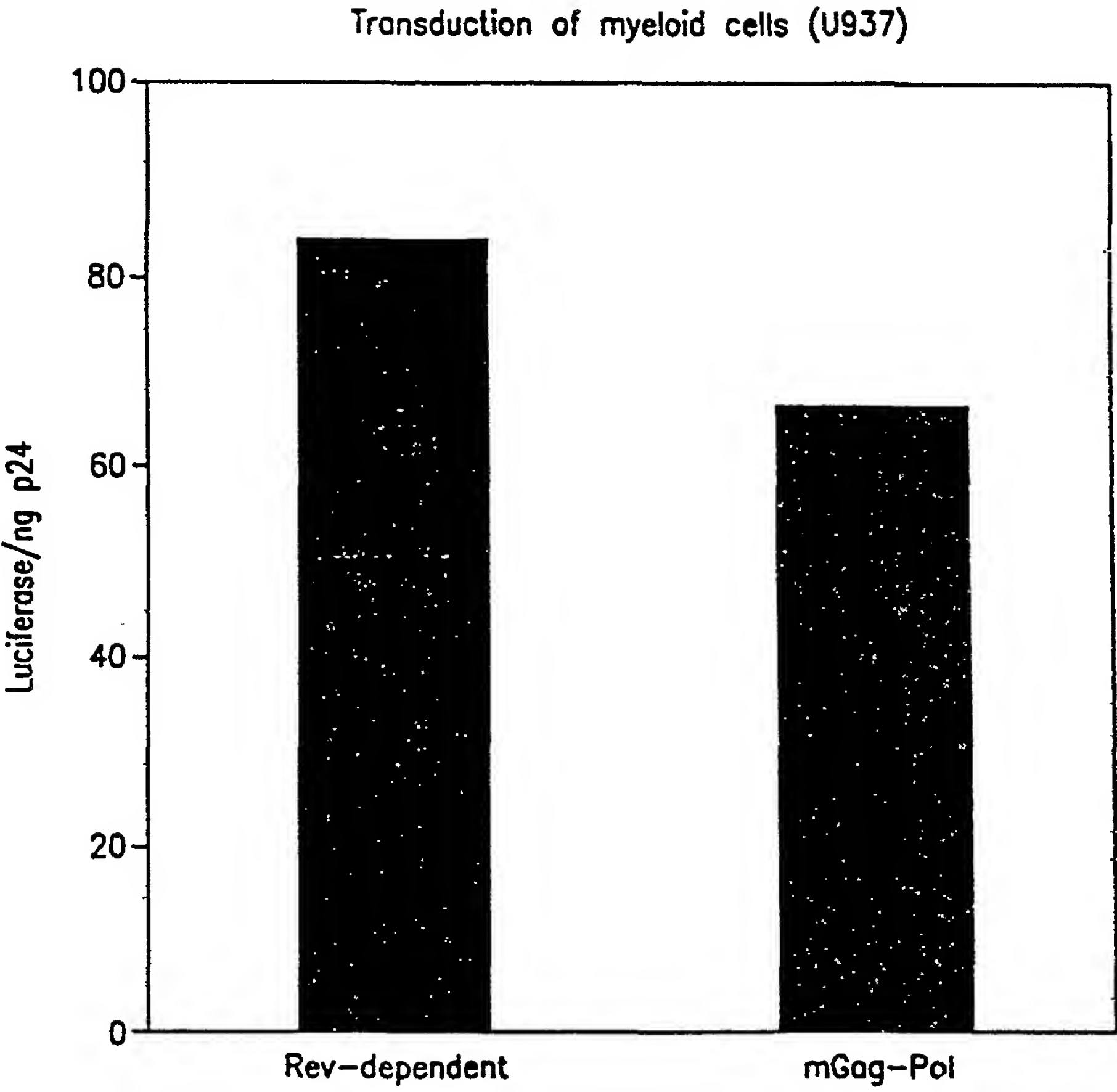
Transduction of lymphoid cells (Jurkat)
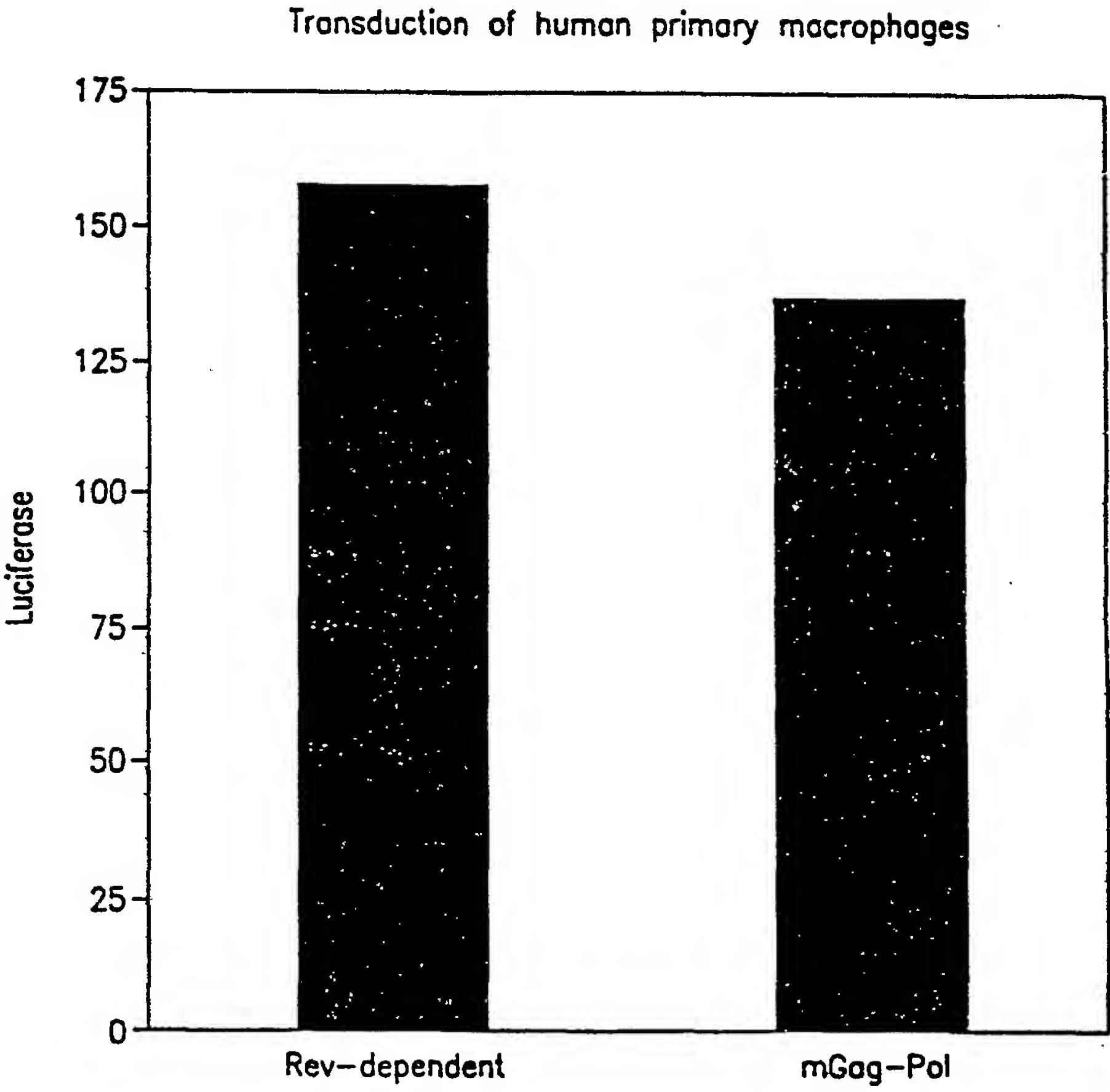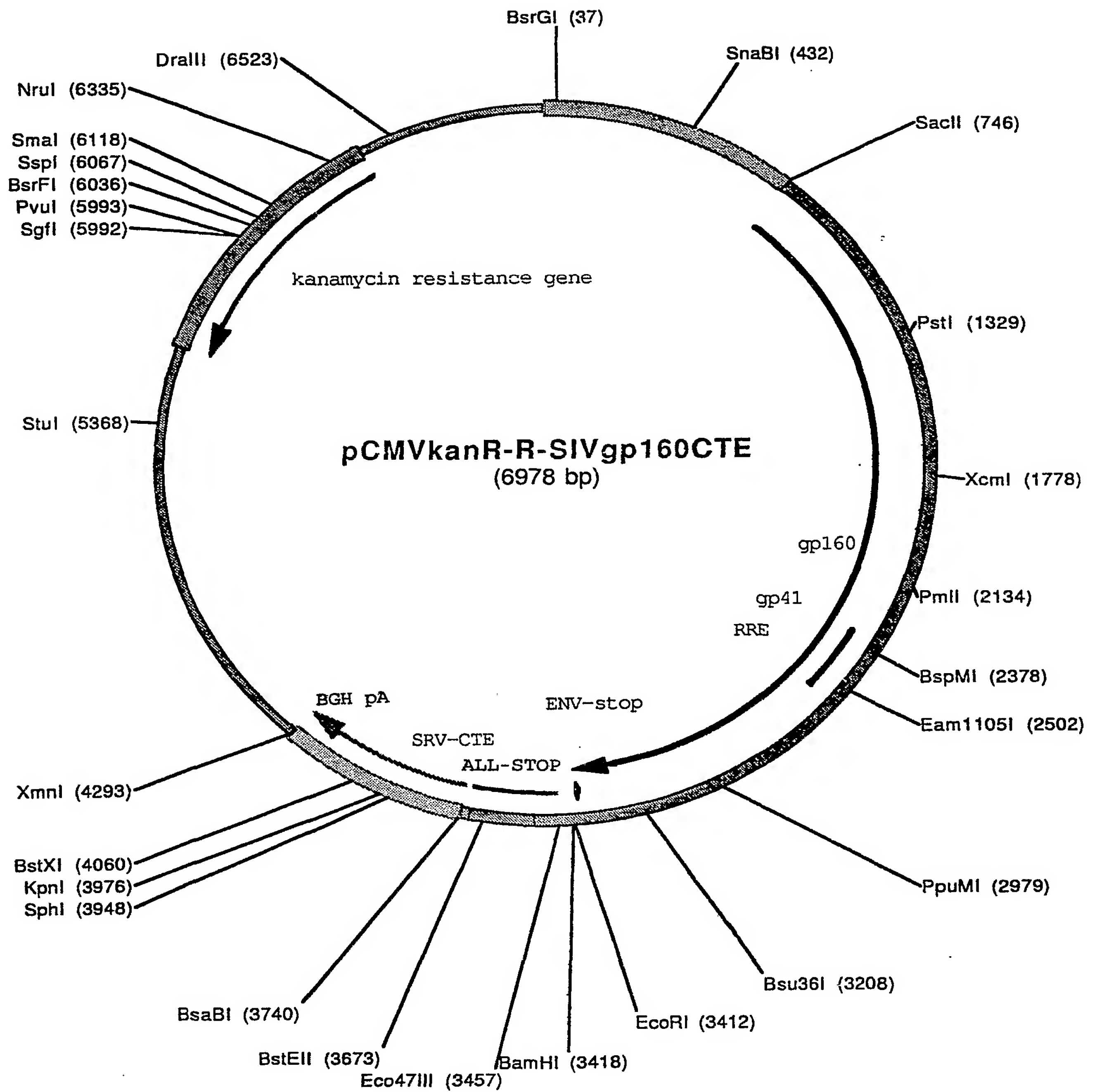
FIG. 15B

FIG. 15C

FIG. I5D
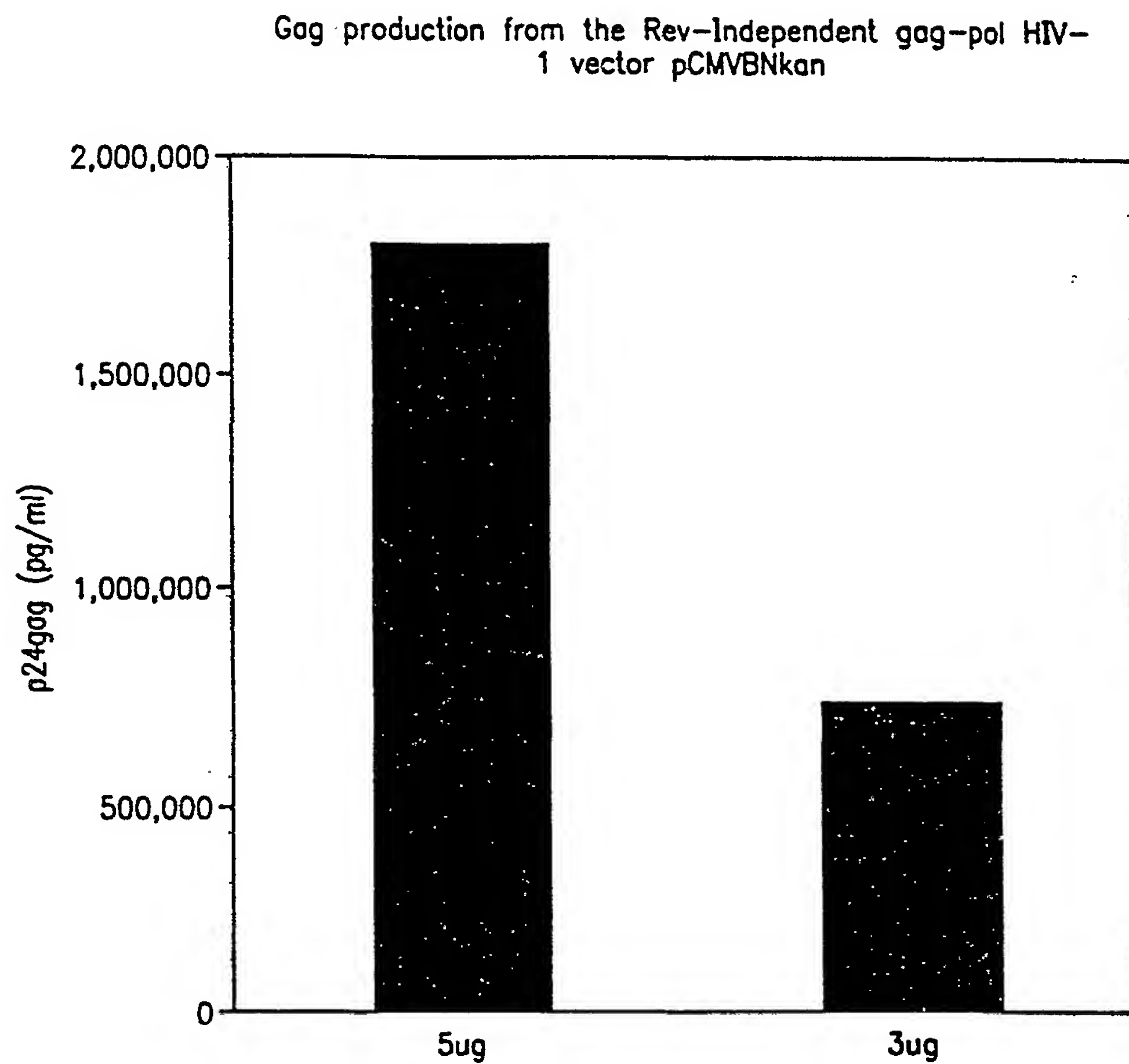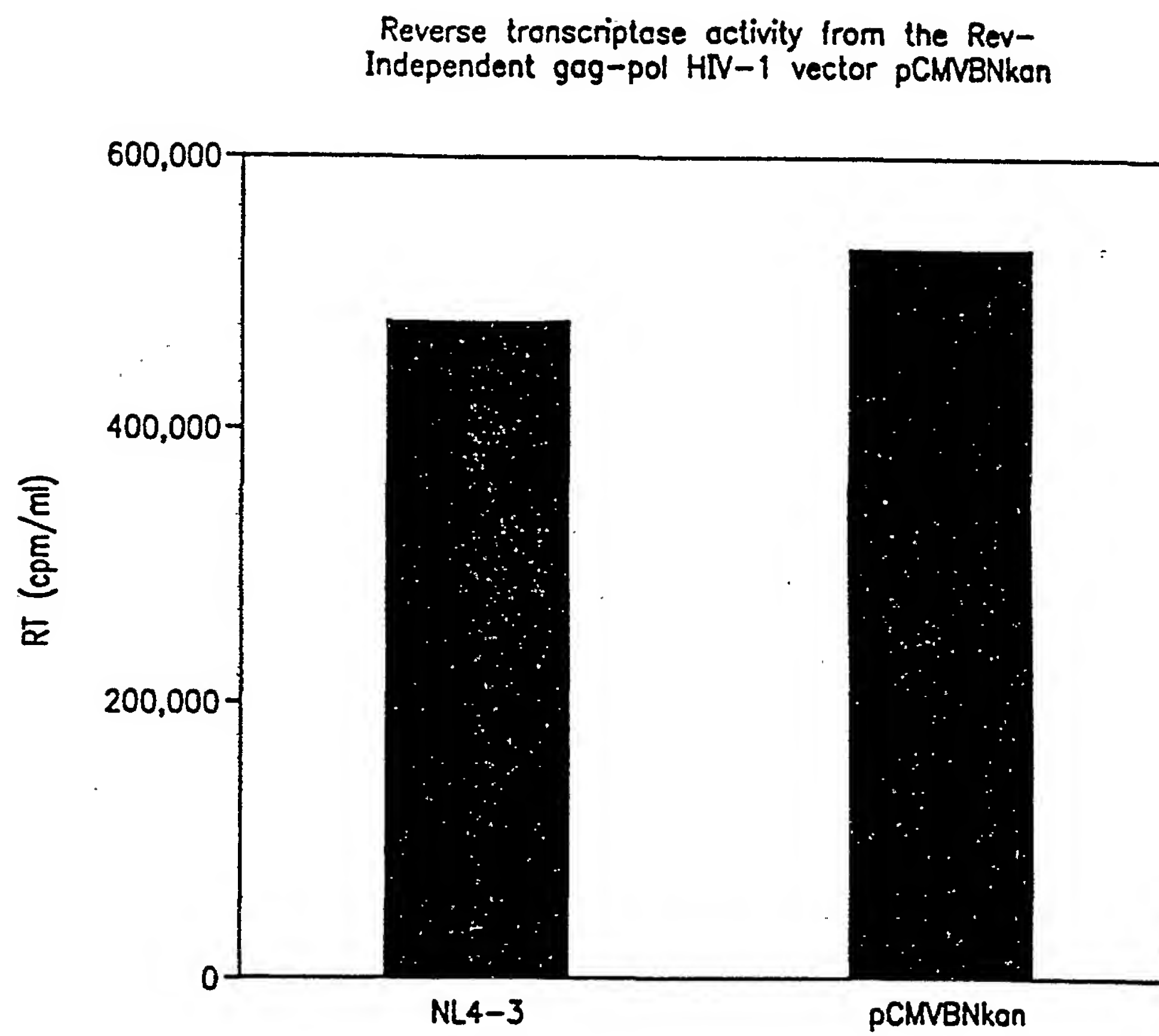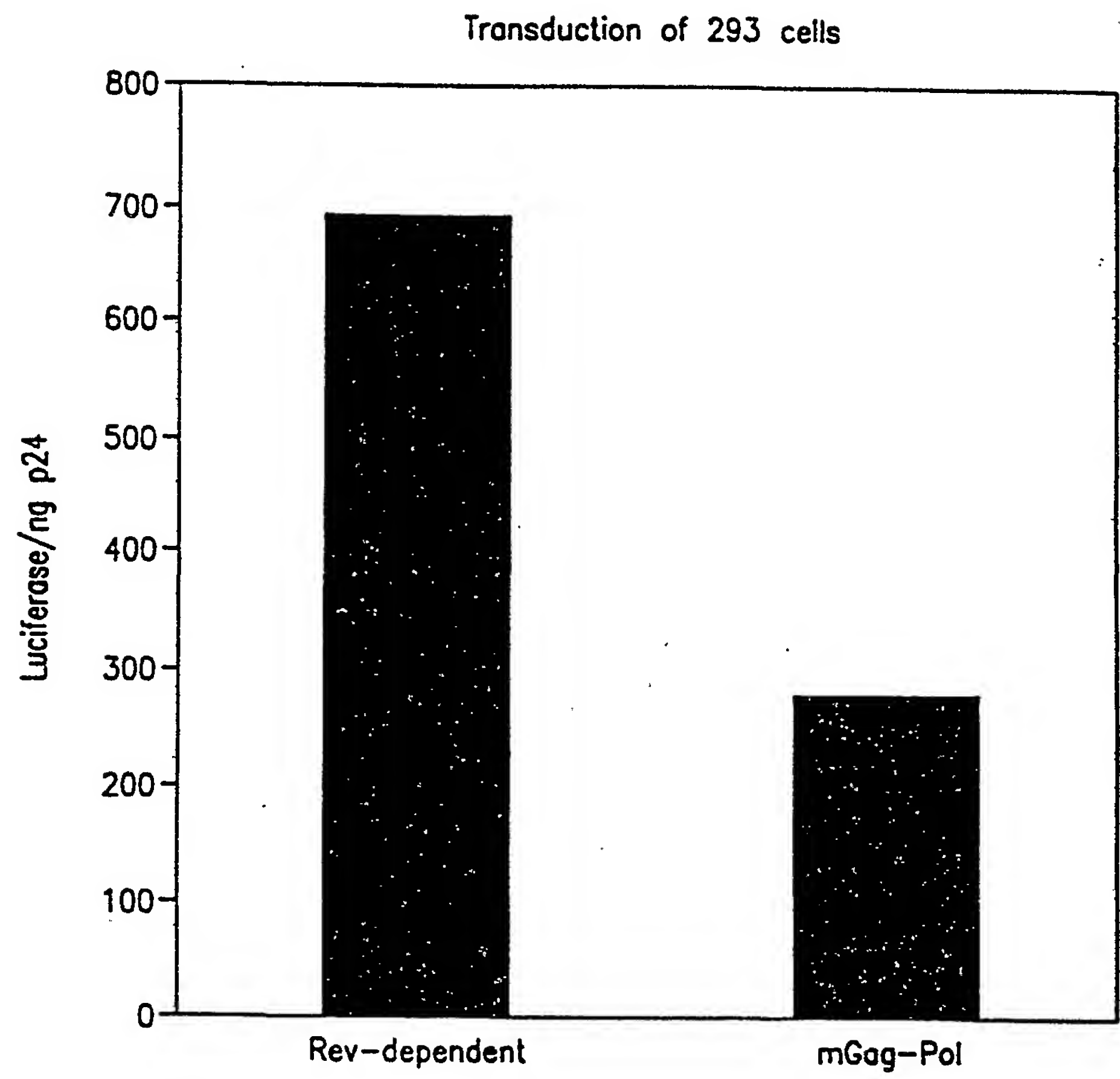
FIG. 16

42/45

BsrGI (37)

```
  1  CCTGGCCATTGCATACGTTGTATCCATATCATAATATGTACATTTATATTGGCTCATGTCCAACATTACCGCCATGTTGA
 81  CATTGATTATTGACTAGTTATTAATAGTAATCAATTACGGGGTCATTAGTTCATAGCCCATATATGGAGTTCCGCGTTAC
161  ATAACTTACGGTAAATGGCCCGCCTGGCTGACCGCCCAACGACCCCCGCCCATTGACGTCAATAATGACGTATGTTCCCA
241  TAGTAACGCCAATAGGGACTTTCCATTGACGTCAATGGGTGGAGTATTTACGGTAAACTGCCCACTTGGCAGTACATCAA
321  GTGTATCATATGCCAAGTACGCCCCCTATTGACGGTAAATGGCCCGCCTGGCATTATGCCCAGTACATGAC
```

SnaBI (432)

```
401  CTTATGGGACTTTCCTACTTGGCAGTACATCTACGTATTAGTCATCGCTATTACCATGGTGATGCGGTTTTGGCAGTACA
481  TCAATGGGCGTGGATAGCGGTTTGACTCACGGGGATTTCCAAGTCTCCACCCCATTGACGTCAATGGGAGTTTGTTTTGG
561  CACCAAAATCAACGGGACTTTCCAAAATGTCGTAACAACTCCGCCCCATTGACGCAAATGGGCGGTAGGCGTGTACGGTG
641  GGAGGTCTATATAAGCAGAGCTCGTTTAGTGAACCGTCAGATCGCCTGGAGACGCCATCCACGCTGTTTTGACCTCCATA
```

SacII (746)

```
721  GAAGACACCGGGACCGATCCAGCCTCCGCGGGCCGCGCTAAGTATGGGATGTCTTGGGAATCAGCTGCTTATCGCCATCT
```

1► Met Gl yCysLeuGl yAsnGl nLeuLeu I I eAl al I eL

```
801  TGCTTTTAAGTGTCTATGGGATCTATTGTACTCTATATGTCACAGTCTTTTATGGTGTACCAGCTTGGAGGAATGCGACA
```

13► euLeuLeuSer Val TyrGl y I I eTyrCysThr LeuTyrVal Thr Val PheTyrGl yVal ProAl aTrpArgAsnAl aThr

```
881  ATTCCCCTCTTTTGTGCAACCAAGAATAGGGATACTTGGGGAACAACTCAGTGCCTACCAGATAATGGTGATTATTCAGA
```

40► I I eProLeuPheCysAl aThr LysAsnArgAspThr TrpGl yThr Thr Gl nCysLeuProAspAsnGl yAspTyrSer Gl

```
961  AGTGGCCCTTAATGTTACAGAAAGCTTTGATGCCTGGAATAATACAGTCACAGAACAGGCAATAGAGGATGTATGGCAAC
```

66► uVal Al aLeuAsnVal Thr Gl uSer PheAspAl aTrpAsnAsnThr Val Thr Gl uGl nAl al I eGl uAspVal TrpGl nL

```
1041  TCTTTGAGACCTCAATAAAGCCTTGTGTAAAATTATCCCCATTATGCATTACTATGAGATGCAATAAAAGTGAGACAGAT
```

93► euPheGl uThr Ser I I eLysProCysVal LysLeuSer ProLeuCys I I eThr Met ArgCysAsnLysSer Gl uThrAsp

```
1121  AGATGGGGATTGACAAAATCAATAACAACAACAGCATCAACAACATCAACGACAGCATCAGCAAAAGTAGACATGGTCAA
```

120► ArgTrpGl yLeuThr LysSer I I eThr Thr Thr Al aSer Thr Thr Ser Thr Thr Al aSer Al aLysVal AspMet Val As

```
1201  TGAGACTAGTTCTTGTATAGCCCAGGATAATTGCACAGGCTTGGAACAAGAGCAAATGATAAGCTGTAAATTCAACATGA
```

146► nGl uThr Ser Ser Cys I I eAl aGl nAspAsnCysThr Gl yLeuGl uGl nGl uGl nMet I I eSer CysLysPheAsnMet T

Pstl (1329)

```
1281  CAGGGTTAAAAAGAGACAAGAAAAAAGAGTACAATGAAACTTGGTACTCTGCAGATTTGGTATGTGAACAAGGGAATAAC
```

173► hr Gl yLeuLysArgAspLysLysLysGl uTyrAsnGl uThr TrpTyrSer Al aAspLeuVal CysGl uGl nGl yAsnAsn

```
1361  ACTGGTAATGAAAGTAGATGTTACATGAACCACTGTAACACTTCTGTTATCCAAGAGTCTTGTGACAAACATTATTGGGA
```

200► Thr Gl yAsnGl uSer ArgCysTyrMet AsnHi sCysAsnThr Ser Val I I eGl nGl uSer CysAspLysHi sTyrTrpAs

```
1441  TGCTATTAGATTTAGGTATTGTGCACCTCCAGGTTATGCTTTGCTTAGATGTAATGACACAAATTATTCAGGCTTTATGC
```

226► pAl al I eArgPheArgTyrCysAl aProProGl yTyrAl aLeuLeuArgCysAsnAspThr AsnTyrSer Gl yPheMet P

```
1521  CTAAATGTTCTAAGGTGGTGGTCTCTTCATGCACAAGGATGATGGAGACACAGACTTCTACTTGGTTTGGCTTTAATGGA
```

253► r oLysCysSer LysVal Val Val Ser Ser CysThr ArgMet Met Gl uThr Gl nThr Ser Thr TrpPheGl yPheAsnGl y

```
1601  ACTAGAGCAGAAAATAGAACTTATATTTACTGGCATGGTAGGGATAATAGGACTATAATTAGTTTAAATAAGTATTATAA
```

280► Thr ArgAl aGl uAsnArgThr TyrI I eTyrTrpHi sGl yArgAspAsnArgThr I I eI I eSer LeuAsnLysTyrTyrAs

```
1681  TCTAACAATGAAATGTAGAAGACCAGGAAATAAGACAGTTTTACCAGTCACCATTATGTCTGGATTGGTTTTCCACTCAC
```

306► nLeuThr Met LysCysArgArgProGl yAsnLysThr Val LeuProVal Thr I I eMet Ser Gl yLeuVal PheHi sSer G

Xcml (1778)

```
1761  AACCAATCAATGATAGGCCAAAGCAGGCATGGTGTTGGTTTGGAGGAAAATGGAAGGATGCAATAAAAGAGGTGAAGCAG
```

333► I nProI I eAsnAspArgProLysGl nAl aTrpCysTrpPheGl yGl yLysTrpLysAspAl al I eLysGl uVal LysGl n

```
1841  ACCATTGTCAAACATCCCAGGTATACTGGAACTAACAATACTGATAAAATCAATTTGACGGCTCCTGGAGGAGGAGATCC
```

360► Thr I I eVal LysHi sProArgTyrThr Gl yThr AsnAsnThr AspLys I I eAsnLeuThr Al aProGl yGl yGl yAspPr

```
1921  GGAAGTTACCTTCATGTGGACAAATTGCAGAGGAGAGTTCCTCTACTGTAAAATGAATTGGTTTCTAAATTGGGTAGAAG
```

386► oGl uVal Thr PheMet TrpThr AsnCysArgGl yGl uPheLeuTyrCysLysMet AsnTrpPheLeuAsnTrpVal Gl uA

```
2001  ATAGGAATACAGCTAACCAGAAGCCAAAGGAACAGCATAAAAGGAATTACGTGCCATGTCATATTAGACAAATAATCAAC
```

413► spArgAsnThr Al aAsnGl nLysProLysGl uGl nHi sLysArgAsnTyrVal ProCysHi s I I eArgGl n I I eI I eAsn

FIG. 17

43/45

PmlI (2134)
2081 ACTTGGCATAAAGTAGGCAAAAATGTTTATTTGCCTCCAAGAGAGGGAGACCTCACGTGTAACTCCACAGTGACCAGTCT

440▶ Thr TrpHisLysVal GlyLysAsnVal TyrLeuProProArgGluGlyAspLeuThr CysAsnSer Thr Val Thr Ser Le
2161 CATAGCAAACATAGATTGGATTGATGGAAACCAAACTAATATCACCATGAGTGCAGAGGTGGCAGAACTGTATCGATTGG

466▶ ulleAlaAsnlleAspTrplleAspGlyAsnGlnThrAsnlleThrMet Ser AlaGluValAlaGluLeuTyrArgLeuG
2241 AATTGGGAGATTATAAATTAGTAGAGATCACTCCAATTGGCTTGGCCCCCACAGATGTGAAGAGGTACACTACTGGTGGC

493▶ luLeuGlyAspTyrLysLeuValGlulleThr ProlleGlyLeuAlaProThrAspVal LysArgTyrThr Thr GlyGly
                                                                  BspMI (2378)
2321 ACCTCAAGAAATAAAAGAGGGGTCTTTGTGCTAGGGTTCTTGGGTTTTCTCGCAACGGCAGGTTCTGCAATGGGAGCCGC

520▶ Thr Ser ArgAsnLysArgGlyVal PheVal LeuGlyPheLeuGlyPheLeuAlaThr AlaGlySer AlaMet GlyAlaAl
2401 CAGCCTGACCCTCACGGCACAGTCCCGAACTTTATTGGCTGGGATAGTCCAACAGCAGCAACAGCTGTTGGACGTGGTCA

546▶ aSer LeuThr LeuThr AlaGlnSer ArgThr LeuLeuAlaGlyIleValGlnGlnGlnGlnGlnLeuLeuAspVal Val L
      Eam1105I (2502)
2481 AGAGACAACAAGAATTGTTGCGACTGACCGTCTGGGGAACAAAGAACCTCCAGACTAGGGTCACTGCCATCGAGAAGTAC

573▶ ysArgGlnGlnGluLeuLeuArgLeuThr Val TrpGlyThr LysAsnLeuGlnThr ArgVal Thr Ala IleGluLysTyr
2561 TTAAAGGACCAGGCGCAGCTGAATGCTTGGGGATGTGCGTTTAGACAAGTCTGCCACACTACTGTACCATGGCCAAATGC

600▶ LeuLysAspGlnAlaGlnLeuAsnAlaTrpGlyCysAlaPheArgGlnVal CysHisThr Thr Val ProTrpProAsnAl
2641 AAGTCTAACACCAAAGTGGAACAATGAGACTTGGCAAGAGTGGGAGCGAAAGGTTGACTTCTTGGAAGAAAATATAACAG

626▶ aSer LeuThr ProLysTrpAsnAsnGluThr TrpGlnGluTrpGluArgLysVal AspPheLeuGluGluAsnlleThr A
2721 CCCTCCTAGAGGAGGCACAAATTCAACAAGAGAAGAACATGTATGAATTACAAAAGTTGAATAGCTGGGATGTGTTTGGC

653▶ laLeuLeuGluGlu AlaGlnIleGlnGlnGluLysAsnMet TyrGluLeuGlnLysLeuAsnSer TrpAspVal PheGly
2801 AATTGGTTTGACCTTGCTTCTTGGATAAAGTATATACAATATGGAGTTTATATAGTTGTAGGAGTAATACTGTTAAGAAT

680▶ AsnTrpPheAspLeuAlaSer TrplleLysTyrlleGlnTyrGlyVal TyrlleVal Val GlyVal IleLeuLeuArg I l
2881 AGTGATCTATATAGTACAAATGCTAGCTAAGTTAAGGCAGGGGTATAGGCCAGTGTTCTCTTCCCCACCCTCTTATTTCC

706▶ eVal IleTyrlleVal GlnMet LeuAlaLysLeuArgGlnGlyTyrArgProVal PheSer Ser ProProSer TyrPheG
                                                                  PpuMI (2979)
2961 AGCAGACCCATATCCAACAGGACCCGGCACTGCCAACCAGAGAAGGCAAAGAAAGAGACGGTGGAGAAGGCGGTGGCAAC

733▶ lnGlnThr His IleGlnGlnAspProAlaLeuProThr ArgGluGlyLysGluArgAspGlyGlyGluGlyGlyGlyAsn
3041 AGCTCCTGGCCTTGGCAGATAGAATATATCCACTTTCTTATTCGTCAGCTTATTAGACTCTTGACTTGGCTATTCAGTAA

760▶ Ser Ser TrpProTrpGlnlleGluTyrlleHisPheLeulleArgGlnLeulleArgLeuLeuThr TrpLeuPheSerAs
3121 CTGTAGGACTTTGCTATCGAGAGTATACCAGATCCTCCAACCAATACTCCAGAGGCTCTCTGCGACCCTACAGAGGATTC

786▶ nCysArgThr LeuLeuSer ArgVal TyrGlnlleLeuGlnProlleLeuGlnArgLeuSer AlaThr LeuGlnArglleA
      Bsu36I (3208)
3201 GAGAAGTCCTCAGGACTGAACTGACCTACCTACAATATGGGTGGAGCTATTTCCATGAGGCGGTCCAGGCCGTCTGGAGA

813▶ rgGluVal LeuArgThr GluLeuThr TyrLeuGlnTyrGly TrpSer TyrPheHisGluAlaVal GlnAlaVal TrpArg
3281 TCTGCGACAGAGACTCTTGCGGGCGCGTGGGGAGACTTATGGGAGACTCTTAGGAGAGGTGGAAGATGGATACTCGCAAT

840▶ Ser AlaThr GluThr LeuAlaGlyAlaTrpGlyAspLeuTrpGluThr LeuArgArgGlyGlyA rgTrplleLeuAlall
                                                                  BamHI (3418)
                                               EcoRI (3412)
3361 CCCCAGGAGGATTAGACAAGGGCTTGAGCTCACTCTCTTGTGAGGGACAGAGAATTCGGATCCactagttctagaCTCGA

866▶ eProArgArglleArgGlnGlyLeuGluLeuThr LeuLeu・・
      Eco47III (3457)
3441 GGGGGGGCCCGGTACGAGCGCTTAGCTAGCTAGAGACCACCTCCCCTGCGAGCTAAGCTGGACAGCCAATGACGGGTAAG

3521 AGAGTGACATTTTTCACTAACCTAAGACAGGAGGGCCGTCAGAGCTACTGCCTAATCCAAAGACGGGTAAAAGTGATAAA

                                                                  BstEII (3673)
3601 AATGTATCACTCCAACCTAAGACAGGCGCAGCTTCCGAGGGATTTGTCGTCTGTTTTATATATATTTAAAAGGGTGACCT

44/45

BsaBI (3740)

```
3681 GTCCGGAGCCGTGCTGCCCGGATGATGTCTTGGTCTAGACTCGAGGGGGGGCCCGGTACGATCCAGATCTGCTGTGCCTT

3761 CTAGTTGCCAGCCATCTGTTGTTTGCCCCTCCCCCGTGCCTTCCTTGACCCTGGAAGGTGCCACTCCCACTGTCCTTTCC

3841 TAATAAAATGAGGAAATTGCATCGCATTGTCTGAGTAGGTGTCATTCTATTCTGGGGGGTGGGGTGGGGCAGCACAGCAA
```

SphI (3948)   KpnI (3976)

```
3921 GGGGGAGGATTGGGAAGACAATAGCAGGCATGCTGGGGATGCGGTGGGCTCTATGGGTACCCAGGTGCTGAAGAATTGAC
```

BstXI (4060)

```
4001 CCGGTTCCTCCTGGGCCAGAAAGAAGCAGGCACATCCCCTTCTCTGTGACACACCCTGTCCACGCCCCTGGTTCTTAGTT

4081 CCAGCCCCACTCATAGGACACTCATAGCTCAGGAGGGCTCCGCCTTCAATCCCACCCGCTAAAGTACTTGGAGCGGTCTC

4161 TCCCTCCCTCATCAGCCCACCAAACCAAACCTAGCCTCCAAGAGTGGGAAGAAATTAAAGCAAGATAGGCTATTAAGTGC
```

XmnI (4293)

```
4241 AGAGGGAGAGAAAATGCCTCCAACATGTGAGGAAGTAATGAGAGAAATCATAGAATTTCTTCCGCTTCCTCGCTCACTGA

4321 CTCGCTGCGCTCGGTCGTTCGGCTGCGGCGAGCGGTATCAGCTCACTCAAAGGCGGTAATACGGTTATCCACAGAATCAG

4401 GGGATAACGCAGGAAAGAACATGTGAGCAAAAGGCCAGGAACCGTAAAAAGGCCGCGTTGCTGGCGTTT

4481 TTCCATAGGCTCCGCCCCCCTGACGAGCATCACAAAAATCGACGCTCAAGTCAGAGGTGGCGAAACCCGACAGGACTATA

4561 AAGATACCAGGCGTTTCCCCCTGGAAGCTCCCTCGTGCGCTCTCCTGTTCCGACCCTGCCGCTTACCGGATACCTGTCCG

4641 CCTTTCTCCCTTCGGGAAGCGTGGCGCTTTCTCAATGCTCACGCTGTAGGTATCTCAGTTCGGTGTAGGTCGTTCGCTCC

4721 AAGCTGGGCTGTGTGCACGAACCCCCCGTTCAGCCCGACCGCTGCGCCTTATCCGGTAACTATCGTCTTGAGTCCAACCC

4801 GGTAAGACACGACTTATCGCCACTGGCAGCAGCCACTGGTAACAGGATTAGCAGAGCGAGGTATGTAGGCGGTGCTACAG

4881 AGTTCTTGAAGTGGTGGCCTAACTACGGCTACACTAGAAGGACAGTATTTGGTATCTGCGCTCTGCTGAAGCCAGTTACC

4961 TTCGGAAAAAGAGTTGGTAGCTCTTGATCCGGCAAACAAACCACCGCTGGTAGCGGTGGTTTTTTTGTTTGCAAGCAGCA

5041 GATTACGCGCAGAAAAAAAGGATCTCAAGAAGATCCTTTGATCTTTTCTACGGGGTCTGACGCTCAGTGGAACGAAAACT

5121 CACGTTAAGGGATTTTGGTCATGAGATTATCAAAAAGGATCTTCACCTAGATCCTTTTAAATTAAAAATGAAGTTTTAAA

5201 TCAATCTAAAGTATATATGAGTAAACTTGGTCTGACAGTTACCAATGCTTAATCAGTGAGGCACCTATCTCAGCGATCTG

5281 TCTATTTCGTTCATCCATAGTTGCCTGACTCCCCGGGGGGGGGGGGGCGCTGAGGTCTGCCTCGTGAAGAAGGTGTTGCTGAC
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StuI (5368)

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5361 TCATACCAGGCCTGAATCGCCCCATCATCCAGCCAGAAAGTGAGGGAGCCACGGTTGATGAGAGCTTTGTTGTAGGTGGA

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5521 CAGCAAAAGTTCGATTTATTCAACAAAGCCGCCGTCCCGTCAAGTCAGCGTAATGCTCTGCCAGTGTTACAACCAATTAA

5601 CCAATTCTGATTAGAAAAACTCATCGAGCATCAAATGAAACTGCAATTTATTCATATCAGGATTATCAATACCATATTTT
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           248◀lnPheLeuArgLysGlnLeuSerProSerPheGluGlyLeuCysAsnTrpLeuIleAlaLeuAspGlnTyrArgAspAla
5761 GATTCCGACTCGTCCAACATCAATACAACCTATTAATTTCCCCTCGTCAAAAATAAGGTTATCAAGTGAGAAATCACCAT
           222◀IleGlyValAlaArgGlyValAspIleCysGlyIleLeuLysGlyGluAspPheIleLeuAsnAspLeuSerPheAspGlyHi
5841 GAGTGACGACTGAATCCGGTGAGAATGGCAAAAGCTTATGCATTTCTTTCCAGACTTGTTCAACAGGCCAGCCATTACGC
           195◀sThrValValSerAspProSerPheProLeuLeuLysHisMetGluLysTrpValGlnGluValProTrpGlyAsnArgG
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Pvul (5993)
Sgfl (5992)

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5921 TCGTCATCAAAATCACTCGCATCAACCAAACCGTTATTCATTCGTGATTGCGCCTGAGCGAGACGAAATACGCGATCGCT
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BsrFI (6036)   SspI (6067)

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6001 GTTAAAAGGACAATTACAAACAGGAATCGAATGCAACCGGCGCAGGAACACTGCCAGCGCATCAACAATATTTTCACCTG
           142◀AsnPheProCysAsnCysValProIleSerHisLeuArgArgLeuPheValAlaLeuAlaAspValIleAsnGluGlySe
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SmaI (6118)

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6081 AATCAGGATATTCTTCTAATACCTGGAATGCTGTTTTCCCGGGGATCGCAGTGGTGAGTAACCATGCATCATCAGGAGTA
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6161 CGGATAAAATGCTTGATGGTCGGAAGAGGCATAAATTCCGTCAGCCAGTTTAGTCTGACCATCTCATCTGTAACATCATT
           88◀rgIlePheHisLysIleThrProLeuProMetPheGluThrLeuTrpAsnLeuArgValMetGluAspThrValAspAsn
6241 GGCAACGCTACCTTTGCCATGTTTCAGAAACAACTCTGGCGCATCGGGCTTCCCATACAATCGATAGATTGTCGCACCTG
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Nrul (6335)

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6321 ATTGCCCGACATTATCGCGAGCCCATTTATACCCATATAAATCAGCATCCATGTTGGAATTTAATCGCGGCCTCGAGCAA
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6401 GACGTTTCCCGTTGAATATGGCTCATAACACCCCTTGTATTACTGTTTATGTAAGCAGACAGTTTTATTGTTCATGATGA
           8◀erThrGluArgGlnIleHisSerMet
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DraIII (6523)

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6481 TATATTTTTATCTTGTGCAATGTAACATCAGAGATTTTGAGACACAACGTGGCTTTCCCCCCCCCCCCCCATTATTGAAGCA

6561 TTTATCAGGGTTATTGTCTCATGAGCGGATACATATTTGAATGTATTTAGAAAAATAAACAAATAGGGGTTCCGCGCACA
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45/45

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6641 TTTCCCCGAAAAGTGCCACCTGACGTCTAAGAAACCATTATTATCATGACATTAACCTATAAAAATAGGCGTATCACGAG
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6801 TGTAAGCGGATGCCGGGAGCAGACAAGCCCGTCAGGGCGCGTCAGCGGGTGTTGGCGGGTGTCGGGGCTGGCTTAACTAT
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SEQUENCE LISTING

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<120> MOLECULAR CLONES WITH MUTATED HIV GAG/POL, SIV GAG AND
      SIV ENV GENES

<130> 2026-4287PC2 HIV GAG/POL,SIV GAG & ENV

<140> TO BE ASSIGNED
<141> 2002-05-31

<150> 09/872,733
<151> 2001-06-01

<160> 19

<170> PatentIn Ver. 2.1

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<211> 4338
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Mutated Human
      Immunodeficiency Virus - 1 Gag/Pol gene

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<213> Human immunodeficiency virus type 1

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<211> 2467
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Mutated Human
        Immunodeficiency Virus - 1 Pol gene

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4

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<211> 1533
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<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
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      Simian Immunodeficiency Virus Gag gene

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<210> 5
<211> 1532
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Consensus
      sequence of mutated Simian Immunodeficiency Virus
      Gag gene (SIVgagDX) with wild-type SIV 239 Gag
      gene

<400> 5
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ttagatagat ttggattagc agaaagcctg ttggagaaca agaaggatg tcaaaaaata 180
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cagatyatcm gwgayatyat maacgaggag gctgcagatg ggacttgcag cacccacaac 660
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<210> 6
<211> 8366

<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: DNA sequence
      of the construct pCMVgagpolBNKan containing a CMV
      promoter, a HIV gag/pol gene and a kanamycin
      resistance gene

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9

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<211> 271
<212> PRT
<213> Escherichia coli

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Val Gly Gln Ser Gly Ala Thr Ile Tyr Arg Leu Tyr Gly Lys Pro Asp
        35   40   45

Ala Pro Glu Leu Phe Leu Lys His Gly Lys Gly Ser Val Ala Asn Asp
    50   55   60

Val Thr Asp Glu Met Val Arg Leu Asn Trp Leu Thr Glu Phe Met Pro
65   70   75   80

Leu Pro Thr Ile Lys His Phe Ile Arg Thr Pro Asp Asp Ala Trp Leu
                85   90   95

Leu Thr Thr Ala Ile Pro Gly Lys Thr Ala Phe Gln Val Leu Glu Glu
            100   105   110

Tyr Pro Asp Ser Gly Glu Asn Ile Val Asp Ala Leu Ala Val Phe Leu
        115   120   125

Arg Arg Leu His Ser Ile Pro Val Cys Asn Cys Pro Phe Asn Ser Asp
    130   135   140

Arg Val Phe Arg Leu Ala Gln Ala Gln Ser Arg Met Asn Asn Gly Leu
145   150   155   160

Val Asp Ala Ser Asp Phe Asp Asp Glu Arg Asn Gly Trp Pro Val Glu
                165   170   175

Gln Val Trp Lys Glu Met His Lys Leu Leu Pro Phe Ser Pro Asp Ser

10

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            180                 185                      190

Val Val Thr His Gly Asp Phe Ser Leu Asp Asn Leu Ile Phe Asp Glu
        195                 200                 205

Gly Lys Leu Ile Gly Cys Ile Asp Val Gly Arg Val Gly Ile Ala Asp
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Arg Tyr Gln Asp Leu Ala Ile Leu Trp Asn Cys Leu Gly Glu Phe Ser
225                 230                 235                 240

Pro Ser Leu Gln Lys Arg Leu Phe Gln Lys Tyr Gly Ile Asp Asn Pro
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<211> 8937
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
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      of transfer construc pmBCwCNluci

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16

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17

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<211> 122
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: DNA sequence
      of the BSSHII to ClaI fragment in transfer
      construct pmBCwCNluci and pmBCmCNluci

<400> 10
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gaggctagaa ggagagagct cggtgcgaga gcgtcagtat taagcggggg agaattagat 120
cg   122

<210> 11
<211> 122
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: DNA sequence
      of the BSSHII to ClaI fragment in transfer
      construct 3

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gaggctagaa ggagagagat gggtgcgaga gcgtcagtat taagcggggg agaattagat 120
cg   122

<210> 12
<211> 122
<212> DNA
<213> Human immunodeficiency virus type 1

<400> 12
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cg   122

<210> 13

18

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<211> 122
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:  Plurality
      Consensus sequence of DNA sequence of the BSSHII
      to CLaI fragment in HIV-1 and transfer constructs

<400> 13
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gaggctagaa ggagagagat gggtgcgaga gcgtcggtat taagcggggg agaattagat 120
aa                                                                 122


<210> 14
<211> 122
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:  DNA sequence
      of construct CMVkan/R-R-SIVgp160 CTE

<400> 14
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gaggctagaa ggagagagat gggtgcgaga gcgtcagtat taagcggggg agaattagat 120
cg                                                                 122


<210> 15
<211> 6978
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:  DNA sequence
      of construct CMVkan/R-R-SIVgp160 CTE

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ggtcattagt tcatagccca tatatggagt tccgcgttac ataacttacg gtaaatggcc 180
cgcctggctg accgcccaac gacccccgcc cattgacgtc aataatgacg tatgttccca 240
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cccacttggc agtacatcaa gtgtatcata tgccaagtac gccccctatt gacgtcaatg 360
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ggcagtacat ctacgtatta gtcatcgcta ttaccatggt gatgcggttt tggcagtaca 480
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21

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<210> 16
<211> 879
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SIV gp160env
      IN PLASMID CMVkan/R-R-SIVgp160 CTE

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Val Tyr Gly Ile Tyr Cys Thr Leu Tyr Val Thr Val Phe Tyr Gly Val
            20                  25                  30

Pro Ala Trp Arg Asn Ala Thr Ile Pro Leu Phe Cys Ala Thr Lys Asn
        35                  40                  45

Arg Asp Thr Trp Gly Thr Thr Gln Cys Leu Pro Asp Asn Gly Asp Tyr
    50                  55                  60

Ser Glu Val Ala Leu Asn Val Thr Glu Ser Phe Asp Ala Trp Asn Asn
65                  70                  75                  80

Thr Val Thr Glu Gln Ala Ile Glu Asp Val Trp Gln Leu Phe Glu Thr
                85                  90                  95

Ser Ile Lys Pro Cys Val Lys Leu Ser Pro Leu Cys Ile Thr Met Arg
            100                 105                 110

Cys Asn Lys Ser Glu Thr Asp Arg Trp Gly Leu Thr Lys Ser Ile Thr
        115                 120                 125
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22

Thr Thr Ala Ser Thr Thr Ser Thr Thr Ala Ser Ala Lys Val Asp Met
    130   135   140

Val Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Cys Ile Ala Gln Asp Asn Cys Thr Gly Leu
145   150   155   160

Glu Gln Glu Gln Met Ile Ser Cys Lys Phe Asn Met Thr Gly Leu Lys
            165   170   175

Arg Asp Lys Lys Lys Glu Tyr Asn Glu Thr Trp Tyr Ser Ala Asp Leu
        180   185   190

Val Cys Glu Gln Gly Asn Asn Thr Gly Asn Glu Ser Arg Cys Tyr Met
        195   200   205

Asn His Cys Asn Thr Ser Val Ile Gln Glu Ser Cys Asp Lys His Tyr
    210   215   220

Trp Asp Ala Ile Arg Phe Arg Tyr Cys Ala Pro Pro Gly Tyr Ala Leu
225   230   235   240

Leu Arg Cys Asn Asp Thr Asn Tyr Ser Gly Phe Met Pro Lys Cys Ser
        245   250   255

Lys Val Val Val Ser Ser Cys Thr Arg Met Met Glu Thr Gln Thr Ser
        260   265   270

Thr Trp Phe Gly Phe Asn Gly Thr Arg Ala Glu Asn Arg Thr Tyr Ile
        275   280   285

Tyr Trp His Gly Arg Asp Asn Arg Thr Ile Ile Ser Leu Asn Lys Tyr
        290   295   300

Tyr Asn Leu Thr Met Lys Cys Arg Arg Pro Gly Asn Lys Thr Val Leu
305   310   315   320

Pro Val Thr Ile Met Ser Gly Leu Val Phe His Ser Gln Pro Ile Asn
            325   330   335

Asp Arg Pro Lys Gln Ala Trp Cys Trp Phe Gly Gly Lys Trp Lys Asp
        340   345   350

Ala Ile Lys Glu Val Lys Gln Thr Ile Val Lys His Pro Arg Tyr Thr
        355   360   365

Gly Thr Asn Asn Thr Asp Lys Ile Asn Leu Thr Ala Pro Gly Gly Gly
    370   375   380

23

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Asp Pro Glu Val Thr Phe Met Trp Thr Asn Cys Arg Gly Glu Phe Leu
385             390             395                     400

Tyr Cys Lys Met Asn Trp Phe Leu Asn Trp Val Glu Asp Arg Asn Thr
                405             410                 415

Ala Asn Gln Lys Pro Lys Glu Gln His Lys Arg Asn Tyr Val Pro Cys
            420             425                 430

His Ile Arg Gln Ile Ile Asn Thr Trp His Lys Val Gly Lys Asn Val
            435             440                 445

Tyr Leu Pro Pro Arg Glu Gly Asp Leu Thr Cys Asn Ser Thr Val Thr
        450             455                 460

Ser Leu Ile Ala Asn Ile Asp Trp Ile Asp Gly Asn Gln Thr Asn Ile
465             470             475                     480

Thr Met Ser Ala Glu Val Ala Glu Leu Tyr Arg Leu Glu Leu Gly Asp
            485             490                 495

Tyr Lys Leu Val Glu Ile Thr Pro Ile Gly Leu Ala Pro Thr Asp Val
            500             505                 510

Lys Arg Tyr Thr Thr Gly Gly Thr Ser Arg Asn Lys Arg Gly Val Phe
        515             520                 525

Val Leu Gly Phe Leu Gly Phe Leu Ala Thr Ala Gly Ser Ala Met Gly
    530             535                 540

Ala Ala Ser Leu Thr Leu Thr Ala Gln Ser Arg Thr Leu Leu Ala Gly
545             550             555                     560

Ile Val Gln Gln Gln Gln Gln Leu Leu Asp Val Val Lys Arg Gln Gln
            565             570                 575

Glu Leu Leu Arg Leu Thr Val Trp Gly Thr Lys Asn Leu Gln Thr Arg
            580             585                 590

Val Thr Ala Ile Glu Lys Tyr Leu Lys Asp Gln Ala Gln Leu Asn Ala
        595             600                 605

Trp Gly Cys Ala Phe Arg Gln Val Cys His Thr Thr Val Pro Trp Pro
        610             615                 620

Asn Ala Ser Leu Thr Pro Lys Trp Asn Asn Glu Thr Trp Gln Glu Trp
625             630             635                     640
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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC(7) :C12N15/00, 63; A61K 48/00
US CL :435/325, 320.1; 514/44

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

U.S. : 435/325, 320.1; 514/44

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched
NONE

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)

APS, CAS ONLINE, MEDLINE

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
Y	WO 98/46083 A1 (THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA) 22 OCTOBER 1998, page 8 through page 9.	1-39NO
Y	WO 93/20212 A1 (THE GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA AS REPRESENTED BY THE SECRETARY, DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES) 14 OCTOBER 1993, entire disclosure, specially abstract.	1-39
Y	NGO et al. Comutational Complexity, Protein Structure Prediction, and the Levinthal Paradox. THE PROTEIN FOLDING PROBLEM AND TERTIARY STRUCTURE PREDICTION. K. Merz, Jr. and S. Le Grand, Editors. 1994, pages 491-495, especially pages 492 and 495.	1-39

X	Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C.		See patent family annex.

*	Special categories of cited documents:	"T"	later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention
"A"	document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance		
"E"	earlier document published on or after the international filing date	"X"	document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone
"L"	document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)	"Y"	document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art
"O"	document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means		
"P"	document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed	"&"	document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search	Date of mailing of the international search report
02 AUGUST 2002	09 SEP 2002
Name and mailing address of the ISA/US Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Box PCT Washington, D.C. 20231	Authorized officer DAVE NGUYEN
Facsimile No. (703) 305-3230	Telephone No. (703) 308-9106

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C (Continuation). DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	VERMA et al. Gene Therapy - promises, problems and prospects. Nature. 18 September 1997. Vol. 389, pages 239-242, particularly page 239-241.	1-39
A	ANDERSON. Human Gene Therapy. Nature. 30 April 1998. Vol. 392, Supp, pages 25-30, especially pages 25-26, and 30.	1-39